

The principal activities of the KLR Group are divided into two main areas:

Plantation operations and milling operations. Years of experience and expertise of the Board and the management have propelled the KLR Group to mature and excel in both activities.

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2013/2014

Telupid Mill was awarded by MPOB for achieving the highest OER (External FFB Source) in Malaysia

2010

Kim Loong Resources Berhad received the shareholder value award (Agriculture & Fisheries sector) from KPMG.

Commissioned the second palmpressed fibre oil extraction plant.

The Group expanded into Sarawak by acquiring Tetangga Akrab Pelita (Pantu) Sdn Bhd (currently known as Winsome Pelita (Pantu) Sdn Bhd), a joint venture company with Pelita Holdings Sdn Bhd to develop Native Customary Rights Land ("NCR Land") with estimated plantable area of 6,300 Ha in Sri Aman Division.

2008

Commissioned the 3rd palm oil mill at Telupid, Sabah.

Commissioned our first CDM project at Kota Tinggi in August 2008.

Kim Loong Resources Berhad received an award from Malaysia Cocoa Board under cocoa estate category.

2006

The Group undertook a biogas plant in our Kota Tinggi mill as a Clean Development Mechanism ("CDM") project under the Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change ("UNFCCC").

2005

Keningau Mill was awarded by MPOB for achieving OER exceeding 25%.

2007

Keningau Mill was awarded by MPOB as the highest OER mill in Malaysia in year 2007.

The Group undertook another CDM project in our Keningau mill.

2004

The Group entered into a Development cum Joint Venture with Al-Yatama Berhad to develop 2,702 acres of land in Kota Tinggi, Johor.

Capacity of our Keningau Mill was successfully expanded to 45 MT of FFB per hour.













Kim Loong Resources Berhad expanded its downstream diversification by entering into a Supply and Installation Contract and a Joint Venture Agreement in 2004 to undertake projects to extract CPO from wet palm fibre and extract tocotrienol concentrates from CPO under Kim Loong Technologies Sdn. Bhd. and Palm Nutraceuticals Sdn. Bhd. respectively.





2002

Construction of the Keningau Mill which commenced operations in February 2003.

Kota Tinggi Mill won the most innovative mill award by MPOB.

1998

Incorporation of KLC by SKL to enter into a JV with Desa Cattle (S) Sdn. Bhd. to develop 17,731 acres of land into oil palm plantation and to erect new palm oil mill in Sook, Keningau, Sabah.

1981

Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad ("SKL"), holding company of Kim Loong Resources Berhad expanded into Sabah by acquiring 1,000 acres of land in Sandakan, Sabah.

2000

Kim Loong Resources Berhad was listed on the Main Board of the Kuala Lumpur Stock Exchange (now known as Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad).

1999

As part of the listing restructuring exercise, KLPO group (milling operations at Kota Tinggi, Johor) and Kim Loong Corporation Sdn. Bhd. ("KLC") (the plantation and milling operations at Sook, Keningau, Sabah) were transferred to Kim Loong Resources Berhad.

1997

Incorporation of Desa Kim Loong Plantations Sdn. Bhd. (currently known as Kim Loong – KPD Plantations Sdn. Bhd. to enter into a JV with Korporasi Pembangunan Desa to develop 4,000 acres of land in Telupid, Sandakan, Sabah, into an oil palm plantation.

Restructuring exercise to transfer all Sabah plantation operations to Kim Loong Resources Berhad.

1977

Incorporation of Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd. (currently a subsidiary of Kim Loong Resources Berhad) by SKL to undertake the milling operation and relocation of palm oil mill to Kota Tinggi, Johor under Kim Loong Palm Oil Mills Sdn. Bhd. which commenced operations in 1996.

1967

SKL commenced business with 1,000- acre rubber plantation at Ulu Tiram, Johor. (The first planting of oil palm started in 1968).

4 NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Fortieth Annual General Meeting of Kim Loong Resources Berhad will be held at the Junior Ballroom 1, DoubleTree by Hilton Hotel, Nos. 01-02, Menara Landmark, 12 Jalan Ngee Heng, 80000 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim on Monday, 27 July 2015 at 11.00 a.m. for the following purposes:-

AGENDA

- 1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 January 2015 together with the Auditors' Report thereon. (Resolution 1)
- 2. To declare a final single tier dividend of 6 sen per share in respect of the financial year ended 31 January 2015. (Resolution 2)
- 3. To approve the payment of Directors' fees totalling RM204,000 for the financial year ended 31 January 2015. (Resolution 3)
- 4. To re-elect the following Directors retiring in accordance with Article 77 of the Articles of Association of the Company:-
 - (a) Mr. Gooi Seong Chneh
 (b) Mr. Cheang Kwan Chow
 (Resolution 5)
- 5. To re-appoint M/s. Ernst & Young as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration. (Resolution 6)
- 6. As Special Business, to consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions:-

ORDINARY RESOLUTION I - AUTHORITY TO ISSUE SHARES

"THAT subject always to the Companies Act, 1965, the Articles of Association of the Company and the approval of the relevant governmental/regulatory bodies, the Directors be and are hereby authorised pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965, to allot and issue shares in the Company at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as they may deem fit and that the Directors be and are hereby empowered to obtain the approval for the listing of and quotation for the additional shares so issued on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad provided always that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed 10% of the total issued capital (excluding treasury shares) of the Company for the time being and that such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company."

(Resolution 7)

ORDINARY RESOLUTION II - PROPOSED RENEWAL OF AUTHORITY FOR SHARE BUY-BACK

"THAT subject to compliance with all applicable rules, regulations and orders made pursuant to the Companies Act, 1965 ("the Act"), the provisions of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association and the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") and any other relevant authority, approval be and is hereby given to renew the authority for the Company to purchase its own shares through Bursa Securities, subject to the following:-

- (a) the maximum number of shares which may be purchased by the Company (which includes the shares already purchased and held as treasury shares) shall be 31,180,356 representing 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company as at 22 May 2015;
- (b) the maximum fund to be allocated by the Company for the purpose of purchasing the shares shall not exceed the combined total of the audited retained profits and/or the share premium reserves of the Company as at 31 January 2015 of RM34,114,804 and RM5,505,048 respectively;
- (c) the authority conferred by this Ordinary Resolution will be effective immediately upon the passing of this Ordinary Resolution and will expire at the conclusion of the next annual general meeting or the expiry of the period within which the next annual general meeting is required by law to be held, whichever occurs first (unless earlier revoked or varied by ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting) but not so as to prejudice the completion of purchase(s) by the Company or any person before the aforesaid expiry date and in any event, in accordance with the provisions of the requirements issued by Bursa Securities or any other relevant authorities;

- (d) upon completion of the purchase by the Company of its own shares, the shares shall be dealt with in the following manner:-
 - (i) to cancel the shares so purchased; or
 - (ii) to retain the shares so purchased in treasury for distribution as dividend to the shareholders of the Company and/or resell through Bursa Securities and/or subsequently cancel the treasury shares; or
 - (iii) to retain part of the shares so purchased as treasury shares and cancel the remainder;

and in any other manner as prescribed by the Act, rules, regulations and orders made pursuant to the Act and the requirements of Bursa Securities and any other relevant authority for the time being in force;

AND THAT the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to take all steps as are necessary or expedient to implement or to effect the purchase(s) of the shares with full powers to assent to any conditions, modifications, revaluations, variations and/or amendments as may be imposed by the relevant authorities from time to time and to do all such acts and things as the Directors may deem fit and expedient in the best interest of the Company."

(Resolution 8)

ORDINARY RESOLUTION III - RETENTION OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

"THAT Mr. Gan Kim Guan, who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than 9 years, be retained as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in accordance with the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012."

(Resolution 9)

ORDINARY RESOLUTION IV - PROPOSED SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE FOR RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE

"THAT subject always to the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, approval be and is hereby given for the Proposed Shareholders' Mandate for the Company and/or its subsidiaries to enter into and give effect to the category of the recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature with the related parties, as specified in Section 2.3 of the Circular to Shareholders dated 29 June 2015 provided that such transactions are made on an arm's length basis and on normal commercial terms and subject further to the following:-

- (a) the transactions are in the ordinary course of business and are on terms not more favourable to the related parties than those generally available to the public and not to the detriment of the minority shareholders; and
- (b) disclosure is made in the Annual Report of the breakdown of the aggregate value of transactions conducted pursuant to the shareholders' mandate during the financial year based on the following information:-
 - (i) the type of the recurrent transactions made; and
 - (ii) the names of the related parties involved in each type of the recurrent transactions made and their relationship with the Company,

and such authority shall commence upon the passing of this Ordinary Resolution and shall continue to be in force until:-

- (a) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company following the general meeting at which such mandate was passed, at which time it will lapse, unless by a resolution passed at the meeting, the authority is renewed;
- (b) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting after the date it is required to be held pursuant to Section 143(1) of the Companies Act, 1965 (but shall not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to Section 143(2) of the said Act); or

6 NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

(c) revoked or varied by resolution passed by the shareholders in a general meeting;

whichever is the earlier;

AND THAT the Directors and/or any of them be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing such documents as may be required) to give effect to the transactions contemplated and/or authorised by this Ordinary Resolution."

(Resolution 10)

7. To consider any other business for which due notice shall have been given.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND PAYMENT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that subject to the approval of the shareholders at the Fortieth Annual General Meeting, the final single tier dividend of 6 sen per share in respect of the financial year ended 31 January 2015 will be paid on 28 August 2015 to depositors registered in the Record of Depositors on 12 August 2015.

A depositor shall qualify for entitlement only in respect of:-

- (a) shares transferred into the Depositor's Securities Account before 4.00 p.m. on 12 August 2015 in respect of ordinary transfers; and
- (b) shares bought on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") on a cum entitlement basis according to the Rules of Bursa Securities.

By Order of the Board

CHONG FOOK SIN (MACS 00681) KAN CHEE JING (MAICSA 7019764) CHUA YOKE BEE (MAICSA 7014578) Company Secretaries

Petaling Jaya 29 June 2015

NOTES:

- (1) A member whose name appears in the Record of Depositors as at 20 July 2015 shall be regarded as a member entitled to attend, speak and vote at the meeting.
- (2) Proxy -

A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint any person as his proxy to attend, speak and vote instead of him. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportions of his holdings to be represented by each proxy. To be valid, the Form of Proxy duly completed must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time set for holding the meeting. If the appointor is a corporation, this Form must be executed under its common seal or under the hand of its attorney. Where a member of the Company is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act 1991, it may appoint at least one proxy in respect of each securities account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account. Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.

(3) Resolution 7 -

This resolution, if approved, will give the Directors authority to issue and allot new ordinary shares up to an amount not exceeding 10% of the issued capital (excluding treasury shares) of the Company for such purposes as the Directors consider would be in the best interest of the Company. This authority will commence from the date of this Annual General Meeting and unless revoked or varied by the Company at a general meeting, expire at the next annual general meeting.

The approval is a renewed general mandate and is sought to provide flexibility and to avoid delay and cost in convening a general meeting for such issuance of shares.

As at the date of this Notice, no new shares in the Company were issued pursuant to the authority granted to the Directors at the last annual general meeting held on 25 July 2014 and which will lapse at the conclusion of the Fortieth Annual General Meeting.

Should there be a decision to issue new shares after the authority is sought, the Company will make an announcement of the actual purpose and utilization of proceeds arising from such issuance of shares.

(4) Resolution 8 -

The detailed text on this resolution on the Proposed Renewal of Authority for Share Buy-Back is included in the Statement to Shareholders dated 29 June 2015 which is enclosed together with this Annual Report.

(5) Resolution 9 -

Both the Nominating Committee and the Board have assessed the independence of Mr. Gan Kim Guan, who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than 9 years, and recommended him to be retained as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company based on the following justifications:-

- (a) He has fulfilled the criteria under the definition of an Independent Director as stated in the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, and thus, he would be able to provide independent judgement, objectivity and check and balance to the Board.
- (b) He performs his duties and responsibilities diligently and in the best interest of the Company without being subject to influence of the management.
- (c) He, having been with the Company for more than 9 years, is familiar with the Group's business operations and has devoted sufficient time and attention to his professional obligations and attended the Board and Committee meetings for an informed and balanced decision making.

(6) Resolution 10 -

The detailed text on this resolution on the Proposed Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature is included in the Circular to Shareholders dated 29 June 2015 which is enclosed together with this Annual Report.

8 STATEMENT ACCOMPANYING NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 8.27 (2) OF THE MAIN MARKET LISTING REQUIREMENTS OF BURSA MALAYSIA SECURITIES BERHAD

- [1] The following Directors are standing for re-election pursuant to Article 77 of the Articles of Association of the Company at the Fortieth Annual General Meeting:-
 - (a) Mr. Gooi Seong Chneh
 - (b) Mr. Cheang Kwan Chow

The profiles of the Directors standing for re-election as mentioned in paragraph above at the Fortieth Annual General Meeting are set out on pages 15 and 16 of this Annual Report.

[2] The statement relating to the general mandate for authority to issue shares is set out in the Notes to the Notice of the Fortieth Annual General Meeting on page 7 of this Annual Report.



BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Gooi Seong Lim
Executive Chairman

Gooi Seong Heen Managing Director

Gooi Seong Chneh Executive Director

Gooi Seong Gum Executive Director

Gan Kim Guan Senior Independent Non-Executive Director

Chan Weng Hoong Independent Non-Executive Director

Cheang Kwan Chow Independent Non-Executive Director

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Gan Kim Guan Chairman Chan Weng Hoong Cheang Kwan Chow

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Chong Fook Sin (MACS 00681) Kan Chee Jing (MAICSA 7019764) Chua Yoke Bee (MAICSA 7014578)

REGISTERED OFFICE

Unit 203, 2nd Floor, Block C, Damansara Intan, No. 1, Jalan SS 20/27, 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan. Tel: 03 7118 2688 Fax: 03 7118 2693

REGISTRAR

Tacs Corporate Services Sdn. Bhd. (231621-U)
Unit No. 203, 2nd Floor, Block C, Damansara Intan,
No. 1, Jalan SS20/27,
47400 Petaling Jaya,
Selangor Darul Ehsan.
Tel: 03 7118 2688

Fax: 03 7118 2688

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young (Firm No. AF 0039) Suite 11.2, Level 11, Menara Pelangi, 2, Jalan Kuning, Taman Pelangi, 80400 Jalan Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim.

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

OCBC Bank (Malaysia) Berhad (295400-W) HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad (127776-V) Malayan Banking Berhad (3813-K) Public Bank Berhad (6463-H) AmBank (M) Berhad (8515-D)

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Stock Short Name : KMLOONG Stock Code : 5027



Number of Options

The Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") is the only share scheme in existence during the financial year ended 31 January 2015.

The total number of options granted, exercised and outstanding under the ESOS since its commencement up to 31 January 2015 are set out below:-

Granted	15,347,700
Exercised	(10,136,300)
Cancelled	(2,728,700)
Outstanding	2,482,700

Details of aggregate options granted to and exercised by the Directors of the Company and the options outstanding under the ESOS since its commencement up to 31 January 2015 are set out below:-

Description Number of Options

Crantad	2 /02 000
Granted	2,403,000
Exercised	(1,962,400)
Cancelled	[440,600]
Outstanding	-

Details of options granted to the Directors and senior management under the ESOS during the financial year 2015 and since its commencement up to 31 January 2015 are set out below:-

Directors and Senior Management	2015
Aggregate maximum allocation	50%
Actual granted since commencement of ESOS	42%

No options have been granted to Non-Executive Directors since the commencement of ESOS.

Note:-

Actual granted during the financial year

Description

Further details of the ESOS are set out in Note 24(c) on pages 121 to 123 of the Annual Report.



26%

Gooi Seong Heen Managing Director **Gooi Seong Gum**Executive Director

Gooi Seong Lim Executive Chairman **Gooi Seong Chneh** Executive Director

Gan Kim Guan Senior Independent Non-Executive Director



Cheang Kwan Chow Independent Non-Executive Director Chan Weng Hoong Independent Non-Executive Director **Chong Fook Sin** Company Secretary **Chua Yoke Bee** Company Secretary **Kan Chee Jing** Company Secretary



14 PROFILE OF DIRECTORS



GOOI SEONG LIM

EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN

Gooi Seong Lim, aged 66, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of KLR as an Executive Director on 28 February 1990. He was a Managing Director up to 30 March 2006 before redesignation as the Executive Chairman of KLR. He is also a member of the Remuneration Committee with effect from 27 March 2002. He graduated from the University of Toronto, Canada, with a Bachelor of Applied Science degree in Mechanical Engineering in 1972 and a Master's degree in Mechanical Engineering in 1975. From 1972 to 1975, he was an engineer of Spar Aerospace Ltd, an engineering company based in Toronto, Canada, specialising in the design and computer simulations of Canadian Communication Satellite and subsequently, with Atomic Energy of Canada Ltd based in Toronto, Canada, a quasi-government company specialising in the design of Canadian nuclear reactors. From 1975 until to-date, he has been the Managing Director of Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad ("SKL"), a company which owns a controlling stake in KLR and Crescendo Corporation Berhad ("CCB"), a public company listed on the Main Board of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities"). Since 1977, he has been a director of Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd. ("KLPO") which is involved in palm oil milling. The success of the Group owes much to his extensive involvement in plantation and milling operations. He also sits on the Board of CCB and several other private companies.

Mr Gooi has no personal interest in any business arrangement involving KLR, except that he is deemed interested in the transactions entered into with SKL Group (excluding KLR) which are carried out in the ordinary course of business, by virtue of his directorship and shareholding in SKL. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past 10 years. He attended all the four (4) Board meetings held during the financial year 2015.



GOOI SEONG HEEN

MANAGING DIRECTOR

Gooi Seong Heen, aged 64, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of KLR as an Executive Director on 28 February 1990. He was redesignated as Managing Director on 30 March 2006. He was also a member of the Audit Committee until 8 January 2008. He graduated with a Bachelor of Applied Science degree in Chemical Engineering from the University of Toronto in 1972 and obtained a Master's degree in Business Administration from the University of Western Ontario, Canada in 1976. He served as an engineer with Esso Singapore Pte Ltd from 1973 to 1974. His experience embraces oil palm and rubber estate management, palm oil mill management and property development. From 1972, he has been a Director of SKL, a company which owns a controlling stake in KLR and CCB. Since 1977, he has been a director of KLPO Group which is involved in palm oil milling. He is currently a director of CCB and several other private companies.

Mr Gooi has no personal interest in any business arrangement involving KLR, except that he is deemed interested in the transactions entered into with SKL Group (excluding KLR) which are carried out in the ordinary course of business, by virtue of his directorship and shareholding in SKL. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past 10 years. He attended all the four (4) Board meetings held during the financial year 2015.







GOOI SEONG CHNEH

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Gooi Seong Chneh, aged 60, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of KLR on 28 February 1990. He is currently an Executive Director of KLR. He graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree from the University of Toronto, Canada in 1975 and obtained a Bachelor's degree in Civil Engineering from the University of Ottawa, Canada in 1980. He is a member of the Professional Engineers Association of Alberta, Canada. He was formerly a consultant with Campbell Engineering and Associates, Calgary, Canada for three (3) years from 1981 to 1983. He has extensive experience in construction site management and property development. His experience also includes oil palm and cocoa estate management. From 1976, he has been a Director of SKL, a company which owns a controlling stake in KLR and CCB. He has been responsible for the development and management of oil palm and cocoa estates in Johor, Sabah and Sarawak since 1985. He is also a director of CCB and several other private companies.

Mr Gooi has no personal interest in any business arrangement involving KLR, except that he is deemed interested in the transactions entered into with SKL Group (excluding KLR) which are carried out in the ordinary course of business, by virtue of his directorship and shareholding in SKL. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past 10 years. He attended all the four (4) Board meetings held during the financial year 2015.

GOOI SEONG GUM

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Gooi Seong Gum, aged 59, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of KLR on 28 February 1990. He is currently an Executive Director of KLR. He graduated with a Bachelor's degree in Civil Engineering from the University of Ottawa, Canada in 1980. He was an engineering consultant for Bobrowski & Partners, Calgary, Canada for one (1) year from 1982 to 1983. His experience covers oil palm and rubber estate management, property development and construction site management. From 1980, he has been a Director of SKL, a company which owns a controlling stake in KLR and CCB. Since 1983, he has been a director of KLPO Group which is involved in palm oil milling. He currently sits on the Board of CCB and several other private companies.

Mr Gooi has no personal interest in any business arrangement involving KLR, except that he is deemed interested in the transactions entered into with SKL Group (excluding KLR) which are carried out in the ordinary course of business, by virtue of his directorship and shareholding in SKL. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past 10 years. He attended all the four (4) Board meetings held during the financial year 2015.

GAN KIM GUAN

SENIOR INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Gan Kim Guan, aged 52, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of KLR as an Independent Non-executive Director on 28 March 2001. He is currently the Senior Independent Non-executive Director of KLR. He was appointed as a member of the Audit Committee on 28 March 2001 and currently, he is the Chairman of the Audit Committee. He also sits as a member of both the Nominating and Remuneration Committees with effect from 27 March 2002. He was appointed as the Chairman of the Nominating Committee and Remuneration Committee with effect from 31 December 2012 and 28 March 2013 respectively. He is a Chartered Accountant and has experience in accounting and financing related work. He is also a director of CCB.

Mr Gan is a Chartered Accountant of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. He has no personal interest in any business arrangement involving KLR. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past 10 years. He attended all the four (4) Board meetings held during the financial year 2015.



CHAN WENG HOONG

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Chan Weng Hoong, aged 66, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of KLR as an Independent Non-executive Director on 24 March 2011. He is a member of the Audit Committee of KLR with effect from 24 March 2011. He also sits as a member of both the Nominating and Remuneration Committees with effect from 24 March 2011. He graduated with a Bachelor of Agricultural Science (Hon) from the University of Malaya in 1973. Since graduation, he has worked as an agronomist throughout his career. He retired from Applied Agricultural Resources Sdn. Bhd. (AARSB) in 2004 as Principal Research Officer and Head of Oil palm and Rubber Advisory Divisions and was on job extension as Agronomist/Consultant Agronomist until March 2015 when he fully retired from AARSB. He is well versed in both rubber and oil palm and continues to visit some estates in Malaysia and Indonesia. He has presented or published numerous papers on rubber at national and international conferences.

Mr Chan has no personal interest in any business arrangement involving KLR. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past 10 years. He attended all the four (4) Board meetings held during the financial year 2015.

CHEANG KWAN CHOW

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Cheang Kwan Chow, aged 62, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of KLR as an Independent Non-executive Director on 20 October 2011. He is a member of the Audit Committee of KLR with effect from 20 October 2011. He also sits as a member of both the Nominating and Remuneration Committees with effect from 20 October 2011. He has a Diploma in Marketing from Redditch College, Worcestershire, England and a Postgraduate Diploma in Export Marketing and Diploma in Export from Buckinghamshire College, Buckinghamshire, England. He graduated with a Master of Arts Communications Management from University of South Australia. He joined the Kuok Group of companies in 1980 and had over the years, held various senior management positions in various companies within the Kuok Group. He was appointed as Deputy Managing Director of PGEO Group Sdn. Bhd. and PGEO Marketing Sdn. Bhd in July 2002, the position which he held until December 2007. He also sat on the board of PPB Group Berhad until May 2011. He is currently a Member of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators, London, United Kingdom and sits on the Panel of Arbitrators of the Palm Oil Refiners Association of Malaysia.

Mr Cheang has no personal interest in any business arrangement involving KLR. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past 10 years. He attended all the four (4) Board meetings held during the financial year 2015.

Family Relationships

Gooi Seong Lim, Gooi Seong Heen, Gooi Seong Chneh and Gooi Seong Gum are brothers.

Save for the above, none of the other Directors are related.



100%

Desa Kim Loong Industries Sdn. Bhd.

(504278-K)

Kim Loong Technologies (Sabah) Sdn. Bhd.

100%

Kim Loong Palm Oil Mills Sdn. Bhd.

Winsome Al-Yatama Sdn. Bhd.

Desa Okidville Sdn. Bhd.

(463619-U)

70%

Sungkit Enterprise Sdn. Bhd.

100%

Kim Loong Evergrow Sdn. Bhd.

Kim Loong Biomass Sdn. Bhd.

Kim Loong Sabah Mills Sdn. Bhd.

100%

Kim Loong Power Sdn. Bhd.

100%

Kim Loong Technologies Sdn. Bhd. (667439-M)

Kim Loong - KPD Plantations Sdn. Bhd.

Suhenson Estate Sdn. Bhd.

Tyeco Corporation Sdn. Bhd.

100%

Sepulut Plantations Sdn. Bhd.

100%

Selokan Sdn. Bhd.

100%

Okidville Corporation Sdn. Bhd.

Kim Loong Corporation Sdn. Bhd. [458947-T]

Okidville Jaya Sdn. Bhd. (686109-W)

100%

Winsome Sarawak Plantations Sdn. Bhd.

95%

Okidville Plantations Sdn. Bhd.

(466683-V)

100% Winsome Plantations Sdn. Bhd.

(510158-W)

60%

Winsome Pelita (Pantu) Sdn. Bhd.

100%

Okidville Resources Sdn. Bhd. (formerly known as Lokan

Development Sdn. Bhd.)

[43447-H]

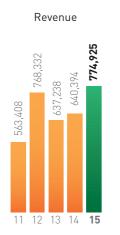
70%

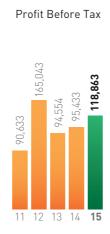
Winsome Jaya Sdn. Bhd. (805446-U)

70%

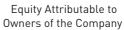
Winsome Pelita (Kranggas) Sdn. Bhd. (1069444-H)

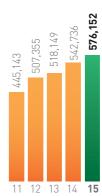
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (RM'000)



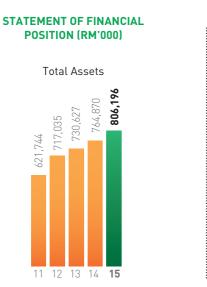


STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (RM'000)





		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE II	NCOME (RM'000)					
Revenue EBITDA		563,408 113.862	768,332 189.713	637,238 124,679	640,394 122,815	774,925 149.031
Profit before tax Profit after tax		90,633 71,610	165,043 124,749	94,554 68,520	95,433 73,359	118,863 89,689
Net profit attributable to owners of the	he Company	58,256	96,573	53,944	61,059	75,279
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITIO	ON (RM'000)					
Paid-up share capital Total shareholders' equity	2	305,287 491,623	306,555 578,535	308,667 595,659	308,958 618,271	311,109 650,021
Equity attributable to owners of the (Total assets	Company	445,143 621,744	507,355 717,035	518,149 730,627	542,736 764,870	576,152 806,196
PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWN	NERS OF THE COMPA	ANY (RM)				
Earnings Net Assets		0.19 1.46	0.32 1.66	0.17 1.68	0.20 1.76	0.24 1.86
Gross Dividend		0.12	0.16	0.12	0.13	0.13
Share Price at Year End Weighted Average Number of Shares	s in Issue ('000)	2.38 304,657	2.50 305,982	2.21 308,188	2.58 308,577	2.76 309,688
FINANCIAL INDICATORS						
Return on Equity Return on Total Assets	(%) (%)	14.57 11.52	21.56 17.40	11.50 9.38	11.87 9.59	13.80 11.12
Gearing Ratio Price-Earnings Ratio	(times) (times)	0.10 12.53	0.07 7.81	0.07 13.00	0.08 12.90	0.08 11.50
Interest Coverage Ratio Gross Dividend Yield	(times) (%)	41.59 5.04	71.24 6.40	47.76 5.43	42.96 5.04	51.63 4.71







STATISTICS

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
PLANTATIONS					
Plantation Area (Ha)					
Oil palm	40.05/	40.57	40.005	40.040	40 504
Mature Immature	13,074 794	12,740 1,203	12,827 1,523	13,012 1,874	13,581 1,320
Unplanted land	628	1,203 596	732	468	461
Onptanted tand	020	370	732	400	401
	14,496	14,539	15,082	15,354	15,362
Cocoa and others	108	99	89	-	-
Total plantable area	14,604	14,638	15,171	15,354	15,362
Infrastructure and unplantable land	592	554	607	574	548
Total land area	15,196	15,192	15,778	15,928	15,910
2 (17)					
Production (MT)	227 225	212.025	200.275	207 100	207 722
Fresh fruit bunches ("FFB")	227,325 17.39	313,035 23.79	280,365 21.84	287,188 22.07	304,732 22.49
Yield per mature hectare	17.37	23.77	21.04	22.07	22.47
MILLS					
Production and Extraction Rate					
Crude palm oil ("CPO") (MT)	165,252	210,784	208,002	225,224	264,983
Oil extraction rate (% of FFB)	21.37	21.81	22.09	22.19	22.39
Palm kernel ("PK") (MT)	40,591	50,356	48,134	52,101	60,245
Kernel extraction rate (% of FFB)	5.25	5.21	5.11	5.13	5.09
Palm kernel oil ("PKO") (MT)	7,759	1,557	5,102	4,461	3,017
Oil extraction rate (% of PK)	44.92	46.12	48.67	48.47	48.50

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Kim Loong Resources Berhad ("KLR"), I am pleased to present to you the Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 January 2015.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

RESULTS

The revenue and profit before tax ("PBT") of the Group were recorded higher at RM774.93 million and RM118.86 million respectively for the financial year 2015 ("FY2015") compared to RM640.39 million and RM95.43 million respectively for the financial year 2014 ("FY2014").

The good performance in revenue and PBT respectively compared to financial year 2014 were contributed by both the plantation and milling operations mainly due to higher FFB production and FFB processed compared to financial year

Correspondingly, we recorded a higher earnings per share of 24.3 sen compared to 19.8 sen in FY2014. As at the end of FY2015, the Group recorded 6% expansion of shareholders' equity to RM576 million and an increase in cash and cash equivalents to RM264 million (2014:RM543 million and RM223 million, respectively).

DIVIDEND

The Board has recommended a final single tier dividend of 6 sen per share sen per share).

REVIEW OF BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

PALM OIL MILLING OPERATIONS

The profit from the palm oil milling operations increased by 29% or RM11.64 million to RM52.26 million as compared to RM40.62 million recorded for the last financial year. The higher profit was due to higher processing quantity and a marginal improvement in Oil Extraction Rate ("OER") of 0.2% as compared to 22.19% achieved in the last financial year.

Total CPO production for the year under review was 264,983 MT, which was 18% higher than 225.224 MT recorded in the last financial year. The market condition and demand for the Group's milling products has been good and steady for the financial year. The sale of CPO, the main product, also increased by 18% to 271,005 MT compared to 230,573 MT in the last financial year.

PLANTATION OPERATIONS

The profit from the plantation operations increased by 15% or RM8.33 million to RM63.15 million as compared to RM54.82 million recorded for the last financial year. The good performance in profit was mainly due to higher FFB production and better compared to the last financial year.



The Management will continue its efforts to actively explore rational

initiatives towards cushioning the

and productivity throughout our

rising costs by increasing efficiency

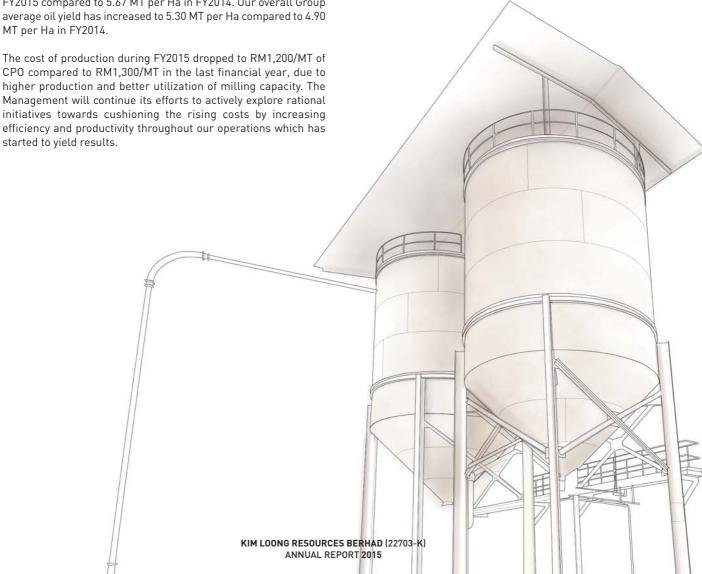
OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

As at 31 January 2015, the Group's total plantation land holdings stood at 15,934 Ha of which 93% are fully planted with palms. From the total planted area, approximately 79% are mature above 6 years old, 10% are young mature below 6 years old while the remaining 11% are at immature stage. The plantations are located in the states of Johor, Sabah and Sarawak.

The Group owns and operates three (3) palm oil mills which are strategically located within our plantations in Kota Tinggi, Johor and in Keningau and Telupid, Sabah. The palm oil mills have a total FFB processing capacity of 1.5 million MT per annum. In FY2015, we achieved a throughput of 1.18 million MT of FFB inclusive of the external crop purchases, an increase of 18% from FY2014. As a result of higher FFB processed, CPO and PK production increased to approximately 265,000 MT and 60,000 MT respectively in FY2015, from 225,000 MT and 52,000 MT in FY2014. The average oil extraction rate ("OER") was marginally higher at 22.39% as compared to 22.19% in FY2014 while kernel extraction rate ("KER") was marginally lower at 5.09% from 5.13% in FY2014.

operations which has started to yield results.

In relation to the increase in FFB production, our average oil yield per Ha for Sabah estates has increased to 5.85 MT per Ha in FY2015 compared to 5.67 MT per Ha in FY2014. Our overall Group



DEVELOPMENT AND PROSPECTS

The Group has on 21 November 2013 entered into a 30% joint venture arrangement with Pelita Holdings Sdn Bhd for the purpose of developing approximately 1,700-hectare of State land at Kranggas, Pantu, Sri Aman Division, Sarawak into an oil palm plantation. We expect to commence planting in this area in the second half of FY2016.

In respect of the ongoing litigation and claims against a subsidiary, Winsome Pelita (Pantu) Sdn. Bhd., the Group has filed in January 2015 a Notice of Motion for Leave to Appeal to the Federal Court against the Court of Appeal Decision and has also filed to the Court of Appeal, a Notice of Motion for an extension of Court of Appeal Order to stay the High Court Judgment. The Directors of the Group have sought opinion from the independent

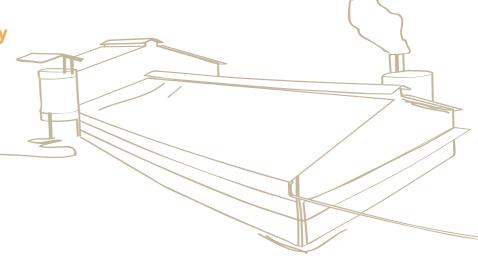
solicitors and they are of the view that the Group has a fair prospect of succeeding in this Appeal. Nevertheless, the Group has assessed its estimated loss to be the areas claimed and provided for an impairment loss of property, plant and equipment and biological assets of RM2,710,000. The Group has also provided legal expenses of RM500,000 in relation to the litigation.

In January 2014, the Group has successfully implemented and commissioned a plant capable of extracting dried long fibre from empty fruit bunch ("EFB") which is normally considered as waste product from palm oil milling. This dried long fibre plant is expected to contribute positively from the financial year 2016 onwards.





The Group expects the FFB production by the plantation operations and FFB intake by the milling operation to be marginally higher in FY2016 compared to FY2015.







The first biogas engine system in Kota Tinggi mill has commenced operations in November 2013 and our gas engine system in Keningau and Telupid mills are expected to commence operations in the third quarter of financial year 2016. We have also submitted our application for sale of electricity generated from biogas engine systems to relevant authorities.

The Group expects the FFB production by the plantation operations and FFB intake by the milling operation to be marginally higher in FY2016 compared to FY2015.

Based on the above factors, the Board expects the Group to perform better if the CPO and PKO prices remain stable in the financial year ending 31 January 2016.

APPRECIATION

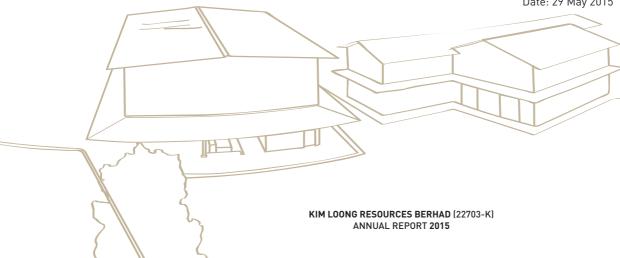
I would like to take this opportunity to express my appreciation to the management and staff for their loyal and dedicated services to the Group, and to various government authorities and agencies, bankers, valued customers, suppliers and business associates for their co-operation and continued support.

Finally, I wish to thank my fellow Board members for their support and the shareholders for their confidence in the Board and Management of the Group.

Gooi Seong Lim

Executive Chairman Johor Bahru, Johor

Date: 29 May 2015



The Group's corporate social responsibilities (CSR) supports the sustainability of the four components which are marketplace, the community, the workplace and the environment. The Group aims to continue to contribute positively to the sustainable development of the economy and the community where the Group operates. The Group believes in the importance of maintaining the highest standards of quality in company products and employee conducts whilst safeguarding environmental and social values.

The Group places importance on its CSR and remains committed to care for the environment and employees, fostering strong relationships with business associates and supporting worthy community welfare causes as an integrated part of its business responsibilities and are mindful that we create value for all our stakeholders and enhancing the long-term sustainability of the Group.

MARKETPLACE

The Group is committed to provide quality products and services in meeting the available standards and the expectation of the market and to our customers through our available resources. It also aims for continuous improvement towards building long term relationships with all its stakeholders.

We are committed to be in compliance with all laws and regulations and concurrently meet the standard for the market we operate. The Group believes in creating a good reputation to command the confidence of our customers, business associates, and other stakeholder and we value integrity to safeguard investor's interest as well as the customers.

The establishment of palm oil mills at Kota Tinggi in Johor, Sook/Keningau and Telupid in Sabah by our Group has contributed to economic activities in their respective surrounding areas. More locals are earning higher income by cultivating oil palm which is more profitable and easier to manage than other crops.

Our mills are now accepting FFB from more than 50 collection centres/dealers, 292 smallholders and 68 Estates.

In order to enhance efficiency in the management of agricultural practices, the Group uses Geospatial Information System for precision mapping to optimise productivity and minimise environmental impact and agricultural risk.

Stakeholders Engagement

The Group considers its business associates, investors and analysts, customers, trading partners and communities as its primary stakeholders and understands their concerns and is able to be transparent with them about the Group's efforts and progress.

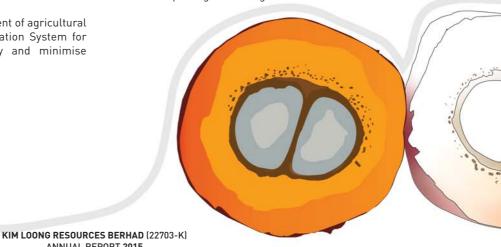
Our website provides access to the information on the Group's financials and operations as well as the direction of the Group. It also allows an email link for stakeholders to provide feedback or enquiries in order for the Group to satisfy our stakeholders' needs as well as to improve on our products and services, if needed. Any updated investor relations information will then be made available in the corporate website.

COMMUNITY

ANNUAL REPORT 2015

The Board of Directors strongly believes that in playing its role as a socially responsible corporate citizen, the Group creates business sustainability and enhances value for all its stakeholders.

The Group has over the years placed great emphasis on enhancing living conditions of the communities where we operate. This is evidenced by the Group's contributions in areas of education, infrastructure, cultural and social development initiatives. It is the Group's practice to create and offer priority in job opportunities to local villagers, either by way of direct employment, internship or through the award of contract works. This approach has proven effective in improving their living standards.



The Group is involved in the development of land belonging to an orphanage into an oil palm estate under a joint venture agreement, providing good long term income and development fund to the Al-Yatama Berhad an organisation involved in charity work (running an orphanage).

The Group has undertaken the development of oil palm plantations on Native Customary Rights ("NCR") land in Sarawak. The aim of this project is to bring social and economic benefits to landowners who are from the indigenous community of Malaysia. The Group now manages 2,852 ha as at 31 January 2015 under this NCR project. A total of 2,359 ha has been planted. The Group's involvement in developing NCR land has enable to provide sustainable income for 700 local land owners, a major effort contributing to poverty alleviation in the rural areas.

During the year, the Group has assisted trainees from various universities, institutes of higher learning and training centres to undergo their practical training. Suitable candidates have been identified for employment after they have completed their training.

The Group also made several contributions and donations amounting to approximately RM50,000 to worthy causes and organisations including governmental and non-governmental organisations to support their sports, cultural and welfare activities. Donations were also made to schools for their building funds, sports day and Persatuan Ibu Bapa & Guru in Johor, Sabah and Sarawak.



WORK PLACE

The Group has a total workforce of 2,267 as at 31 January 2015. The workforce consists of 30% Malaysian.

The Group continues to place high emphasis on developing its human capital, the organisation's most valuable asset as it is a significant resource in the labour intensive agriculture sector. All the more so as the sector has over the recent years been experiencing severe labour shortages.

In view of this, the Group has invested substantial sum for employees housing, provision of free/subsidised electricity and free water supplies to the employees in the estates and mills with the objective of providing the residents with better living conditions. Free transportation is provided for school going children to the nearest schools. We also provide recreational facilities for the residents e.g., football field, volleyball and sepak takraw courts.

The Group also encourages their employees to cultivate their own vegetables for food production in designated areas within the estate/mill to enhance food sufficiency by providing seeds and young plants. Fruit tree planting within the housing compound. These initiatives are supported through the provision of planting materials, agro-fertiliser and bio-mass inputs. The harvests are then distributed among employees.

'Gotong-royong' and cleaning up activities were conducted to step up the hygiene condition at housing areas of the Group's estates/mills.

In addition, retail prices for essential food items at the grocery shops in the estate are monitored to ensure that those items are reasonably priced.

At the estate/mill level, family day, sports day, annual kenduri and dinners were conducted to foster better relations between the staff and workers and promote healthy lifestyle.

The roads leading to the estates are properly maintained to facilitate the movement of vehicles. Some of our main roads have benefited the neighbouring villagers as they also use these roads to go to the nearest town.



The Group has carried out various activities to improve the workforce knowledge and improve productivity, quality of life and foster a sense of belonging, such as:

- Engaging experts to share knowledge on variety issues that can benefit the employees on a personal and professional level:
- Conducting in-house training for the staff on human capital, safety, accounting, technical issues and management skills. Where specialist training is required, the staff are sent for external trainings;
- Various staff activities including festival celebrations and sporting events through the In-House Sports Club; and
- Subsidised company trips are organised annually to bring the Group's employees and their family together to strengthen the bonds of friendship and instil a sense of belonging among the staff and to promote a caring work culture.

The Group is constantly and continuously building a learning culture in the organization in order that employees at all levels are equipped with the necessary knowledge, skills and exposure, and that not only they could be fully effective in their current jobs, but be prepared for their career progression and future assignments in support of the Group's objectives and business plan. With this in mind, we have established our own Plantation Training Centre in Keningau, Sabah to provide different levels and areas of training to all our plantation staff and workers to boost their productivity and to improve their efficiency and work performance.

The Group provides medical supplies for its medical clinic at the mills and employs Hospital Assistants. In addition to the regular duties the Hospital Assistant carries out regular inspections of the employees housing to ensure that sanitation, health and drainage standards are properly maintained according to the Company's policies.

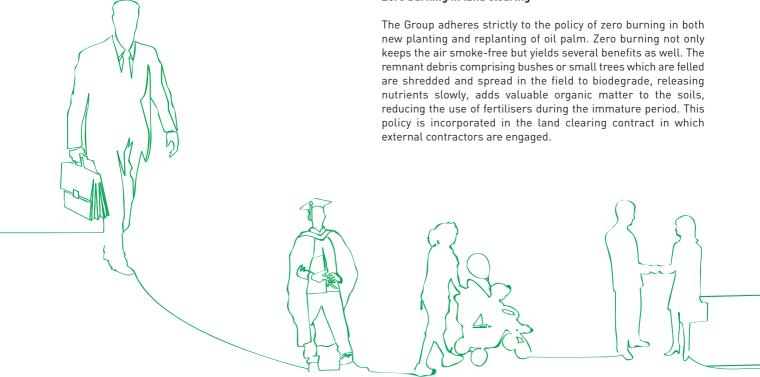
In line with the Use and Standards of Exposure of Chemicals Hazardous to Health (USECHH) Regulations 2000, the Group has appointed a certified assessor to conduct Chemical Health Risk Assessment (CHRA), for all chemicals utilized in the respective plantations and oil mills. This will be reviewed every 5 years by the appointed assessor as stipulated in the Regulations and annual medical health surveillance are conducted on all employees engaged in handling pesticide and other chemicals. In this context, training programmes in the use of personal protective equipment for workers exposed to hazardous compounds are regularly conducted.

Audiometric tests for employees working at high risk areas are also conducted annually.

ENVIRONMENT

The Group considers environmental protection and enhancement to be important factors in the conduct of its operations. Its plantations and processing plants adhere strictly to the local environmental and plantation development regulations as well as to internationally recognised best practices. These include:

Zero burning in land clearing



Water and soil conservation

To minimise soil erosion, the Group plants legumious cover crops in new planting/replant. The fast growing plants provide soil cover to protect the soil and builds up nutrients in the topsoil. In-house produced biocompost and empty fruit bunches are applied in fields especially at marginal soil areas.

Fertilizer and pest management program

The Group's fertilizer program are based on the leaf nutrient levels, yield performance profile of the palm tree and recommendation from Planting Advisor in line with Good Agricultural Practices to improve soil fertility and productivity.

To reduce environmental impact, the Group adopts an integrated pest management approach which emphasises cultural control, biological control, and monitoring and census system. The use of safe and approved pesticides is kept to a minimum.

Treatment is only carried out when the damage exceeds established critical thresholds. Prior to this, the census gangs will be deployed to survey the extent of pest infestation.

Soil enrichment and conservation

The Group routinely carries out mulching with recycled organic materials such as empty fruit bunches, oil palm fronds and palm oil mill waste, which process would replenish organic matter to the soil and improve soil properties accordingly. Other soil conservation initiatives include the planting of leguminous cover crops to reduce soil erosion and improve soil physical properties, terracing and construction of silt pits and bunds, maintenance of soft grasses in palm avenues and prohibiting cultivation or development at slope sites with a gradient of 25 degrees or more for new developments.

Encourage use of renewables

By-products such as palm kernel shell and palm fibre are used as feedstock for co-generation plants to produce steam and electricity.

Efficient water use

This includes incorporating an efficient land application of palm oil mill effluent system, minimising use of water in mills and harvesting fresh water and rainfall.

Waste treatment

All processing plants have waste treatment equipment and system in place. Internal environmental personnel monitors compliance with environmental standards and identify opportunities for continuous improvement.

Reducing greenhouse gas emission

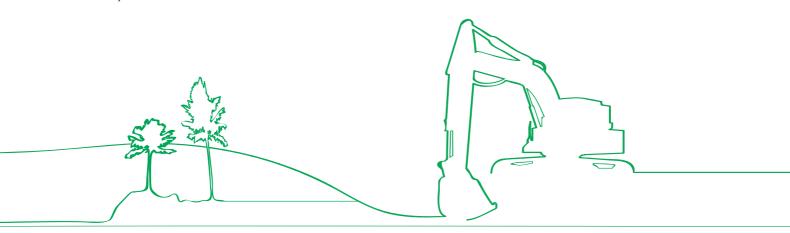
The Group has successfully implemented three methane capture and power generation projects at its three mills which will reduce greenhouse gas emissions as well as supply low cost steam and electricity for milling operations and other downstream activities of the Group. The project implemented in our Kota Tinggi mill was the first project on biogas generated from palm oil mill effluent that is registered with the Clean Development Mechanism ("CDM") Executive Board of United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.

As a result, better utilisation of energy from waste material and biomass will contribute towards reducing the environmental impact and improve sustainability of the palm oil industry.

Recycle paper usage in workplace

The Group encourages its employees to play a part in protecting the environment by promoting recycle paper usage in workplace and to promote recycling habits to shape the mindset to go green and make recycling as an integral part of our everyday life. Electronic reporting via internet and emails from the estates/mills are acceptable forms of reporting.

This Statement has been reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors at a meeting held on 26 March 2015.



28 STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

INTRODUCTION

The Board of Kim Loong Resources Berhad remains resolute in upholding the highest standards of corporate governance are practised throughout the Group as a fundamental part of discharging its responsibilities to the Group in building sustainable business growth in order to safeguard stakeholders' interests as well as enhancing shareholders' value.

The Board is pleased to report on the manner in which the 8 principles and recommendations as set out in the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012 ("the Code") are applied to the affairs of the Group and the extent of compliance pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of Chapter 15 and Practice Note 9 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Listing Requirements").

Principle 1 ESTABLISH CLEAR ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Clear functions reserved for the Board and those delegated to Management

The Board is aware and understand its roles and responsibilities in leading and controlling the Group. In order to deliver both fiduciary and leadership functions, the Board, amongst others, assumes the following key responsibilities as per Recommendation of the Code:

- Setting the objectives, goals and strategic plan for the Group with a view to maximizing shareholder value and promoting sustainability;
- Adopting and monitoring progress of the Group's strategy, budgets, plans and policies;
- Overseeing the conduct of the Group's business to evaluate whether the business is being properly managed;
- To consider and approve reserved matters covering corporate policies, material investment and acquisition / disposal of assets;
- Identifying principal risks and ensure implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks;
- Succession planning, including appointing, training, fixing the compensation of and where appropriate, replacing senior management;
- · Developing and implementing an investor relations programme or shareholder communications policy for the Group; and
- Reviewing the adequacy and the integrity of the Group's internal control systems and management information systems, including
 systems for compliance with applicable laws, regulations, rules, directives and guidelines;

Generally, the Executive Directors are responsible for making and implementing operational and corporate decisions as well as developing, coordinating and implementing business and corporate strategies. Non-Executive Directors play key supporting roles, contributing knowledge and experience towards the formulation of policies and in the decision-making process. They could provide the relevant checks and balances, focusing on shareholders' and other stakeholders' interests and ensuring that high standards of corporate governance are applied. Where a potential conflict of interest may arise, it is mandatory practice for the Director concerned to declare his interest and abstain from the decision-making process.

Roles and responsibilities of the Board

The Directors with their diverse backgrounds and specialisation, collectively bring in a wide range of experience, expertise and competencies to the Board that is important for the continued successful direction of the Group. The knowledge and expertise in various fields of the individual Directors contribute to the enhancement of the effectiveness of the Board. Details of each individual Director's skills and experiences are presented in the Board of Directors' Profile set out on pages 14 to 16 of this Annual Report.

The Board as at the date of this statement, consist of seven (7) members, comprising one (1) Executive Chairman, one (1) Managing Director, two (2) Executive Directors, one (1) Senior Independent Non-Executive Director and two (2) Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The Board complies with Paragraph 15.02 of the Listing Requirements which requires that at least two (2) Directors or one-third (1/3) of the Board of the Company, whichever higher, are Independent Directors.

None of the Board members serve as directors in more than five (5) Boards of listed companies, to ensure they devote sufficient time to carry out their responsibilities.

The composition and size of the Board are reviewed from time to time to ensure its appropriateness. The Board is in the opinion that the current size and composition of members are appropriate to commensurate the complexity of the Group's businesses and conducive for effective conduct of Board decision making.

Board Corporate Governance Manual

The Board has formalised and adopted a Board Corporate Governance Manual ("Board CG Manual) which provides guidance to the Board in fulfilment of its roles, functions duties and responsibilities. The Board will review the Board CG Manual as and when required to ensure relevance and compliance with the regulations. Extracts of the Board CG Manual is now available at the Corporate's website at www.kimloong.com.my.

The Board CG Manual, covers amongst others, the following matters:

- Policies on CSR, Gender Equality and Sustainable
- Board Charter
- Role, Responsibilities and Power of the Board, Individual Directors, Chairman & Managing Director
- Role of Board Committees
- Role of Company Secretary
- Board & General Meetings
- Corporate Disclosure Policy
- Whistle-blowing Policy
- Code of Ethics and Conduct
- Corporate Integrity Policy Anti Fraud Policy
- Risk Management Policy
- Investors Relations Policy

Access to Information and advice

The Executive Chairman and the Managing Director have the primary responsibility for organising information necessary for the Board to deal with the agenda and ensuring all Directors have full and timely access to the information relevant to matters that will be deliberated at Board meetings.

In exercising their duties, all Directors have the same right of access to all information within the Group and they have a duty to make further enquiries which they may require in discharging their duties. The Directors also have access to advice and services of the Company Secretaries, who are available to provide them with appropriate advice and services to ensure that Board meeting procedures are followed and all applicable rules and regulations are complied with. If necessary, the services of other senior management will be arranged to brief and help the Directors to clear any doubt or concern to further facilitate the decision-making process.

All Directors are provided with an agenda and a set of comprehensive Board papers, issued within sufficient time prior to Board meetings to ensure that the Directors can appreciate the issues to be deliberated on, and where necessary, to obtain further explanation. The Board papers include updates on financial, operational and corporate developments of the Group. Board papers are also presented with details on other issues that may require the Board's deliberation or decisions, policies, strategic issues which may affect the Group's businesses and factors imposing potential risks affecting the performance of the Group. Senior management staff and external advisors may be invited to attend Board meetings, to advise and provide the Board with detailed explanations and clarifications whenever necessary on matters that are tabled.

The Board papers prepared for the quarterly scheduled meetings include, among others, the following:

- · Minutes of previous Board meeting
- · Minutes of the Board Committee's meeting
- Reports on matters arising
- Quarterly financial report
- Report on operations

Other matters highlighted for the Board's decision include the approval of corporate plans, acquisitions and disposals of assets that are material to the Group, major investments, changes to management and control structure of the Group, including key policies, procedures and authority limits.

Independent Professional Advice

The Directors, whether acting as a full Board member or in their individual capacity, in the furtherance of their duties, may obtain independent professional advice at the Company's expense, in the event that circumstances warrant the same. The Company has placed internal procedures for the application and appointment process for the services.

30 STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Company Secretaries

The Company Secretaries are entrusted to record the Board's deliberations, in terms of issues discussed, and the conclusions and the minutes of the previous Board meeting is distributed to the Directors prior to the Board meeting for their perusal before confirmation of the minutes at the commencement of the following Board meeting. The Directors may comment or request clarification before the minutes are tabled for confirmation and signed by the Chairman of the meeting as a correct record of the proceedings of the meeting.

All Directors have direct access to the advice and services of the Company Secretaries whether as a full Board or in their individual capacity, in discharging their duties.

The Board is regularly updated by the Company Secretaries on new changes to the legislations and Listing Requirements and the resultant implications to the Company and the Board in discharging their duties and responsibilities.

In delivering the above duties and responsibilities, the Board is supported by suitably qualified and competent Company Secretaries who are members of professional bodies such as the Malaysian Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators (MAICSA) or the Malaysian Association of Company Secretaries (MACS).

The appointment and removal of the Company Secretaries is a matter for the Board as a whole.

Principle 2 STRENGTHEN COMPOSITION

BOARD COMMITTEES

In order to assist in the execution of Board's responsibilities for the Group, certain functions have been delegated by the Board to Board Committees. Clearly defined terms of reference have been given to these Committees to enable them to operate effectively. However, these Committees do not have any executive powers. The Chairman of the respective Committees reports to the Board the outcome of the Committee meetings and such reports are incorporated in the Board papers (except the power of the Audit Committee to report to Bursa Securities in circumstances described in the Audit Committee Report).

The Board periodically reviews the Committees' terms of reference.

a. Audit Committee

The Audit Committee serves as a focal point of communication between Directors, External Auditors, Internal Auditors and the Senior Management on matters pertaining to financial accounting, reporting and controls. The Committee also assists the Board in fulfilling its fiduciary responsibilities as to accounting policies and reporting practices of the Company and all subsidiaries and the sufficiency of auditing of the Group. It is also the Board's principal agent in ensuring independence of the Company's External Auditors and the adequacy of disclosures to shareholders. The Committee has full access to the auditors both internal and external, who in turn, have access at all times to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

In line with good corporate governance practices, none of the Executive Directors are members of the Audit Committee.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee together with the Report of the Audit Committee are disclosed on pages 48 to 51 of this Annual Report. The activities of the Audit Committee during the financial year ended 31 January 2015 are also set out in the Report of the Audit Committee.

b. Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for recommending the remuneration framework and the remuneration packages of the Executive Chairman, Managing Director and Executive Directors to the Board, so as to ensure that rewards are linked to their performance and contributions to the Group's growth and profitability in order to align the interest of the Directors with those of shareholders. The Committee also ensures that the level of remuneration for Executive Directors are linked to their level of responsibilities and contribution to the effective functioning of the Company. None of the Executive Directors participated in any way in determining their individual remuneration.

The Board as a whole determines the remuneration packages of Independent Non-Executive Directors with the Directors concerned abstaining from discussions in respect of their individual remuneration. In deciding on an appropriate level of fees for each Independent Non-Executive Director, the Board has considered the responsibility level and time commitment required in attending both the scheduled and special Board meetings, deliberation time required for Board papers, as well as the number of Board Committees involved.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are set out under the Report of the Remuneration Committee on page 52 of this Annual Report.

c. Nominating Committee

The Nominating Committee is empowered by the Board through clearly defined terms of reference to ensure that there are appropriate procedures in place for the nomination, selection, training and evaluation of Directors. The Nominating Committee assesses the effectiveness of the Board as a whole and each of the Board Committees as well as the contribution of each individual Director, including the Independent Non-Executive Directors, Chairman and the Managing Director on an annual basis. All assessments and evaluations carried out by the Nominating Committee in discharging its duties are documented in the minutes of meetings.

The Board, through the Nominating Committee's annual appraisal process, believes that it possesses the required mix of skills, experience and other qualities including core competencies brought by Independent Non-Executive Directors which enables it to discharge its duties in an effective manner. Furthermore, the Board continuously reviews its size and composition with particular consideration on its impact on the effective functioning of the Board.

The Board appoints its members through a selection process. All new appointees will be considered and evaluated by the Nominating Committee for the candidates' ability to discharge responsibilities as expected from them. The Committee will then recommend the candidates to be approved and appointed by the Board. The Company Secretary will ensure that all appointments are properly made and that legal and regulatory obligations are met.

The Board wishes to highlight that Mr Gan Kim Guan has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director for more than 9 (nine) years. The Board, as recommended by the Nominating Committee, is fully satisfied that he demonstrates complete independence in character and judgement both in his designated role and as Board member and is of the opinion that he continues to bring independent view of the Group's affairs to the Board notwithstanding his length of service. The Board believes that his in-depth knowledge of the Group's businesses and his extensive and expertise continue to provide invaluable contribution to the Board. As such, the Board recommends him to be retained as an Independent Non-Executive Director and would be seeking shareholders' approval for the same at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The terms of reference of the Nominating Committee are set out under the Report of the Nominating Committee on page 53 of this Annual Report.

BOARD DIVERSITY

The Board is aware of the gender diversity policy and target as set out in Recommendation 2.2 of the Code. When appointing a Director, the Nominating Committee and the Board will always evaluate and match the criteria of the candidate to the Board based on experience, skill, competency, knowledge and potential contribution, whilst the Recommendation 2.2 of the Code will also be given due consideration for boardroom diversity

Female representation will be considered when suitable candidates are identified.

DIVERSITY

The Board is committed to provide fair and equal opportunities within the Group and acknowledges the importance of boardroom and workplace diversity as well as the employment of employees who possess the necessary skills and right personal attributes. The Group is committed to workplace diversity and that the workplace is fair, accessible, flexible and free from all kinds of discrimination.

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DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The remuneration policy of the Company is based on the philosophy to enable the Company to attract and retain Directors of calibre and relevant experience and expertise to manage the Group successfully. For an Executive Director, the remuneration will depend on the achievement of goals including targets and personal achievement and is linked to Group and individual performance. In the case of a Non-Executive Director, the level of remuneration reflects the experience, expertise and level of responsibilities undertaken by the particular Non-Executive Director concerned. All Independent Non-Executive Directors are paid director's fees for serving as Directors on the Board and its Committees. The Company also reimburses reasonable expenses incurred by these Directors in the course of their duties. All Directors are paid a meeting allowance for attendance at each Board meeting.

a. The level and make up of Remuneration

The remuneration package of the Executive Directors is reviewed by the Remuneration Committee for consideration of the Board. The remuneration of all Non-Executive Directors is reviewed by the Board, based on their experience and expertise and the level of responsibilities of the Directors concerned as well as the condition of the industry.

b. Procedure

The Remuneration Committee recommends to the Board the remuneration package of the Executive Directors. The Executive Directors do not participate in decisions regarding their own remuneration packages. The Board as a whole determines the remunerations of Non-Executive Directors with individual directors abstaining from making decisions in respect of their individual remunerations. The directors' fees are approved at the AGM by shareholders.

c. Disclosure

A summary of the remuneration of the Directors for the year ended 31 January 2015, distinguishing between Executive and Non-Executive Directors, with categorisation into appropriate components and the number of Directors whose remuneration falls into each successive band of RM50,000 is set out as below:

i. Summary of Directors' Remuneration

Aggregate Remuneration	Executive Directors (RM)	Non-Executive Directors (RM)	Total (RM)
Salary	1,720,200	-	1,720,200
Bonus	980,735	-	980,735
Fees	-	204,000	204,000
Meetings Allowance	8,000	6,000	14,000
Estimated monetary value of benefit-in-kind	18,915	-	18,915
Defined contribution plan	351,140	-	351,140
Share options granted under ESOS	14,280	-	14,280
TOTAL	3,093,270	210,000	3,303,270

ii. Remuneration Band

Executive Directors	
RM600-001 - RM650,000	1
RM750,001 – RM800,000	2
RM950,001 – RM1,000,000	1
Non-Executive Directors	
RM50,001 – RM100,000	3

Principle 3 REINFORCE INDEPENDENCE

Independent Non-Executive Directors

The presence of Independent Non-Executive Directors provides a pivotal role in corporate accountability. The role of the Independent Non-Executive Directors is particularly important as they provide independent and objective views, advice and judgement and ensure strategies proposed by the management are thoroughly discussed and evaluated, and that the long-term interests of stakeholders are considered. The Independent Non-Executive Directors do not participate in the operation of the Company in order to uphold their objectivity and fulfil their responsibility to provide check and balance to the Board.

Tenure of Independent Director

The Board noted the recommendation of the Code on the tenure of an Independent Director should not exceed a cumulative term of nine [9] years. The Nominating Committee and the Board have deliberated on the recommendation and hold the view that the ability of an Independent Director to exercise independent judgement is not affected by the length of his service as an Independent Director. The suitability and ability of Independent Director to carry out his roles and responsibilities effectively are very much a function of his calibre, experience and personal qualities. Restriction on tenure may cause loss of experience and expertise that are important contributors to the efficient working of the Board.

Both the Nominating Committee and the Board have assessed the independence of Mr Gan Kim Guan, who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than 9 years, and recommended him to be retained as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company based on the following justifications:-

- (a) He has fulfilled the criteria under the definition of an Independent Director as stated in the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, and thus, he would be able to provide independent judgement, objectivity and check and balance to the Board.
- (b) He performs his duties and responsibilities diligently and in the best interest of the Company without being subject to influence of the management.
- (c) He, having been with the Company for more than 9 years, is familiar with the Group's business operations and has devoted sufficient time and attention to his professional obligations and attended the Board and Committee meetings for an informed and balanced decision making.

Pursuant to Recommendation 3.3 of the MCCG 2012 and notwithstanding his long tenure in office, the Board is unanimous in its opinion that Mr Gan Kim Guan, who has served on the Board as an Independent Director, exceeding a cumulative term of nine (9) years, continues to fulfill the criteria and definition of an Independent Director as set out under Paragraph 1.01 of Listing Requirements.

In this respect, the Board has approved the continuation of Mr Gan Kim Guan as an Independent Director of the Company. The Board believes that it is in the best position to identify, evaluate and determine whether any Independent Director can continue acting in the best interests of the Company and bringing independent and professional judgement to board deliberations. Accordingly the Board strongly recommends retaining Mr Gan Kim Guan as Independent Non-Executive Director and will be tabling an Ordinary Resolution to shareholders at the 2015 AGM for the said purpose.

Roles of the Chairman, Managing Director and Senior Independent Non-Executive Director

The roles and responsibilities of the Chairman and the Managing Director are clearly separated to enable a balance of power and authority. This is in line with the recommendation of the Code, which requires the Board to establish clear functions reserved for the Board and those delegated to the management.

The Board is led by Mr Gooi Seong Lim, as the Executive Chairman, whilst the executive management is helmed by Mr Gooi Seong Heen, the Managing Director of the Group. Both have many years of experience in managing the Group's core businesses.

The Executive Chairman is responsible for ensuring Board effectiveness and conduct. He ensures the integrity and effectiveness of the governance process of the Board and acts as a facilitator at Board meetings. Every Board resolution is put to a vote, if necessary, which would reflect the collective decision of the Board and not individuals or an interest group. He also maintains regular dialogues/meetings with the Managing Director/Head of business units on all operational matters.

The Managing Director has the overall responsibility for the profitability and development of the Group. He is responsible for the stewardship of all the Group's assets, day-to-day running of the business and effective implementation of Board decisions, annual operating plan, budget, policies decisions as approved by the Board. The Managing Director's in-depth and intimate knowledge of the Group's affairs contribute significantly towards the ability of the Group to achieve its goals and objectives.

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The segregation of duties between the Executive Chairman and the Managing Director facilitates an appropriate balance of role, responsibility and accountability and promotes appropriate supervision of the management.

The Code Recommendations states that the Chairman must be of a non-executive member of the Board. However, the Nominating Committee has assessed, reviewed and determined that the chairmanship of Mr Gooi Seong Lim remains based on the following justifications/aspects contributed by him, as a member of the Board.

- His vast experience in managing the operations of the Group's estates and mills which would enable him to provide the Board with a diverse set of experience, expertise and skills to better manage and run the Group;
- He has exercised his due care in the interest of the Company and shareholders during his tenure as an Executive Chairman of the Company; and
- He has provided objectivity in decision making and ensured effective check and balance in the proceedings of the Board.
- He has shown tremendous commitment and played an integral role in stewardship

The Senior Independent Non Executive Director provides an additional communication channel between the directors and the shareholders. The Board has identified Mr Gan Kim Guan to act as the Senior Independent Non-Executive Director to whom concerns regarding the Group may be conveyed by shareholders or other stakeholders. He may be contacted at 03-92871889 or e-mail: gankg@kimloong.com.my. At all times, shareholders may contact the Company Secretaries for information on the Company.

Independent directors and balance of power

In relation to the Recommendation 3.5 of the Code that the Board must comprise a majority of independent directors where the chairman of the Board is not an independent director, the Board is of the opinion that current number of independent directors is sufficient to ensure balance of power and authority on the Board.

The Board is also satisfied with the Board's composition in respect of representation of minority shareholders by the Independent Non-Executive Directors.

Principle 4 FOSTER COMMITMENT

Board Meetings

The Board normally meets at least four (4) times a year with additional meetings convened when urgent and important decisions need to be taken between scheduled meetings. Due notice of issue to be discussed, deliberated and conclusions arrived are recorded in discharging its duties and responsibilities.

During the financial year, the Board met on four (4) occasions where it deliberated upon and considered a variety of matters including approving the Group's financial results, strategic and investment decisions as well as financial and operating performance of its subsidiary companies.

The agenda for each Board meeting and papers relating to the agenda are sent to all Directors at least seven (7) days before the meeting, in order to provide sufficient time for the Directors to review the Board papers and seek clarifications, if any.

All proceedings at the Board meetings are recorded by way of minutes and signed by the Chairman of the respective meeting.

The number of meetings attended by each Director is as follows:

Name of Director	Status of Directorship	Number Meetings Attended	Percentage (%)
Gooi Seong Lim	Executive Chairman	4	100
Gooi Seong Heen	Managing Director	4	100
Gooi Seong Chneh	Executive Director	4	100
Gooi Seong Gum	Executive Director	4	100
Gan Kim Guan	Senior Independent Non-Executive Director	4	100
Chan Weng Hoong	Independent Non-Executive Director	4	100
Cheang Kwan Chow	Independent Non-Executive Director	4	100

Directors Training

All Directors have completed the "Mandatory Accreditation Programme for Directors of Public Listed Companies" pursuant to Paragraph 15.08 of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities.

The Board has discussed training programmes proposed for the Directors' attendance. Directors are also encouraged to participate in seminars and/or conferences organised by relevant regulatory authorities, professional bodies and commercial entities providing training. This is part of their Continuous Education Programme to keep abreast with relevant new developments on a continuous basis on the general regulatory, economic, industry and technical developments to further enhance their skills, knowledge and experience as well as update themselves on new developments in the business environment in order to fulfil their duties as Directors.

Directors also receive briefing from Internal and External Auditors on updates in financial reporting and new accounting standards affecting the Group, bankers on available financial instruments and suppliers/contractors on their products. The Executive Directors represent the Group at the Committee of East Malaysia Planters' Association and Malaysian Estate Owners' Association and they are kept informed on new development affecting the plantation industry.

During the financial year under review, the Directors have attended the following training programme/courses and/or conferences listed below:

Name	Organiser	Topic/Title	Date
Gooi Seong Lim	Hwang Investment Management	Gallop into 2014 with HwangIM	18 Feb 14
	Credit Suisse	1 st Credit Suisse Family Business Series (Succession of family leadership and business leadership)	6 Mar 14
	OCBC Bank	OCBC 2014 Economic Outlook and Product Updates	21 Mar 14
	Credit Suisse	Credit Suisse Global Megatrends Conference 2014	30 Apr 14
	In House Training - Crescendo International	PricewaterhouseCoopers Goods and Service Tax Awareness Briefing	25 Aug 14
	College	Goods and Service Tax Awareness Training	10 Sep 14
		Goods and Service Tax Specific Training (Feasibility & Contract, Marketing and Human Resources)	1 Oct 14
Gooi Seong Heen	Hwang Investment Management	Gallop into 2014 with HwangIM	18 Feb 14
	Bursa Malaysia	Annual Palm & Lauric Oils Conference and Exhibition (POC): Price Outlook 2014/2015	3-6 Mar 14
	OCBC Bank Roundtable Sustainable Palm Oil	OCBC Global Economic & Business Forum 2014 12 th Roundtable Meeting on Sustainable Palm Oil - Sustainability: What Next?	15 Aug 14
	In House Training - Crescendo International	PricewaterhouseCoopers Goods and Service Tax Awareness Briefing	25 Aug 14
	College	Goods and Service Tax Awareness Training Goods and Service Tax Specific Training	10 Sep 14 1 Oct 14
	Malaysian Oil Scientists' and Technologists' Association	(Feasibility & Contract, Marketing and Human Resources) OFIC 2014 Oils and Fats International Conference in conjunction with Oils and Fats International Asia 2014 - Global Oils & Fats: Addressing Major Challenges	5-7 Nov 14
	Roundtable Sustainable Palm Oil	12 th Roundtable Meeting on Sustainable Palm Öil	17-20 Nov 14
Gooi Seong Chneh	Hwang Investment Management	Gallop into 2014 with HwangIM	18 Feb 14
	Credit Suisse	1st Credit Suisse Family Business Series (Succession of family leadership and business leadership)	6 Mar 14
	In House Training - Crescendo International	PricewaterhouseCoopers Goods and Service Tax Awareness Briefing	25 Aug 14
	College	Goods and Service Tax Awareness Training	10 Sep 14
		Goods and Service Tax Specific Training (Feasibility & Contract, Marketing and Human Resources)	1 Oct 14
	AA Resources and Malaysian Estate Owners' Association	Growing the Oil Palm: Where are we?	21 Jan 15

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Name	Organiser	Topic/Title	Date
Gooi Seong Gum	Hwang Investment Management	Gallop into 2014 with HwangIM	18 Feb 14
	Credit Suisse	1 st Credit Suisse Family Business Series (Succession of family leadership and business leadership)	6 Mar 14
	In House Training - Crescendo International	PricewaterhouseCoopers Goods and Service Tax Awareness Briefing	25 Aug 14
	College	Goods and Service Tax Awareness Training	10 Sep 14
		Goods and Service Tax Specific Trainin (Feasibility & Contract, Marketing and Human Resources)	1 Oct 14
Gan Kim Guan	The Malaysian Institute Of Accountants	Audit Committee Workshop Series 3: Oversight of Financial Reporting and Compliance	7 Aug 14
		Audit Committee Workshop Series 4: Enhancing Audit Quality: Role of Audit Committee	7 Aug 14
	Lembaga Hasil Dalam Negeri & Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia	National Tax Conference	12 & 13 Aug 14
	Bursa Malaysia & Minority Shareholder Watchdog Group	Appreciation and Application of ASEAN Corporate Governance Scorecard	7 Oct 14
	ICLIF & Bursa Malaysia	Nominating Committee Program 2: Effective Board Evaluation	9 Oct 14
	The Institute Of Internal Auditors Malaysia	2014 National Conference on Internal Auditing Embracing Change	13 & 14 Oct 14
	Chartered Tax Institute Of Malaysia	2015 Budget Seminar	29 Oct 14
	The Malaysian Institute Of Accountants	Ethical Challenges in Today's World	19 Dec 14
Chan Weng Hoong	Association of Rubber Development of Cambodia	4 th Rubber Plant Summit	5-6 Mar 14
Cheang Kwan Chow	The Malaysian Institute Of Accountants	Audit Committee Workshop Series 1: The Function of Audit Committee	17 Jul 14
		Audit Committee Workshop Series 2: Control Environment in Managing Risk	17 Jul 14
	KPMG - Audit Committee Institute	2014 ACI Breakfast Roundtable - The Impact of Cyber Security at Board Levels	3 Dec 14
	The Malaysian Institute Of Accountants	Post Budget 2015 - Tax Planning and Latest Development	14 Jan 15

New Appointment, Re-appointment and Re-election of Directors

The Board appoints its members through a formal and transparent selection process which is consistent with the Company's Articles of Association.

The Nominating Committee established by the Board is responsible for proposing and assessing new nominee(s) to the Board and Board Committee membership and thereupon submitting their recommendation to the Board for decision. As part of the appointment process, the potential candidate must disclose his existing directorships as well as any other commitments so as to determine whether he has adequate time to perform his duties.

Individual director's assessments were conducted with the objective to improve the Board effectiveness and to enhance the director's awareness on the key areas that need to be addressed. The performance indicators for individual director include their interactive contributions, quality of input and understanding of their roles were performed by the Nominating Committee. Their evaluation results were tabled to the Board to deliberate areas for improvement.

All newly appointed Directors are subject to re-election by the shareholders at the AGM following their appointment.

The Company's Articles of Association provide that at least one-third (1/3) of the Board is required to retire by rotation at each AGM provided always that each Director shall retire at least once in every three years. The Directors to retire in each year are the Directors who have been longest in office since their appointment or re-appointment in accordance with the Articles of Association. This provides an opportunity for shareholders to renew their mandate. To assist shareholders in their decision, sufficient information such as personal profile and meeting attendance of each Director standing for re-election at the forthcoming AGM are shown in the Notice of AGM (Ordinary Resolutions 4 & 5) on page 4 and the Profile of Directors on pages 15 to 16.

Principle 5 UPHOLD INTEGRITY IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

Internal Control

The Board acknowledges that it is responsible for the Group's system of internal controls which is to maintain a sound system of internal control to safeguard shareholders' investment and the Group's assets. It involves key management of each business unit to meet the Group's particular needs, manage risks to which it is exposed, the effective and efficient conduct of operations, financial controls and compliance with laws and regulations as well as with internal procedures and guidelines to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against misstatement or loss.

The review on the systems of internal control is set out under the Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control as set out in pages 44 to 47 of this Annual Report.

Financial Reporting

The Audit Committee is tasked with assisting the Board in maintaining a sound system of internal control across the Group. Accurate and reliable financial statements are a key outcome of a sound system of internal control and towards this end, the Audit Committee considers the following on a regular basis:

- · Changes in accounting policies, practices and implementation thereof
- Significant adjustment arising from external audit process
- Qualification of the external auditor's report (if any)
- Going concern assumption
- Adequacy and appropriateness of disclosures

The Audit Committee also meets with the external auditors without the presence of Management, and this is a forum at which the external auditors may raise, among other matters, any concern they may have on the compliance aspect of the financial statements.

The Directors consider that in preparing the financial statements, the Group has used appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgment and estimates. All accounting standards which the Board considers to be applicable have been adopted, subject to any explanation for material departures disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

The Group Financial Controller (GFC) updates the Audit Committee regularly on the Group's financial performance and highlights key issues in connection with the preparation of the results, including the adoption of new accounting standards/policies. The GFC is responsible for ensuring that the Group is aware of impending changes to the accounting standards and also the relevant regulatory requirements, recognises the implication of those changes and complies with the requirements.

The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 and Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia. The Board is responsible to ensure that the financial statements give a true and fair view and balanced and understandable assessment of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group. The Audit Committee assists the Board to ensure accuracy and adequacy of all information for disclosure and compliance with accounting standards.

The Board presents a balanced and meaningful assessment of the Group's financial performance and prospects to the shareholders, investors and regulatory authorities, primarily through the quarterly and annual financial statements and Chairman's Statement in the Annual Report.

External Auditors

The Board through the establishment of the Audit Committee, has established a good working relationship with its External Auditors i.e., Messrs Ernst & Young. The Group also maintains a transparent and professional relationship with its External Auditors in seeking professional advice and ensuring compliance with the applicable Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia. Messrs Ernst & Young report to the shareholders of the Company on their opinion which are included as part of the Group's Annual Report with respect to their audit on each year's statutory financial statements. The Company's External Auditors are appointed every year during the AGM.

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The External Auditors are invited to attend the Audit Committee meetings and annual general meetings and are available to answer shareholders' questions on the conduct of the statutory audit and the preparation and content of their audit report.

The Board has adopted a policy in relation to the provision of non-audit services by the Company's External Auditors to ensure that it is not in conflict with the role of the External Auditors or their independence. The Audit Committee is responsible to review all the non-audit services provided by the External Auditors and the aggregate amount of fees paid to them. Details of the amounts paid to the External Auditors for non-audit services performed during the year are set out in the Additional Compliance Information of this Annual Report.

The Audit Committee is also aware on the recommendation of the Code to have policies and procedures to assess the suitability and independence of External Auditors. Considering the expertise and existing business knowledge of the current External Auditors and the location of the Company and its subsidiaries, the Audit Committee is of the opinion that the current External Auditors are still suitable for re-appointment. While assessing the independence of the External Auditors, the Audit Committee is satisfied and agreed with the representation by the External Auditors in their Audit Planning Memorandum for the audit of the financial year ended 31 January 2015, that they are independent in accordance with the By-laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practise) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. Furthermore, during the financial year ended 31 January 2015, the External Auditors were not engaged for any other significant services other than the statutory audit.

The Board is satisfied based on advice from the Audit Committee that the provision of these non-audit services does not in any way compromise on their independence. In addition, the Audit Committee has obtained a written assurance from the External Auditors confirming that they are, and have been independent throughout the conduct of the audit engagement in accordance with the terms of all relevant professional and regulatory requirements.

Principle 6 RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

Risk Management Framework

The Board recognises that risk management is an integral part of the Group's business operations and is important for the achievement of its business objectives. The Group has established a Risk Management Committee ("RMC") that is chaired by the Managing Director and its members comprise the Executive Directors, Heads of Divisions & Departments ("HODS") and staff from key operations. They have also been trained to identify the risks relating to their areas; the likelihood of these risks occurring; the consequences if they do occur; and the actions being and/or to be taken to manage these risks to the desired level. The risk profiles and risk treatment measures determined from this process are documented in risk registers with each business or operations area having its respective risk register. The risk registers are eventually compiled to form the Group Risk Profile for reporting to the RMC and the Audit Committee.

Ongoing risk management education and training is provided at Management and staff level by members of the RMC.

The Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control which provides an overview of the risk management framework and state of internal control within the Group, is set out on pages 44 to 47.

Internal Audit Function

The Group's internal audit function adopts a co-sourcing model whereby risk management, and specialised audits are performed by the Internal Audit Department of the Company's holding company, Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad which acts independently from the activities and operations of the Group. KPMG Management & Risk Consulting Sdn Bhd a professional services firm, has been appointed to perform risk based internal audit where the results were directly reported to the Audit Committee.

The main purpose of the internal audit function is to review effectiveness of the Group's systems of internal controls. The Internal Auditors adopt a risk based auditing approach by focusing on identified high risk areas for compliance with control policies and procedures, identifying business risk which have not been appropriately addressed and evaluating the adequacy and integrity of controls and statutory requirements. Submission of the audit results to the Management and the Audit Committee would ensure that the Management is compliant with the internal control systems and implementing continuous improvement.

During the financial year under review, the Internal Auditors carried out periodic internal audit reviews in accordance with the approved internal audit plan to monitor compliance with the Group's procedures and to review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's system of risk management and internal control. The results of these reviews have been presented to the Audit Committee at their scheduled meetings. Follow up reviews were also conducted to ensure that the recommendations for improvement have been implemented by Management on a timely basis.

The Internal Auditors communicate regularly and report directly to the Audit Committee on their activities based on the approved Annual Internal Audit Plan to ensure their independent status within the Group. The Internal Auditors are also invited to attend all meetings of the Audit Committee. The total cost incurred in respect of the internal audit function during the financial year was approximately RM213,000.

The Internal Auditors assisted the Audit Committee in discharging its duties and responsibilities with respect to adequacy and integrity of internal control within the Group. The Internal Auditors undertook the following activities in accordance with the approved Audit Plan:

- i. Carrying out the internal auditing of the Group subsidiaries.
- ii. Facilitating the improvement of business processes within the Group.
- iii. Establishing a follow up process in monitoring the implementation of audit recommendation by Management.
- iv. Monitoring the effectiveness of the Group's risk management systems by reviewing the implementation of the risk assessment action plans by Management.
- v. Reviewing and verifying the allocation of shares under the Employees' Share Option Scheme ('ESOS').
- vi. Conducting investigation audits or special assignment from time to time as requested by Management.

Further information on the Group's state of internal control is presented in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control.

Principle 7 ENSURE TIMELY AND HIGH QUALITY DISCLOSURE

Corporate Disclosure Policy

The Board has developed and adopted, in its Board CG Manual, a policy stipulating the authorised channels and personnel through which/whom certain information of the Group shall be approved and disclosed to internal and external stakeholders.

The Corporate Disclosure policy regulates the review and release of information to the stock exchange as well as through the Company's website, facilitating timely and accurate disclosure of the Company's affairs.

Communication channel

The Board recognizes the importance of information technology for effective dissemination of information.

The Company's website has become a key communication channel for the Company to reach its shareholders and general public. The website has a number of sections provide up-to-date information on Group activities, Board Charter, financial results, announcements released to Bursa Securities, annual reports and company profile, announcements to Bursa Malaysia, corporate presentations and other information on the Company can be found on the Company's website at www.kimloong.com.my to further enhance investors and shareholders communication.

Principle 8 STRENGTHEN RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN COMPANY AND SHAREHOLDERS

Dialogue between the Group and Investors

The Board adheres to the disclosure requirements of Bursa Securities and ensures timely release of the financial results on a quarterly basis in order to provide its shareholders with an overview of the Group's financial and operational performance. In addition, it communicates with its shareholders, institutional and potential investors through various announcements made during the year.

This Annual Report is also an important channel of communication to reach shareholders and investors as it provides comprehensive information pertaining to the Group.

A press conference is normally held after the AGM and/or Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company to provide the media the opportunity of receiving an update from the Board and to address any queries or areas of interest by the media.

In addition, the Group recognises the need for independent third party assessment of itself. In this regard, the Executive Chairman, Managing Director and key senior management of the Group also conduct dialogue sessions or briefings with Investment/Financial Analysts and the Press on the results, performance and the potential of new developments of the Group. These briefings enable a direct and frank dialogue on the affairs of the Group.

Other avenues whereby shareholders and interested stakeholders have access to company data are through quarterly filing of financial data at Bursa Securities and via the Company's website at www.kimloong.com.my which they can access for information about the Group.

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AGM

The AGM is the principal forum of dialogue with shareholders. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, Notice of AGM together with a copy of the Company's Annual Report is sent to shareholders at least twenty one (21) days prior to the meeting. Each item of special business included in the notice of meeting is accompanied by an explanation for the proposed resolution.

At the AGM, the Board presents the progress and performance of the Group as contained in the Annual Report and shareholders are encouraged to participate and are given every opportunity to raise questions or seek more information during the meeting. The Executive Chairman, Managing Director and Board members are available to respond to all shareholders' queries.

Shareholders who are unable to attend are allowed to appoint proxies to attend and vote on their behalf. Shareholders can also leave written questions for the Board to respond. The Shares Registrar is available to attend to matters relating to shareholders' interests.

Shareholders are welcome to raise queries by contacting the Company at any time throughout the year and need not wait for the AGM for such an opportunity.

Poll Voting

The Company has always made the necessary preparation for poll voting for all resolutions tabled at the AGM and EGM. The Company will explore the suitability and feasibility of employing electronic means for poll voting as set out in Recommendation 8.2 of the Code.

The Company has in place a procedure to draw shareholders' attention to their rights to demand poll voting in respect of resolutions put before the shareholders at general meetings. In addition, the Company will conduct poll voting in respect of certain shareholders' resolutions as required by the Listing Requirements.

Annual Report

The Directors believe that an important channel to reach shareholders and investors is through the Annual Report. Besides including comprehensive financial performance and information on the business activities, the Group strives to improve the contents of the Annual Report in line with the developments in corporate governance practices.

The Company's Annual Report can be accessed at the Company's website at www.kimloong.com.my.

Bursa Securities also provides facilities for the Company to electronically publish all its announcements, including full version of its quarterly results announcements and Annual Report at its website at www.bursamalaysia.com.

Compliance Statement

The Company has committed to achieving high standard of corporate governance throughout the Group and to the highest level of integrity and ethical standards in all its business dealings.

This Statement has been reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors at a meeting held on 26 March 2015.

The Board is required under paragraph 15.26(a) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad to issue a statement explaining its responsibility for preparing the annual audited financial statements.

The Directors are required by the Companies Act, 1965 (the Act) to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at the financial year end and of the financial performance and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors have:

- applied the appropriate and relevant accounting policies on a consistent basis;
- made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepared the annual financial statements in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard in Malaysia, the requirements of the Act and the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Company and its subsidiaries keep accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of each company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the requirements of the Act.

The Directors consider that, in preparing the financial statements of Kim Loong Resources Berhad for the financial year ended 31 January 2015, the Group has used appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgment and estimates.

The Directors also consider that all applicable Financial Reporting Standards in Malaysia have been complied with and confirm that the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The Directors are also responsible for taking such steps that are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

42 ADDITIONAL COMPLIANCE INFORMATION

To comply with the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, the following information is provided:

Utilisation of Proceeds from Corporate Proposals

During the financial year, there were no proceeds raised by the Company from any corporate proposal.

Share Buy-Back

During the financial year, the Company repurchased a total of 362,000 shares and these shares are currently held as treasury shares. Details of the purchase of treasury shares were as follows: -

Month	No. of Treasury shares purchased	Purchase price per share (RM)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Total consideration paid (RM)
		Min	Max	Average		
July 2014	19,000	2.96	2.99	2.98	56,702	
August 2014	90,000	2.67	2.89	2.85	256,196	
September 2014	29,000	2.65	2.71	2.70	78,212	
October 2014	98,000	2.75	2.81	2.80	274,413	
November 2014	9,000	2.71	2.25	2.75	24,730	
December 2014	117,000	2.38	2.75	2.59	302,634	

As at 31 January 2015, the Company held a total of 562,000 treasury shares.

Other details of the share buy back are set out in Note 24 (b) to the Financial Statements.

The Company is seeking a renewal of shareholders' mandate for the Share Buy-Back at the forthcoming AGM.

Options or Convertible Securities

There were no options or convertible securities issued to any parties during the financial year, other than those disclosed in Note 24 to the Financial Statements.

Depository Receipt Programme

The Company did not sponsor any depository receipt programme during the financial year.

Sanctions and/or Penalties

There were no material sanctions and/or penalties imposed on the Company and/or its subsidiary companies, Directors or Management by any regulatory bodies during financial year.

Non-audit fees

Non-audit fee paid and payable to the External Auditors, Messrs Ernst & Young, during the financial year 2015 was RM6000.

Variation in results

There was no material variation between the results for the financial year ended 31 January 2015 and the unaudited results previously announced.

Profit Guarantee

The Company did not give any profit guarantee during the financial year.

Material Contracts Involving Directors and Major Shareholders' Interest

There were no material contracts for the Company and its subsidiaries involving Directors and major shareholders' interest either subsisting at the end of the financial year or entered into since the end of the previous year.

Recurrent Related Party Transactions

Details of transactions with related parties undertaken by the Group during the financial year are disclosed in Note 31 to the Financial Statements. The Group did not seek for shareholders' mandate for recurrent related party transactions at the last AGM as the aggregate value of transactions was not expected to exceed the threshold prescribed under the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities.

The Company is seeking a shareholders' mandate for recurrent related party transactions of a revenue in nature or trading nature pursuant to Paragraph 10.09 of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities at the forthcoming AGM.

This Statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board dated 26 March 2015.

44 STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT & INTERNAL CONTROL

This Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control is made pursuant to the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012 ("the Code") and Paragraph 15.26 (b) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") for the Main Market with regards to the Group's state of internal control.

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of Kim Loong Resources Berhad ("KLR" or "the Company") is pleased to present below its Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control as a Group for the financial year under review, prepared in accordance with the Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Companies' ("the Guidelines") issued by the Institute of Internal Auditors Malaysia and adopted by Bursa Securities and taking into consideration the recommendations underlying Principle 6 of the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012.

1.0 BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES

The Board affirms its overall responsibilities for the Group's system of risk management and internal control, and for reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the Group's risk management and internal control system. The Board's responsibility in relation to the system of risk management & internal control is embedded in all aspects of the Group's activities and encompasses all subsidiaries of the Company.

The Board has received assurance from the Managing Director and Group Financial Controller that the Group's risk management and internal control system is operating adequately and effectively, in all material aspects.

However, as there are inherent limitation in any system of risk management and internal control, such system put into effect by Management can only manage but not eliminate all risk that may impede the achievement of the Group's business objectives. Therefore, the risk management and internal control system can only provide reasonable assurance and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The process to identify, evaluate and manage the significant risks is a concerted and continuing effort throughout the financial year under review.

The Board sets the policy on internal controls after conducting a proper assessment of operational and financial risks by considering the overall control environment of the organisation and an effective monitoring mechanism. The Managing Director and his management carried out the process of implementation and maintenance of the control systems. Except for insurable risks where insurance covers are purchased, other risks are reported on a general reporting basis and managed by the respective Committees within the Group.

2.0 KEY FEATURE OF THE GROUP'S RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM

The responsibility for reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the risk management and internal control system has been delegated by the Board to the Audit Committee. On a periodic basis, the Audit Committee assesses the adequacy and integrity of the risk management and internal control system through independent reviews conducted and reports it received from the Internal Auditors, the External Auditors and Management. Significant risk management and internal control matters were brought to the attention of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee then in turn reports such matters to the Board, if the Audit Committee deems such matters warrant the Board's attention.

Key elements of the Group's risk management and internal control system that have been established to facilitate the proper conduct of the Group's businesses are described below:

i. Control Environment

Policies & Procedures

Clearly defined policies and procedures are in place and are undergoing constant improvements to ensure that they continue to support the Group's business activities as the Group continues to grow.

Operations Review and Monitoring

Operations of the Group are constantly monitored with up-to-date reports being presented by the Management, which reviews the performance of the Group against budget and prior year performance on a quarterly basis. Variances are carefully analysed and corrective actions are taken where necessary. Detailed reports on performance review with steps to be taken are presented to Executive Directors periodically.

i. Control Environment (cont'd)

The General Manager and Executive Directors regularly visit the Group's estates. During the visits, the Estate Managers report on the progress and performance, discuss and resolve the estates' operational and key management issues.

The Executive Directors also monitor the performance of the business units through reports produced by the external Planting Advisors. The roles of the Planting Advisors and Agronomist are to ensure that the technical aspects of all estates under the Group are based on current best practices in plantation management.

The milling operations are regularly visited by the Managing Director, Executive Directors and the General Manager. During the visits, they discuss and resolve all operational and key management issues faced by the mill managers.

Organisation Structure and Authorisation Procedures

The Group maintains a formal organisational structure with clear lines of reporting to the Board, Committees and Senior Management with defined roles and responsibilities, authority limits, review and approval procedures and proper segregation of duties which supports the maintenance of a strong control environment.

Specific responsibilities have been delegated to relevant Committees, all of which have formalised terms of reference. These Committees have the authority to examine all matters within their scope and report to the Executive Directors/Managing Director/Executive Chairman/Board with their recommendations.

• Human Capital Policy

Guidelines on employment, performance appraisal, training and retention of employees are in place, to ensure that the Group has a team of employees who are well trained and equipped with all the necessary knowledge, skills and abilities to carry out their responsibility effectively.

Emphasis is being placed on enhancing the quality and ability of employees through training and development. Employees' competencies are assessed annually through the annual appraisal system and subsequently, further development and training requirements are highlighted for Heads of Departments and business units for follow up.

Management Style

The Board relies on the experience of the Executive Chairman, Managing Director, Executive Directors and the respective business units' management teams to run and manage the operations and businesses of the Group in an effective and efficient manner.

The Executive Chairman, Managing Director and management adopt a "hands on" approach in managing the businesses of the Group. This enables the timely identification and resolution of any significant issues arising.

Quality Control

Strong emphasis is placed on ensuring that the Group adheres to health, safety and environmental regulations as required by the various authorities.

• Other Key Elements of Internal Control

Other key elements of procedures established by the Board which provide effective internal control include:

- Centralised functions of finance, treasury administration, human resource, agronomic, marketing and bulk purchases to ensure that uniform policies and procedures are implemented throughout the Group.
- Regular site visits to the operations within the Group by the Executive Chairman, Managing Director and Executive Directors and Senior Management.
- The Finance Department monitors the activities and performance of the subsidiaries through the monthly management accounts and ensures control accounts are reconciled with the subsidiaries records.

46 STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT & INTERNAL CONTROL

i. Control Environment (cont'd)

- Adequate insurance and physical safeguarding of major assets are in place to ensure these assets are sufficiently covered against any mishap that may result in material losses to the Group.
- The documented policies and procedures form an integral part of the internal control system to safeguard the Group's assets against material losses and ensure complete and accurate financial information. The documents consist of memoranda, circulars, manuals and handbooks that are regularly revised and updated to meet operational needs.
- Proposals for major capital expenditures of the Group are reviewed and approved by the Executive Directors.
- Regular Board and management meetings to assess performance of business units.
- All recurrent related party transactions are dealt with in accordance with the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities. The Audit Committee and the Board review the recurrent related party transactions at the respective meetings of the Audit Committee and the Board.

ii. Risk Management Framework

The Board recognises that risk management is an integral part of the Group's business operations and is important for the achievement of its business objectives. The Group has established a Risk Management Committee ("RMC") that is chaired by the Managing Director and its members comprising the Executive Directors, Heads of Divisions & Departments ("HODS") and staff from key operations. They have also been trained to identify the risks relating to their areas, the likelihood of these risks occurring, the consequences if they do occur, and the actions being and/or to be taken to manage these risks to the desired level. The risk profiles and risk treatment measures determined from this process are documented in risk registers with each business or operations area having its respective risk register. The risk registers are eventually compiled to form the Group Risk Profile for reporting to the RMC and the Audit Committee.

Ongoing risk management education and training is provided at Management and staff level by members of the RMC.

Market Risk Management

Market risks refer to the risks resulting from economic and regulatory conditions.

The Group expansion into new area and activities is a risk. Such expansion entails added risks given their different operating and economic environments. Nevertheless, the Group continues to monitor the identified market risks whilst it continues to complete its expansion project.

Commodity risk arises from the volatility of commodity prices including currency fluctuations. The Group manages such risk by constantly monitoring the commodity prices, hedging through forward sales and CPO swaps and close monitoring of pricing trends of major substitutes such as oils and fats.

The Group's businesses are governed by relevant laws, regulations, standards and licenses. The Group manages the regulatory risks by implementing appropriate policies, procedures, guidelines, and contracts management, as well as maintaining regular communication with the authorities to ensure compliance at all times.

Credit and Liquidity Risk Management

These risks arise from the inability to recover debts in a timely manner which may adversely affect the Group's profitability, cash flows and funding. The Group minimises such exposures by assessing the creditworthiness of potential customers, close monitoring of collections and overdue debts, and effective credit utilisation to keep leverage at a comfortable level.

Operational Risk Management

Operational risks arise from the execution of a company's business including risks of systems and equipment failure, overcapacity situations, inadequate skilled workforce and adverse climatic conditions. The Group strictly adheres to policies, procedures, quality controls and best practices to ensure that all systems and equipment are functional. To manage overcapacity issues, the Group constantly reviews its business plans and seeks alternative uses for excess capacity.

The Group had in place remuneration schemes to attract and retain its workforce to meet existing and future needs. To cope with the adverse climatic conditions affecting the Group's operations, the Group strictly follows the requirements of the planting manual, employs good agricultural practices, water conservation and irrigation measures to sustain high production yields.

iii. Internal Audit Function

The roles, responsibilities and activities of the Internal Audit functions are described and detailed on pages 38 to 39 under Corporate Governance Report of this Annual Report.

There were neither major weaknesses in the system identified during the year, nor have any of the reported weaknesses resulted in material losses or contingencies requiring disclosure in the Annual Report. Those areas of non-compliance with the procedures and policies and those which require improvements as highlighted by the Internal Auditors during the period have been, or are being addressed.

iv. Information and Communication

Information critical to meeting Group's business objectives are communicated through established reporting lines across the Group. This is to ensure that matters that require the Board and Senior Management's attention are highlighted for review, deliberation and resolution on a timely basis.

v. Review and Monitoring Process

The Group's management teams carry out monthly monitoring and review of the Group's operations and performance, including financial results and forecasts for all business operations within the Group.

In addition to the above, scheduled and ad-hoc meetings are held at operational and management levels to identify, discuss and resolve business and operational issues as and when necessary. The Board monitors the Group's performance by reviewing its quarterly results and operations, and examines the announcement to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. These are usually reviewed by the Audit Committee before they are tabled to the Board for approval.

3.0 REVIEW OF STATEMENT BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS

Pursuant to Paragraph 15.23 of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, the External Auditors have reviewed this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control for inclusion in the Annual Report for the financial year ended 31 January 2015. Their review was performed in accordance with Recommended Practice Guide 5 (RPG 5) issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

The External Auditors have opined to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that this Statement is inconsistent with their understanding of the process adopted by the Board in reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system of the Group.

RPG 5 does not require the External Auditors to and they did not consider whether this statement covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system.

4.0 CONCLUSION

The Board is of the view that the system of internal control in place throughout the year under review is sound and sufficient to safeguard the shareholders' investment, the interests of customers, regulators, employees of the Group and to facilitate the expansion of its operations. Additionally, the Board regards the risks faced by the Group are within acceptable levels to the business environment within which the Group operates.

There were no material losses or fraud during the current financial year as a result of internal control failures and the Board and Management are continuously taking measures to improve and strengthen the internal control framework and environment of the Group.

This Statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 26 March 2015.

48 REPORT OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Board of Directors of Kim Loong Resources Berhad is pleased to present the Report of the Audit Committee which lays out the activities held throughout the financial year ended 31 January 2015 and in compliance with Paragraph 15.15 (1) of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities.

MEMBERS OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee presently comprises three (3) Directors of the Board, all of whom are Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The members are:

Chairman:Gan Kim GuanMembers:Chan Weng Hoong

: Cheang Kwan Chow

Secretaries : Chong Fook Sin, Kan Chee Jing, Chua Yoke Bee

TERMS OF REFERENCE OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

1. Membership

The Committee shall be appointed by the Board from amongst the Directors of the Company and shall not be fewer than three (3) members. All the members must be Non-Executive Directors, with a majority of them being Independent Directors as defined in Chapter 1 of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities. The quorum shall be two (2) members, a majority of whom shall be Independent Directors. The Chairman of the Committee shall be elected by the members of the Committee from amongst their members and shall be an Independent Director.

At least one member of the Committee:

- i. must be a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA"); or
- ii. if he is not a member of the MIA, he must have at least 3 years' working experience and:
 - a) he must have passed the examinations specified in Part 1 of the 1st Schedule to the Accountants Act, 1967; or
 - b) he must be a member of one of the associations of accountants specified in Part 11 of the 1st Schedule to the Accountants Act, 1967.
- iii. fulfills such other requirements as prescribed or approved by Bursa Securities.

Mr. Gan Kim Guan, the Chairman of the Audit Committee is a member of MIA. The Company has therefore complied with Paragraph 15.09(1)(c)(i) of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities.

2. Attendance At Meetings

The Group Financial Controller, Senior Finance Manager, the Internal Auditors and representative of the External Auditors normally attend meetings. Other Board members and employees may attend meetings upon the invitation of the Audit Committee, specific to the relevant meeting. However, the Committee should meet with the External Auditors without executive Board members present at least twice a year.

The Company Secretaries shall be the Secretaries of the Committee, responsible for drawing up the agenda with the concurrence of the Chairman and circulating it, supported by explanatory documentation to the Committee members prior to each meeting.

3. Frequency and Procedures of Meetings

- i. Meetings shall be held not less than four times a financial year.
- ii. The Committee shall regulate its own procedures, in particular:
 - a) the calling of meetings;
 - b) the notice to be given of such meetings;
 - c) the voting and proceedings of such meetings;
 - d) the keeping of the minutes; and
 - e) the custody, production and inspection of such minutes.

During the financial year 2015, the Audit Committee held a total of four (4) meetings. The attendance by each member at the Committee meetings during the year was as follows:

Member	Total number of meetings held in the financial year during Member's tenure in Office	Meeting attended by member	
Gan Kim Guan	4	4	
Chan Weng Hoong	4	4	
Cheang Kwan Chow	4	4	

The details of training attended by the above members are tabulated below:

Name	Organiser	Topic/Title	Date
Gan Kim Guan	The Malaysian Institute Of Accountants	Audit Committee Workshop Series 3: Oversight of Financial Reporting and Compliance	7 Aug 14
		Audit Committee Workshop Series 4: Enhancing Audit Quality: Role of Audit Committee	7 Aug 14
	Lembaga Hasil Dalam Negeri & Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia	National Tax Conference	12 & 13 Aug 14
	Bursa Malaysia & Minority Shareholder Watchdog Group	Appreciation and Application of ASEAN Corporate Governance Scorecard	7 Oct 14
	ICLIF & Bursa Malaysia	Nominating Committee Program 2: Effective Board Evaluation	9 Oct 14
	The Institute Of Internal Auditors Malaysia	2014 National Conference on Internal Auditing Embracing Change	13 & 14 Oct 14
	Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia	2015 Budget Seminar	29 Oct 14
	The Malaysian Institute Of Accountants	Ethical Challenges in Today's World	19 Dec 14
Chan Weng Hoong	Association of Rubber Development of Cambodia	4 th Rubber Plant Summit	5–6 Mar 14
Cheang Kwan Chow	The Malaysian Institute Of Accountants	Audit Committee Workshop Series 1: The Function of Audit Committee	17 Jul 14
		Audit Committee Workshop Series 2: Control Environment in Managing Risk	17 Jul 14
	KPMG - Audit Committee Institute	2014 ACI Breakfast Roundtable - The Impact of Cyber Security at Board Levels	3 Dec 14
	The Malaysian Institute Of Accountants	Post Budget 2015 - Tax Planning and Latest Development	14 Jan 15

4. Functions

The Committee shall amongst others, discharge the following functions:

- i. To review the following and report on the same to the Board:
 - a. with the External Auditors, the audit plan;
 - b. with the External Auditors, their evaluation of the system of internal control;
 - c. with the External Auditors, the audit report;
 - d. the assistance given by employees of the Group to the External Auditors;
 - e. the adequacy of the scope, functions, competency and resources of the Internal Auditors and that they have the necessary authority to carry out their work;
 - f. the internal audit program, processes, the results of the internal audit or investigation undertaken and whether or not appropriate action has been taken on the recommendations of the Internal Auditors;
 - g. any major findings of internal investigations and management's response;

50 REPORT OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

- h. the quarterly results and year end financial statements, prior to the approval by the Board of Directors, particularly on:
 - any changes in or implementation of major accounting policies;
 - major judgemental areas;
 - significant adjustments resulting from the audit;
 - the going concern assumption;
 - significant and unusual events; and
 - compliance with accounting standards and other legal requirements.
- i. to discuss problems and reservations arising from the interim and final audits and any matter the auditor may wish to discuss (in the absence of management, where necessary);
- j. the External Auditor's management letter and management's response;
- k. any related party transactions and conflict of interest situations that may arise within the Company or the Group including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that raises questions of management integrity;
- l. to consider the audit fee of the External Auditors;
- m. to consider the appointment of the External Auditors and any letter of resignation from the External Auditors of the Company and to deal with any questions of resignation or dismissal;
- n. to recommend the nomination of a person or persons as External Auditors;
- o. to promptly report to Bursa Securities if a matter reported by the Audit Committee to the Board of Directors of the Company has not been satisfactorily resolved resulting in a breach of the Bursa Securities Main Market Listing Requirements:
- p. to ensure financial statements comply with applicable Financial Reporting Standards;
- q. the adequacy of the Audit Committee's policies and procedures for the provision of non-audit services by the Group's auditors;
- r. to obtain a written confirmation from the External Auditors on an annual basis or at any time as the Audit Committee may request, confirming that they are, and have been, independent throughout the conduct of the audit engagement in accordance with the terms of all relevant professional and regulatory requirements;
- s. whether there is reason (supported by grounds) to believe that the Company's External Auditors are not suitable for reappointment;
- t. to consider the appointment of the Internal Auditors, the fees and any questions of nomination, resignations or dismissal;
- to assess the adequacy and integrity of the risk management and internal control system through independent reviews conducted and reports it received from the Internal Auditors, the External Auditors and the Management; and
- v. to consider other topics, as defined by the Board.

5. Rights

The Committee shall, in accordance with the procedures determined by the Board and at the cost of the Company:

- a. have authority to investigate any matter within its Terms of Reference;
- b. have the resources which are required to perform its duties;
- c. have full and unrestricted access to all information and documents relevant to its activities as well as direct communication channels with the External Auditors, person(s) carrying out the internal audit function or activity and the Senior Management of the Group;
- d. be able to obtain independent professional advice; and
- e. be able to convene meetings with the External Auditors, the Internal Auditors or both, excluding the attendance of other Executive Directors and employees of the Company, whenever deemed necessary.

6. Reporting Procedures

The Company Secretaries shall circulate the minutes of meetings of the Committee to all members of the Board.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee met at scheduled times with due notices of meetings issued, and with agenda planned and itemised so that issues raised were deliberated and discussed in a focussed and detailed manner.

During the financial year 2015, the Audit Committee discharged its duties and responsibilities in accordance with its terms of reference. The main activities undertaken by the Audit Committee were as follows:

Financial and Operations Review

- Reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval the quarterly reports for announcement to Bursa Securities in compliance with the Financial Reporting Standards and adhered to other legal and regulatory requirements:
- Reviewed the annual audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company. The Audit Committee discussed with the management and the External Auditors the accounting principles and standards that were applied and their judgement of the items that may affect the financial statement;
- Reviewed the impact of new or proposed changes in accounting standards and regulatory requirements of the Company;
- Reviewed the outcome of the risk management programme, including key risks identified, the potential impacts and the likelihood
 of the risks occurring, existing controls which can mitigate the risks and action plans; and
- Reviewed the application of the corporate governance principles and the extent of the Group's compliance with Best Practices set
 under the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance 2012 in conjunction with the preparation of the Statement On the Corporate
 Governance and Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control.

External Audit

- Reviewed the External Auditor's annual audit plan and audit strategy for the financial year ended 31 January 2015 to ensure their scope of work adequately covered the activities of the Group and the Company;
- Discussed with the management and the External Auditors the Financial Reporting Standards applicable to the financial statements of the Group and of the Company that were applied and their judgement of the items that may affect the financial statements;
- Reviewed with the External Auditors, the result of the audit, the audit report and internal control recommendations in respect of control weaknesses noted in the course of the audit that required appropriate actions and the Management's responses thereon;
- Reviewed and evaluated the External Auditors' performance, objectivity and independence during the year before recommending to the Board for reappointment and remuneration; and
- · Held independent meeting (without the presence of Management) with the External Auditors.

Internal Audit

- Reviewed and approved the Internal Auditors' plans for the financial year to ensure adequate coverage over the activities of the respective subsidiaries;
- Reviewed the internal audit reports presented by the Internal Auditors on findings, recommendations and management
 responses thereto and ensured that material findings were adequately addressed by Management and reported to the
 Board relevant issues: and
- Held independent meeting (without the presence of Management) with the Internal Auditors.

Risk Management

Reviewed the Risk Management Committee's reports and assessment.

Related Party Transactions

• The Audit Committee reviewed all significant related party transactions entered by the Group and the Company to ensure that such transactions are undertaken at arm's length basis on normal commercial terms which are not detrimental to the interests of the minority shareholders of the Company and the internal control procedures employed are both sufficient and effective before recommending to the Board for approval.

Employees' Share Option Scheme (ESOS)

 Verified the list of eligible employees and the allocation of options to be offered to them in accordance with the By-laws of the ESOS.

This Report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 26 March 2015.

52 REPORT OF THE REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

COMPOSITION OF MEMBERS

Members

The Committee comprises the following members:

Chairman : Gan Kim Guan
Members : Gooi Seong Lim
Chan Weng Hoong

Cheang Kwan Chow

Secretaries : Chong Fook Sin, Kan Chee Jing, Chua Yoke Bee

TERMS OF REFERENCE

(1) Membership

The Committee shall be appointed by the Board from amongst the Directors of the Company and shall consist of at least three (3) Directors, wholly or a majority of whom are Non-Executive Directors.

The members of the Committee shall elect the Chairman from amongst their members who shall be a Non-Executive Director.

In order to form a quorum in respect of a meeting of the Committee, the members present must be wholly or a majority of whom must be Non-Executive Directors.

The Company Secretaries shall be the Secretaries of the Committee.

(2) Frequency of Meetings

Meetings shall be held not less than once a year.

(3) Authority

The Committee is authorised to draw advice from outside as and when necessary in forming its recommendation to the Board on the remuneration of the Executive Directors in all its forms. Executive Directors should play no part in deciding their own remuneration and should abstain from discussion of their own remuneration.

(4) Duty

The duty of the Committee is to recommend to the Board the structure and level of remuneration of Executive Directors.

(5) Reporting Procedures

The Company Secretaries shall circulate the minutes of meetings of the Committee to all members of the Board.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE COMMITTEE

The Committee met once during the financial year 2015. The attendance of the members of the Committee of the meetings is as follows:

Member	Total number of meetings held in the financial year during Member's tenure in Office	Meeting attended by member
Gan Kim Guan	1	1
Gooi Seong Lim	1	1
Chan Weng Hoong	1	1
Cheang Kwan Chow	1	1

The main activities undertaken by the Committee during the year under review were as follows:

- Reviewed the structure of the remuneration package for each of the Executive Directors; and
- Reviewed the performance bonuses for each of the Executive Directors.

This Report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 26 March 2015.

COMPOSITION OF MEMBERS

Members

The Committee comprises the following members:

Chairman : Gan Kim Guan
Members : Chan Weng Hoong
Cheang Kwan Chow

Secretaries : Chong Fook Sin, Kan Chee Jing, Chua Yoke Bee

TERMS OF REFERENCE

(1) Membership

The Committee shall be appointed by the Board from amongst the Directors of the Company and shall consist exclusively of Non-Executive Directors, minimum three (3), a majority of whom are Independent Directors.

The members of the Committee shall elect the Chairman from amongst their members who shall be an Independent Director.

In order to form a quorum in respect of a meeting of the Committee, the members present must be wholly or a majority of whom must be Independent Directors.

The Company Secretaries shall be the Secretaries of the Committee.

(2) Frequency of Meetings

Meetings shall be held not less than once a year.

(3) Authority

The Committee is to recommend new nominees for the Board and the Board Committees and to assess Directors on an ongoing basis. The actual decision as to who shall be nominated should be the responsibility of the full Board after considering the recommendations of the Committee.

(4) Duty

The duties of the Committee shall be:

- i. to recommend to the Board, candidates for all directorships taking into consideration the candidates' qualification, character, skill, knowledge, expertise, experience, professionalism, integrity, competence and time commitment and in doing so, preference shall be given to shareholders or existing Board members and candidates proposed by the Managing Director and, within the bounds of practicability, by any other senior executive or any Director or shareholder may also be considered;
- ii. to recommend to the Board, Directors to fill the seats in board committees;
- iii. to review annually, on behalf of the Board, the required mix of skills, experience and other qualities, including core competencies, which Non-Executive Directors should bring to the Board, independence and diversity (including gender diversity) required to meet the needs of the Company;
- iv. to carry out annually, on behalf of the Board, the assessment of the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, the board committees and the contribution of each individual Director; and
- v. to establish a formal and transparent procedures for appointing of new Directors to the Board and make recommendations which include establishing selection criteria, short listing, assessing and evaluating suitable candidates against selection criteria and Board's requirements.

(5) Reporting Procedures

The Company Secretaries shall circulate the minutes of the meetings of the Committee to all members of the Board.

54 REPORT OF THE NOMINATING COMMITTEE

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE COMMITTEE

The Committee met once during the financial year 2015.

The attendance of the members of the Committee of the meetings is as follows:

Member	Total number of meetings held in the financial year during Member's tenure in Office	Meeting attended by member
Gan Kim Guan	1	1
Chan Weng Hoong	1	1
Cheang Kwan Chow	1	1

The main activities undertaken by the Committee during the year under review were as follows:

- a) Reviewed the re-election of Directors retiring at the AGM under Articles 77 of the Article of Association;
- b) Assessed the independence of Independent Directors.
- c) Reviewed the composition and the required mix of skills, experience and other qualities of the Board and gender diversity; and
- d) Reviewed the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, the Board Committees and contribution of each Director.

This Report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 26 March 2015.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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56 DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 January 2015.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company are those of cultivation of oil palm and investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 16 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities during the financial year.

Results

	Group RM	Company RM
Profit attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	75,279,440 14,409,545	53,073,399
Profit net of tax	89,688,985	53,073,399

Reserves and provisions

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

In the opinion of the Directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

Dividends

The amounts of dividends paid by the Company since 31 January 2014 were as follows:

La constant de la Cina di Cina	RM
In respect of the financial year ended 31 January 2014 : - Final single-tier dividend of 8 sen per share on 310,191,969 ordinary shares, paid on 29 August 2014	24,815,357
In respect of the financial year ended 31 January 2015 : - Interim single-tier dividend of 7 sen per share on 310,411,669 ordinary shares, paid on 21 November 2014	21,728,817
	46,544,174

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, a final single-tier dividend in respect of the financial year ended 31 January 2015, of 6 sen per ordinary share will be proposed for shareholders' approval. The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect this proposed dividend. Such dividend, if approved by the shareholders, will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 January 2016.

The proposed final dividend of RM18,632,788 is subject to change in proportion to changes in the Company's issued and paid up capital, if any.

(CONT'D)

Directors

The names of the Directors of the Company in office since the date of the last report and at the date of this report are :

Gooi Seong Lim Gooi Seong Heen Gooi Seong Chneh Gooi Seong Gum Gan Kim Guan Chan Weng Hoong Cheang Kwan Chow

Directors' benefits

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during that year, did there subsist any arrangement to which the Company was a party, whereby the Directors might acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director has received or become entitled to receive a benefit (other than benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the Directors or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the Company as shown in Note 10 to the financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with any director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a company in which he has a substantial financial interest, except as disclosed in Note 31 to the financial statements.

Directors' interests

The following Directors who held office at the end of the financial year had, according to the register of Directors' shareholdings, interests in shares in the Company and its related corporations as stated below:

	Number of ordinary shares of RM1 each			
The Company	1.2.2014	Acquired	Sold	31.1.2015
Gooi Seong Lim - direct interest	1,149,552	14,000	_	1,163,552
- indirect interest	199,442,101	, -	-	199,442,101
Gooi Seong Heen				
- direct interest	1,767,912	-	-	1,767,912
- indirect interest	198,106,102	-	-	198,106,102
Gooi Seong Chneh				
- direct interest	1,613,912	14,000	-	1,627,912
- indirect interest	198,106,102	-	-	198,106,102
Gooi Seong Gum				
- direct interest	132,600	-	-	132,600
- indirect interest	198,162,102	-	-	198,162,102

58 DIRECTORS' REPORT

(CONT'D)

Directors' interests (cont'd)

	Number of options under employees' share option scheme over ordinary shares of RM1 each			
The Company	1.2.2014	Granted	Exercised	31.1.2015
Gooi Seong Lim	14,000	-	14,000	-
Gooi Seong Chneh	14,000	-	14,000	-
		er of ordinary		
Holding company	1.2.2014	Acquired	Sold	31.1.2015
Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad				
Gooi Seong Lim				
- direct interest - indirect interest	22,125 11,250	-	-	22,125 11,250
Out Committee	,			,
Gooi Seong Heen - direct interest	22,125	-	-	22,125
- indirect interest	11,250	-	-	11,250
Gooi Seong Chneh				
- direct interest	22,125	-	-	22,125
- indirect interest	11,250	-	-	11,250
Gooi Seong Gum - direct interest	22.425		_	22.125
- indirect interest	22,125 11,250	-	-	22,125 11,250
	Num	har of ardinar	v charge of PM	I1 oach
Related corporation	1.2.2014	nber of ordinar Acquired	y Shares of RM Sold	31.1.2015
Crescendo Corporation Berhad				
Gooi Seong Lim				
- direct interest	1,340,452	_	_	1,340,452
- indirect interest	144,917,805	-	-	144,917,805
Gooi Seong Heen				
- direct interest	4,559,121	-	-	4,559,121
- indirect interest	141,070,133	-	-	141,070,133
Gooi Seong Chneh				
- direct interest - indirect interest	4,144,124 141,002,133	-	-	4,144,124 141,002,133
	141,002,133	-	-	141,002,133
Gooi Seong Gum	4/4 000 400			1/1 000 100
- indirect interest	141,002,133	-	-	141,002,133

(CONT'D)

Directors' interests (cont'd)

Related corporation	Number of irredeemable convertible unsecured loan stocks 2009/2016 at nominal value of RM1 each 1.2.2014 Acquired Converted 31.1.2015			
Crescendo Corporation Berhad				
Gooi Seong Lim - indirect interest	51,445,981	-	-	51,445,981
Gooi Seong Heen - indirect interest	51,445,981	-	-	51,445,981
Gooi Seong Chneh - indirect interest	51,445,981	-	-	51,445,981
Gooi Seong Gum - indirect interest	51,445,981	-	-	51,445,981
Related corporation	Num 1.2.2014	ber of ordinar Acquired	y shares of RM Sold	1 each 31.1.2015
Crescendo Overseas Corporation Sdn. Bhd.				
Gooi Seong Lim - direct interest - indirect interest	12,250 51,000	- -	- -	12,250 51,000
Gooi Seong Heen - direct interest - indirect interest	12,250 51,000	- -	- -	12,250 51,000
Gooi Seong Chneh - direct interest - indirect interest	12,250 51,000	- -	- -	12,250 51,000
Gooi Seong Gum - direct interest - indirect interest	12,250 51,000	- -	-	12,250 51,000

60 DIRECTORS' REPORT

(CONT'D)

Directors' interests (cont'd)

	Num	nber of ordinary s	hares of RM	1 each
Related corporation	1.2.2014	Acquired	Sold	31.1.2015
Panoramic Housing Development Sdn. Bhd.				
Gooi Seong Lim				
- direct interest	5,700	-	-	5,700
- indirect interest	1,444,200	-	-	1,444,200
Gooi Seong Heen				
- direct interest	5,700	-	_	5,700
- indirect interest	1,444,200	-	-	1,444,200
Gooi Seong Chneh				
- direct interest	5,700	-	-	5,700
- indirect interest	1,444,200	-	-	1,444,200
Gooi Seong Gum				
- direct interest	5,700	_	_	5,700
- indirect interest	1,444,200	-	-	1,444,200

By virtue of their interests in the shares in the holding company, Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad, Gooi Seong Lim, Gooi Seong Heen, Gooi Seong Chneh and Gooi Seong Gum are also deemed to have interests in the shares in the Company and its related corporations to the extent that the holding company has interests.

The other Directors in the office at the end of the financial year had no interest in shares in the Company and its related corporations during the financial year.

Issue of shares, share options and debentures

During the financial year, 2,150,400 ordinary shares of RM1 each were issued by virtue of the exercise of 2,800 share options (at RM1.00 per share), 91,900 share options (at RM1.19 per share), 272,700 share options (at RM2.27 per share), 126,800 share options (at RM1.75 per share), 238,800 share options (at RM2.12 per share), 323,000 share options (at RM2.00 per share), 242,900 share options (at RM2.42 per share), 674,400 share options (at RM2.01 per share) and 177,100 shares options (at RM2.48 per share) granted pursuant to the Company's Employees' Share Option Scheme.

The new ordinary shares issued during the year rank pari passu in all respects with the existing shares of the Company.

The Company did not issue any debentures during the financial year.

(CONT'D)

Employees' share option scheme

The Company implemented an Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") which came into effect on 18 March 2005 for a period of 5 years. The ESOS is governed by the By-Laws which were approved by the shareholders on 26 January 2005. On 30 March 2009, the Directors approved the extension of the ESOS period for another 5 years from 17 March 2010.

The main features of the ESOS are:

- (i) The total number of new ordinary shares to be issued by the Company under the ESOS shall not exceed 15% of the total issued and paid up ordinary shares of the Company, and such that not more than 50% of the shares available under ESOS is allocated in aggregate to the Directors and senior management.
- (ii) Not more than 10% of the shares available under ESOS is to be allocated to any individual Director or employee who, either singly or collectively through his/her associates, holds 20% or more in the issued and paid up capital of the Company.
- (iii) Only employees and Executive Directors of the Group are eligible to participate in the scheme. Executive Directors are those involved in a full time day-to-day managerial and executive capacity in any company within the Group and on the payroll of the Group.
- (iv) The option price under the ESOS is the five (5) days weighted average market price of the shares of the Company at the time the option is granted, subject to a discount of not more than ten percent (10%), which the Company may at its discretion decide to give, or the par value of the shares of the Company of RM1, whichever is the higher.
- (v) The options granted will be valid up to the extended expiry date of the ESOS on 17 March 2015.
- (vi) An option holder may, in a particular year, exercise up to such maximum number of shares as specified in the option certificate in accordance with By-law 7.4.
- (vii) The persons to whom the options are granted have no right to participate by virtue of the options in any shares of any other company within the Group.
- (viii) Eligible employees are those who have been employed for at least three calendar months of continuous service, after the probation period, and is confirmed in full time service in any company within the Group.

Details of all the options to subscribe for ordinary shares of the Company pursuant to the employee share option scheme as at 31 January 2015 are as follows :

Options granted on:	shares o grant unexo Exercise a	options ted and ercised	Percentage of options exercisable in nancial year 2016 %
31 March 2005	1.00	6,500	100
29 March 2006	1.00	4,600	100
29 March 2007	1.19	25,000	100
27 March 2008	2.27	291,500	100
30 March 2009	1.75	37,500	100
29 March 2010	2.12	185,400	100
31 March 2011	2.00	217,600	100
29 March 2012	2.42	523,300	100
28 March 2013	2.01	151,500	100
27 March 2014	2.48	303,000	100
26 June 2014	2.64	236,800	100
	2,4	482,700	

The above employees' share option scheme expired on 17 March 2015.

62 DIRECTORS' REPORT

(CONT'D)

Employees' share option scheme (cont'd)

During the financial year, the Company granted 1,268,900 new share options to eligible employees. The Company has been granted exemption by the Companies Commission of Malaysia from having to disclose the names of employees who have been granted options to subscribe for less than 34,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each.

Employees granted options to subscribe for 34,000 or more ordinary shares of RM1 each during the financial year are as follow:

Number of Share Options

Name	Grant date	Expiry date	Price	Granted	Exercised/ Cancelled	Outstanding as at 31.01.2015
Bonaventure Joefirik	27.03.2014	17.03.2015	2.48	50,000	_	50,000
Chan Shau Lun	27.03.2014	17.03.2015	2.48	15,000	-	15,000
Chan Shau Lun	26.06.2014	17.03.2015	2.64	23,000	-	23,000
Choo Seck Keong	27.03.2014	17.03.2015	2.48	90,000	90,000	-
Gan Leong Hoe @ Zephyrinus	27.03.2014	17.03.2015	2.48	51,000	-	51,000
Han Kim Juan	27.03.2014	17.03.2015	2.48	15,000	-	15,000
Han Kim Juan	26.06.2014	17.03.2015	2.64	23,000	-	23,000
Joseph L.R.Madiley	27.03.2014	17.03.2015	2.48	35,000	-	35,000
Ma'arof Bin Abd. Wahab	27.03.2014	17.03.2015	2.48	4,000	-	4,000
Ma'arof Bin Abd. Wahab	26.06.2014	17.03.2015	2.64	30,000	-	30,000
Pariun Yukin	27.03.2014	17.03.2015	2.48	35,000	-	35,000
Stephen Francis	27.03.2014	17.03.2015	2.48	35,000	-	35,000
Zaimezal Bin Selamat	27.03.2014	17.03.2015	2.48	500	-	500
Zaimezal Bin Selamat	26.06.2014	17.03.2015	2.64	33,500	-	33,500

Details of options granted to Directors are disclosed in the section on Directors' interests in this report.

Treasury shares

During the financial year, the Company repurchased 362,000 of its issued ordinary shares from the open market at an average price of RM2.72 per share. The total consideration paid for the repurchase including transaction costs was RM992,887. The shares repurchased are being held as treasury shares in accordance with Section 67A of the Companies Act, 1965.

At 31 January 2015, the Company held as treasury shares a total of 562,000 of its 311,108,469 issued ordinary shares. Such treasury shares are held at a carrying amount of RM1,495,890 and further relevant details are disclosed in Note 24(b) to the financial statements.

Other statutory information

- (a) Before the statements of comprehensive income and statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps:
 - (i) to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of provision for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate provision had been made for doubtful debts; and
 - (ii) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their value as shown in the accounting records in the ordinary course of business had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.
- (b) At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render:
 - (i) the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; and
 - (ii) the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.

(CONT'D)

Other statutory information (cont'd)

- (c) At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.
- (d) At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.
- (e) As at the date of this report, there does not exist:
 - (i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
 - (ii) any contingent liability of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (f) In the opinion of the Directors:
 - (i) no contingent or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group or of the Company to meet its obligations when they fall due; and
 - (ii) no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group or of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

Holding and ultimate holding company

The Directors regard Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad, a company incorporated in Malaysia, as the Company's holding and ultimate holding company.

Auditors

The auditors, Ernst & Young, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 26 May 2015.

Gooi Seong Heen Gooi Seong Chneh

64 STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

PURSUANT TO SECTION 169(15) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1965

We, Gooi Seong Heen and Gooi Seong Chneh, being two of the Directors of Kim Loong Resources Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Directors, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 67 to 136 are drawn up in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 January 2015 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

The information set out in Note 41 to the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 26 May 2015.

Gooi Seong Heen Gooi Seong Chneh

STATUTORY DECLARATION

PURSUANT TO SECTION 169(16) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1965

I, Chow Kok Hiang, being the Officer primarily responsible for the financial management of Kim Loong Resources Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 67 to 137 are in my opinion correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by]	
the abovenamed Chow Kok Hiang)	
at Johor Bahru in the State of)	
Johor Darul Ta'zim on 26 May 2015)	Chow Kok Hiang

Before me,

Commissioner for Oaths

TO THE MEMBERS OF KIM LOONG RESOURCES BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

Report on the financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of Kim Loong Resources Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 January 2015, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, as set out on pages 67 to 136.

Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, and for such internal control as the Directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly drawn up in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 January 2015 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:

- (a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- (b) We are satisfied that the financial statements of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the financial statements of the Company are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- (c) The auditors' reports on the financial statements of the subsidiaries were not subject to any qualification and did not include any comment required to be made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

66 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF KIM LOONG RESOURCES BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA) (CONT'D)

Other matters

The supplementary information set out in Note 41 to the financial statements on page 137 is disclosed to meet the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA Guidance") and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. In our opinion, the supplementary information is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the MIA Guidance and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young AF 0039 Chartered Accountants

Johor Bahru, Malaysia Date: 26 May 2015 Wun Mow Sang 1821/12/16 (J) Chartered Accountant

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015

			Group	С	ompany
	Note	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Revenue	4	774,925,361	640,393,511	19,028,216	16,853,239
Cost of sales	5	(623,220,423)	(515,864,889)	(8,749,145)	(9,270,998)
Gross profit Other items of income	6	151,704,938 11,400,772	124,528,622 8,010,732	10,279,071 57,730,374	7,582,241 61,500,309
Other items of expense					
Distribution cost		(17,097,139)	(15,396,562)	(626,619)	(643,055)
Administrative expenses		(19,413,833)	(15,787,617)	(10,242,692)	(9,644,922)
Finance costs	7	(1,274,101)	(1,138,132)	-	-
Other expenses		(6,458,060)	(4,783,796)	(265,533)	(146,601)
Profit before tax	8	118,862,577	95,433,247	56,874,601	58,647,972
Tax	11	(29,173,592)	(22,073,960)	(3,801,202)	(2,180,059)
Profit net of tax		89,688,985	73,359,287	53,073,399	56,467,913
Other comprehensive income					
Net movement on cash flow hedge		5,807	15,592	-	-
Tax relating to cash flow hedge	23	(1,452)	(3,898)	-	-
Increase in reserve arising from:					
- disposal of assets		23,515	-	-	-
- reduction in tax rate		597,199	-	179,680	-
Other comprehensive					
income for the year, net of tax		625,069	11,694	179,680	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		90,314,054	73,370,981	53,253,079	56,467,913
Profit attributable to:					
Owners of the Company		75,279,440	61,059,351	53,073,399	56,467,913
Non-controlling interests		14,409,545	12,299,936	-	-
		89,688,985	73,359,287	53,073,399	56,467,913
Total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Owners of the Company		75,810,562	61,066,508	53,253,079	56,467,913
Non-controlling interests		14,503,492	12,304,473	-	-
		90,314,054	73,370,981	53,253,079	56,467,913
Earnings per share attributable to					
owners of the Company (sen per share): - Basic	12	24.31	19.79		
- Diluted	12	24.31	19.79		
Ditated	12	24.50	17.70	_	

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

68 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 JANUARY 2015

	Note	2015 RM	2014 RM
Assets			
Non-current assets	4.0	000 054 500	000 /40 000
Property, plant and equipment Land use rights	13 14	390,071,793 2,363,118	375,418,570 2,477,778
Biological assets	15	83,124,609	82,696,082
Patents	17	-	-
Deferred tax assets	23	11,011,500	11,899,750
		486,571,020	472,492,180
Current assets			
Inventories	18	26,060,646	36,870,052
Trade and other receivables	19	17,640,182	17,989,346
Prepayments Tax recoverable		4,253,373	7,439,019
Cash and bank balances	20	188,777 271,482,082	317,066 229,762,498
Oddit and bank batanees			
		319,625,060	292,377,981
Total assets		806,196,080	764,870,161
Equity and liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	21	45,994,982	37,381,765
Loans and borrowings	22	20,943,421	19,901,612
Tax payable		3,532,811	4,019,494
Derivatives	33	-	5,807
		70,471,214	61,308,678
Net current assets		249,153,846	231,069,303
Non-current liabilities			
Other payables	21	1,208,839	1,936,095
Loans and borrowings Deferred tax liabilities	22 23	32,965,000	30,652,000
Deferred tax dabitities		51,530,101	52,702,539
		85,703,940	85,290,634
Total liabilities		156,175,154	146,599,312
Net assets		650,020,926	618,270,849
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	07	211 100 770	200 050 070
Share capital Share promium	24 26	311,108,469	308,958,069
Share premium Treasury shares	26 24(b)	5,505,048 (1,495,890)	2,501,862 (503,003)
Other reserves	24(b)	40,762,913	41,150,447
Retained earnings	20	220,271,207	190,628,889
		576,151,747	542,736,264
Non-controlling interests		73,869,179	75,534,585
Total equity		650,020,926	618,270,849
Total equity and liabilities		806,196,080	764,870,161

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 JANUARY 2015

	Note	2015 RM	2014 RM
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	13	71,591,225	70,437,966
Biological assets	15	12,638,789	10,441,688
Investments in subsidiaries Other receivables	16 19	45,925,151 82,387,480	45,930,098 80,587,418
	.,	212,542,645	207,397,170
		212,342,043	207,377,170
Current assets Inventories	18	180,749	273,265
Trade and other receivables	19	29,140,117	49,618,844
Prepayments	17	123,917	83,449
Cash and bank balances	20	137,577,721	110,982,451
		167,022,504	160,958,009
Total assets		379,565,149	368,355,179
Equity and liabilities			
Current liability			
Trade and other payables	21	3,170,687	3,068,213
Tax payable		166,383	231,213
		3,337,070	3,299,426
Net current assets		163,685,434	157,658,583
Non-current liability			
Deferred tax liabilities	23	12,579,282	12,276,678
Total liabilities		15,916,352	15,576,104
Net assets		363,648,797	352,779,075
Equity attributable to owners of the Company			
Share capital	24	311,108,469	308,958,069
Share premium	26	5,505,048	2,501,862
Treasury shares	24(b)	(1,495,890)	(503,003)
Other reserves Retained earnings	25 29	14,416,366 34,114,804	14,440,556 27,381,591
Total equity		363,648,797	352,779,075

				\			Attributable to	Attributable to owners of the Company	Company	,		A 1	
		Note	Total equity RM	Total	Share capital (Note 24) RM	Share premium (Note 26) RM	Other reserves, total RM	Revaluation reserve r (Note 27) (N	Option eserve lote 28) RM	Hedging reserve (Note 33(c)) RM	Retained Treas earnings sh	sury ares	Non- controlling interests RM
	At 1 February 2014		618,270,849	542,736,264	308,958,069	2,501,862	41,150,447	40,392,617	760,495	(2,665)	190,628,889	(503,003)	75,534,585
	Changes in equity for the year:												
	Realisation of revaluation surplus on leasehold land, net of tax	30	1	1	1	1	(825,670)	(825,670)	1	1	825,670	1	1
	Realisation of revaluation surplus on leasehold land, upon compulsory acquisition		1	•	1	ı	(93,104)	[93,104]	1	ı	93,104	1	1
кім	Profit for the year		89,688,985	75,279,440	ı		1	1	'	ı	75,279,440		14,409,545
LOON	Other comprehensive income		625,069	531,122	ı	•	531,122	528,457		2,665	ı	•	93,947
G RF	Total comprehensive income	•	90,314,054	75,810,562	ı	'	531,122	528,457	'	2,665	75,279,440	'	14,503,492
OUR	Transactions with owners												
ES RI	Share-based payment under ESOS		705,104	705,104	ı		705,104	1	705,104	ı	1		1
ERHAD (2	Transfer of reserve arising from exercise of ESOS		,	,	,	704,986	[704,986]	1	(704,986)	1	,	1	1
2703-K1	Issue of shares pursuant to exercise of ESOS		4,487,916	4,487,916	2,150,400	2,337,516	ı	1	1	1	1	1	ı
	Expenses in relation to issuance of shares		(39,316)	(39,316)	,	(39,316)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Buy-back of shares	24(b)	[992,887]	(992,887)	1	,	1	1		1	1	(992,887)	•

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

			•		,	Attributable to	Attributable to owners of the Company	Company	,	;	A	
					•	2 1040	Non-Distributable	e		Distributable	table –	a d
	:	Total equity	Total	Share capital	Share	reserves, total	Revaluation reserve		Hedging	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	controlling interests
	Note	RM	R	(Note 24) RM	(Note 26) RM	RM	(Note 27) RM	(Note 28) (RM	(Note 33(c)) RM	R	R	RM
Transactions with owners (cont'd)												
Acquisition independents non-controlling interests		(375,620)	1	1	'	ı	1	,	1	1	'	(375,620)
Dilution of interests in subsidiary company		1	(11,722)	1	•	1	•	1	1	(11,722)	1	11,722
Issuance of shares to non-controlling interests of subsidiary companies		55,000	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	ı	55,000
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(15,860,000)	1	ı	ı	1	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	(15,860,000)
Dividends for the year ended - 31 January 2014 - 31 January 2015	39	(24,815,357) (21,728,817)	(24,815,357) (21,728,817)	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	(24,815,357) (21,728,817)	1 1	1 1
Total transactions with owners		(58,563,977)	(42,395,079)	2,150,400	3,003,186	118	1	118	1	(46,555,896) (992,887) (16,168,898)	(992,887)	(16,168,898)
At 31 January 2015		650,020,926	576,151,747	311,108,469	5,505,048	40,762,913	40,002,300	760,613	1	220,271,207 (1,495,890)	(1,495,890)	73,869,179

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

72 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

			\			Attributable to	Attributable to owners of the Company	Company	,	i	A /	
		Total equity	Total	Share capital	Share	Other reserves, total	Revaluation reserve r	Option reserve	Hedging	Retained Trease ship	sury	Non- controlling interests
	Note	R W	RM	(Note 24) RM	(Note 26) RM	R	(Note 27) RM		(Note 33(c)) RM	R	R	RM
At 1 February 2013		595,659,013	518,148,931	308,667,469	2,110,314	41,642,870	41,218,287	434,405	(9,822)	165,788,889	(60,611)	(60,611) 77,510,082
Changes in equity for the year:												
Realisation of revaluation surplus on leasehold land, net of tax	30	,	1	1	,	(825,670)	[825,670]		T.	825,670		
Profit for the year		73,359,287	61,059,351	1	'	ı	,		1	61,059,351	'	12,299,936
Other comprehensive income		11,694	7,157	1	1	7,157	1		7,157	1		4,537
Total comprehensive income		73,370,981	61,066,508	1	'	7,157	ı	,	7,157	61,059,351	,	12,304,473
Transactions with owners												
Share-based payment under ESOS		422,625	422,625	ı	'	422,625	1	422,625	1	,	'	1
Transfer of reserve arising from exercise of ESOS		1	1	1	96,535	(96,535)	ı	[96,535]	1		ı	1
Issue of shares pursuant to exercise of ESOS		594,483	594,483	290,600	303,883	ı	ı	1	1		ı	1
Expenses in relation to issuance of shares		(8,870)	(8,870)	,	(8,870)	ı	1	1	ı	•	•	1
Buy-back of shares	24(b)	(442,392)	(442,392)	1	1	I	1	1	1	1	(442,392)	•
Issuance of shares to non- controlling interests of subsidiary companies		30	1	,	ı	1	1	1	ı		1	30
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(14,280,000)	1	1	ı	ı	ı	1	1		1	(14,280,000)
Dividends for the year ended - 31 January 2013 - 31 January 2014	39	(21,606,723)	(21,606,723) (15,438,298)	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	(21,606,723) (15,438,298)	1 1	1 1
Total transactions with owners		(50,759,145)	(36,479,175)	290,600	391,548	326,090	1	326,090	1	(37,045,021)	(442,392)	(442,392) (14,279,970)
At 31 January 2014		618,270,849	542,736,264	308,958,069	2,501,862	41,150,447	40,392,617	760,495	(2,665)	190,628,889	(503,003)	75,534,585

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015

Total lating and lating lati				Share	Share	Non-distributable Revaluation	e Ontion	Distrib Retained	← Distributable → Retained Treasury
arthe year: nation lid land, net of tax 30 - - (203,988) se income 53,073,399 - - 179,680 e income 53,253,073 - - 179,680 wners - - - 179,680 wners - - - 179,680 nt under ESOS - - - 179,680 suant to 4,487,916 2,150,400 2,337,516 - suant to - - 704,986 - are ended - - 704,986 - are ended - - - - 24(b) (992,887) - - - - 1 to - - - - - 24(b) (992,887) - - - - 1 to - - - - - 24(b) - - - - - 24(b) - - - - - <th></th> <th>Note</th> <th>Total equity RM</th> <th>capital (Note 24) RM</th> <th>premium (Note 26) RM</th> <th>reserve (Note 27) RM</th> <th>reserve (Note 28) RM</th> <th>earnings</th> <th>shares</th>		Note	Total equity RM	capital (Note 24) RM	premium (Note 26) RM	reserve (Note 27) RM	reserve (Note 28) RM	earnings	shares
and find the year: 30	At 1 February 2014		352,779,075	308,958,069	2,501,862	13,680,061	760,495	27,381,591	(503,003)
Lation and land, net of tax 30 - - (203,988) Lation and land, net of tax 30 - - (203,988) Le income 53,073,399 - - 179,680 wners 53,253,079 - - 179,680 wners 705,104 - - 179,680 arrising - 704,986 - - suant to 4,487,916 2,150,400 2,337,516 - are ended 39 (24,815,357) - - - vith owners (42,383,357) 2,150,400 3,003,186 - -	Changes in equity for the year:								
Fe income Fe income 53,073,399 179,680 Fe income 53,253,079 179,680 Fe income 53,253,079 179,680 Fe income 53,253,079 179,680 Fe income 50.5 Fe inc	Realisation of revaluation surplus on leasehold land, net of tax	30	ı	ı	ı	(203,988)	ı	203,988	ı
wners 705,104 - - 179,680 ant under ESOS 705,104 - - - - antising - - 704,986 - - suant to 4,487,916 2,150,400 2,337,516 - - at to (992,887) - - - - are ended 39 (24,815,357) - - - atth owners (42,383,357) 2,150,400 3,003,186 -	Profit for the year Other comprehensive income		53,073,399 179,680	1 1	1 1	- 179,680	1 1	53,073,399	1 1
wners 705,104 - <th< td=""><td>Total comprehensive income</td><td></td><td>53,253,079</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>179,680</td><td>1</td><td>53,073,399</td><td>'</td></th<>	Total comprehensive income		53,253,079	1	1	179,680	1	53,073,399	'
arising 50S	Transactions with owners								
arising SoS 704,986 suant to to to 4,487,916 2,150,400 2,337,516 (39,316) - (39,287) - (39,316) arended 39 (24,815,357) 142,383,357) 2,150,400 3,003,186 arith owners 704,986 (39,316) (42,383,357) 2,150,400 3,003,186	Share-based payment under ESOS		705,104	1	1	,	705,104	1	1
ar ended 39	Transfer of reserve arising from exercise of ESOS		ı	ı	704,986	ı	(704,986)	ı	ı
ar ended 39	Issue of shares pursuant to exercise of ESOS		4,487,916	2,150,400	2,337,516	1	1	ı	1
ar ended 39	Expenses in relation to issuance of shares		(39,316)	ı	(39,316)	1	1	ı	ı
ar ended 39 [24,815,357]	Buy-back of shares	24(b)	(992,887)	1	ı	ı	1	1	(992,887)
vith owners (42,383,357) 2,150,400 3,003,186 -	Dividends for the year ended - 31 January 2014 - 31 January 2015	39	(24,815,357) (21,728,817)	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	(24,815,357) (21,728,817)	1 1
	Total transactions with owners		(42,383,357)	2,150,400	3,003,186	'	118	(46,544,174)	(992,887)
363,648,797 311,108,469 5,505,048 13,655,753	At 31 January 2015		363,648,797	311,108,469	5,505,048	13,655,753	760,613	34,114,804	(1,495,890)

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

74 COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

				<u></u>	Non-distributable	e	< Distributable →	rtable —
2	₫ 2	Total	Share capital (Note 24)	Share premium (Note 26)	Revaluation reserve (Note 27)	Option reserve (Note 28)	Retained earnings	Treasury shares
		RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	R
At 1 February 2013	Ö	332,790,337	308,667,469	2,110,314	13,884,049	434,405	7,754,711	(60,611)
Changes in equity for the year:								
Realisation of revaluation surplus on leasehold land, net of tax	30	1	1	ı	(203,988)	1	203,988	1
Profit for the year		56,467,913	ı	1	ı	1	56,467,913	ı
Total comprehensive income		56,467,913	,	1	'	ı	56,467,913	'
Transactions with owners								
Share-based payment under ESOS		422,625	1	1	1	422,625	1	ı
Transfer of reserve arising from exercise of ESOS		1	•	96,535	•	(96,535)	1	1
Issue of shares pursuant to exercise of ESOS		594,483	290,600	303,883	•	•	•	1
Expenses in relation to issuance of shares		(8,870)	,	(8,870)	,	,	•	1
Buy-back of shares	24(b)	(442,392)	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	(442,392)
Dividends for the year ended - 31 January 2013 - 31 January 2014	39 (5	(21,606,723) (15,438,298)	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	(21,606,723) (15,438,298)	1 1
Total transactions with owners)	(36,479,175)	290,600	391,548	1	326,090	(37,045,021)	(442,392)
At 31 January 2014	c,	352,779,075	308,958,069	2,501,862	13,680,061	760,495	27,381,591	(503,003)

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015

		Group	С	ompany
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Operating activities				
Cash receipts from customers	778,519,650	645,024,356	24,021,894	21,006,441
Rental received	167,460	77,643	36,000	36,000
Interest received	8,307,272	6,277,736	10,442,322	4,365,218
Dividends received	-	-	42,550,000	52,650,000
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	(614,934,126)	(520,874,513)	(17,022,426)	(10,900,012)
Cash generated from operations	172,060,256	130,505,222	60,027,790	67,157,647
Interest paid	(1,129,773)	(971,265)	-	-
Net tax (paid)/refunded	(29,196,912)	(17,266,011)	(3,383,747)	1,230,977
Net cash generated from operating activities	141,733,571	112,267,946	56,644,043	68,388,624
Investing activities				
Acquisition of biological assets, land use rights				
and property plant and equipment (Note a)	(43,817,215)	(33,774,575)	(5,326,779)	(4,551,183)
Advances to subsidiaries	-	-	(8,052,719)	(9,464,038)
Repayments from subsidiaries	-	-	26,379,186	14,459,965
Additional investment in existing subsidiaries	(322,000)	-	-	-
Interest paid	(1,064,949)	(1,086,113)	-	-
Proceeds from compulsory acquisition	471,582		-	-
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	257,247	540,280	40,000	168,950
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	(44,475,335)	(34,320,408)	13,039,688	613,694
Financing activities				
Dividends paid	(46,544,174)	(37,045,021)	(46,544,174)	(37,045,021)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(15,860,000)	(14,280,000)	-	-
Expenses paid in relation to issuance of shares	(39,316)	(8,870)	(39,316)	(8,870)
Proceeds from issuance of shares				
to non-controlling interests	55,000	30		
Proceeds from issuance of shares	4,487,916	594,483	4,487,916	594,483
Proceeds from bank borrowings	8,335,000	11,665,000	-	-
Repayments of bank borrowings	(5,247,000)	(2,232,000)	(000,007)	-
Purchase of treasury shares	(992,887)	[442,392]	(992,887)	(442,392)
Net cash used in financing activities	(55,805,461)	(41,748,770)	(43,088,461)	(36,901,800)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	41,452,775	36,198,768	26,595,270	32,100,518
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	222,607,886	186,409,118	110,982,451	78,881,933
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Note 20)	264,060,661	222,607,886	137,577,721	110,982,451

76 STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

Note a : Acquisition of biological assets, land use rights and property, plant and equipment

		Group	Co	mpany
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Biological assets, land use rights and property,				
plant and equipment acquired	45,733,433	36,492,870	5,423,773	5,283,410
Less expenses capitalised:				
- depreciation and amortisation	(424,140)	(522,095)	(269,401)	(351,119)
- interest	(1,053,140)	(1,110,393)	-	
Cash paid in respect of prior year's acquisition	2,503,539	2,114,727	612,004	330,896
Unpaid balances of current year's acquisition				
included under payables	(2,136,287)	(2,200,042)	(439,597)	(612,004)
Prepayment/deposits paid in prior years	(1,238,880)	(2,566,872)	_	(100,000)
Prepayment/deposits paid in current year	432,690	1,566,380	-	-
Cash paid	43,817,215	33,774,575	5,326,779	4,551,183

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015

1. Corporate information

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The principal place of business of the Company is located at Lot 18.01, 18th Floor, Public Bank Tower, 19, Jalan Wong Ah Fook, 80000 Johor Bahru, Johor. The registered office of the Company is located at Unit No. 203, 2nd Floor, Block C, Damansara Intan, No.1, Jalan SS 20/27, 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

The principal activities of the Company are those of cultivation of oil palm and investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 16 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities during the financial year.

The Directors regard Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad, a company incorporated in Malaysia, as the Company's holding and ultimate holding company.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS") and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. At the beginning of the current financial year, the Group and the Company adopted new and amended FRS which are mandatory for financial periods beginning on or after 1 February 2014 as described fully in Note 2.2.

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared on a historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies below and are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (RM).

2.2 Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as follows:

On 1 February 2014, the Group and the Company adopted the following amended FRS and IC Interpretation which are relevant to the operations of the Group and of the Company for financial year ended 31 January 2015:

Description

Amendments to FRS 10, FRS 12 and FRS 127 – Investment Entities
Amendments to FRS 132 Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
Amendments to FRS 136 Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets
Amendments to FRS 139 Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting
IC Interpretation 21 Levies

Adoption of the above standards and interpretations did not have any effect on the financial performance or position of the Group and the Company.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

2.3 Standards issued but not yet effective

The standards and interpretations that are issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Company's financial statements are disclosed below. The Group and the Company have not completed its assessment of the financial effects and intends to adopt these standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to FRS 119 Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions	1 July 2014
Annual Improvements to FRSs 2010-2012 Cycle	1 July 2014
Annual Improvements to FRSs 2011-2013 Cycle	1 July 2014
Annual Improvements to FRSs 2012-2014 Cycle	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 11: Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 116 and FRS 138: Clarification of Acceptable Methods	
of Depreciation and Amortisation	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 127 : Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 10 and FRS128: Sale or Contribution of Assets between	
an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 101: Disclosure Initiative	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 10, FRS 12 and FRS 128: Investment Entities: Applying	
the Consolidation Exception	1 January 2016
FRS 9 Financial Instruments	1 January 2018

The Directors expect that the adoption of the above standards and amendments will have no material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application.

Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards (MFRS Framework)

The MFRS Framework is to be applied by all Entities Other Than Private Entities for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012, with the exception of entities that are within the scope of MFRS 141 Agriculture (MFRS 141) and IC Interpretation 15 Agreements for Construction of Real Estate (IC 15), including its parent, significant investor and venturer (herein called 'Transitioning Entities').

Transitioning Entities are allowed to defer adoption of the new MFRS Framework. Consequently, adoption of the MFRS Framework by Transitioning Entities will be mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.

The Company falls within the scope definition of Transitioning Entities and accordingly, will be required to prepare financial statements using the MFRS Framework in its first MFRS financial statements for the year ending 31 January 2018. In presenting its first MFRS financial statements, the Company will be required to restate the comparative financial statements to amounts reflecting the application of MFRS Framework. The majority of the adjustments required on transition will be made, retrospectively, against opening retained profits. The Group and the Company are in the midst of assessing the impact of adopting the MFRS Framework.

2.4 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group and its subsidiaries as at the reporting date. The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are prepared for the same reporting date as the Group. Consistent accounting policies are applied for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

The Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has all the following:

- [i] Power over the investee (i.e existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- (ii) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its investment with the investee; and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

2.4 Basis of consolidation (cont'd)

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, the Group considers the following in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power over the investee:

- (i) The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- (ii) Potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- (iii) Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (iv) Any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activates at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Subsidiaries are consolidated when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. All intra-group balances, income and expenses and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

Losses within a subsidiary are attributed to the non-controlling interests even if that results in a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. The resulting difference is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest, is recognised in profit or loss. The subsidiary's cumulative gain or loss which has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss or where applicable, transferred directly to retained earnings. The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date control is lost is regarded as the cost on initial recognition of an investment.

2.5 Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Group has all the following:

- (i) Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- (ii) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its investment with the investee; and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

2.6 Transactions with non-controlling interest

Non-controlling interest represents the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to owners of the Company, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position, separately from equity attributable to owners of the Company.

Changes in the Company owners' ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. In such circumstances, the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

2.7 Foreign currency

(i) Functional and presentation currency

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (RM), which is also the Company's functional currency.

(ii) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are measured in the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries and are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency at the exchange rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies measured at fair value are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at the reporting date are recognised in profit or loss.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for the differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity. Exchange differences arising from such non-monetary items are also recognised directly in equity.

2.8 Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced in intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the property, plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Freehold land has unlimited useful life and therefore is not depreciated. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Number of years

Long leasehold land	60 - 770
Buildings	20 - 50
Plant and machinery	4 - 17
Equipment, furniture and fittings	10 - 17
Motor vehicles	10

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

2.8 Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

Assets under construction are not depreciated as these assets are not yet available for use.

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The residual value, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year-end, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the asset is included in the profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

2.9 Biological assets

New planting and replanting expenditure incurred on land clearing, development and upkeep of immature oil palms (including interest incurred) during the pre-maturity period (pre-cropping costs) is capitalised under biological assets and is not amortised. Upon maturity, all subsequent maintenance expenditure is charged to profit or loss and the capitalised pre-cropping cost is amortised on a straight line basis over 20 years.

All replanting expenditure is also capitalised in biological assets and amortised on the above-mentioned basis.

2.10 Land use rights

Land use rights are initially measured at cost. Following initial recognition, land use rights are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. The land use rights are amortised over their lease terms.

2.11 Patents

Patents and intellectual property are recognised as intangible assets if it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to such assets will flow to the enterprise and the costs of such assets can be measured reliably.

Patents and intellectual property are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised in the profit or loss based on a straight line basis over a period of fifteen (15) years from the date of successful registration.

2.12 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when an annual impairment assessment for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units ("CGU")).

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of a CGU or groups of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to those units or groups of units and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit or groups of units on a pro-rata basis.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

2.12 Impairment of non-financial assets (cont'd)

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

2.13 Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group and the Company determine the classification of their financial assets at initial recognition, and the categories include the following:

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss if they are held for trading or are designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial assets held for trading are derivatives (including separated embedded derivatives and excluding those that are hedge accounted for) or financial assets acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss. Net gains or net losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss do not include exchange differences, interest and dividend income. Exchange differences, interest and dividend income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised separately in profit or loss as part of other losses or other income.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables.

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Loans and receivables are classified as current assets, except for those having maturity dates later than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current.

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised or derecognised on the trade date i.e., the date that the Group and the Company commit to purchase or sell the asset.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

2.14 Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company assess at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired.

Trade and other receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost

To determine whether there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets has been incurred, the Group and the Company consider factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments.

If any such evidence exists, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a receivable becomes uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date. The amount of reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

2.15 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These also include bank overdrafts that form an integral part of the Group and of the Company's cash management.

2.16 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

- Raw materials, consumables and spare parts: purchase costs on a first-in first-out basis.
- Nursery stocks: includes cost of seedlings, labour, materials and attributable overheads in bringing the nursery stocks to their present location and condition.
- Finished goods and work-in-progress: costs of direct materials and labour and a proportion of production overheads based on normal operating capacity. These costs are assigned on a first-in first-out basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.17 Provision

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

2.18 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of FRS 139, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities.

(i) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities held for trading include derivatives entered into by the Group and the Company that do not meet the hedge accounting criteria. Derivative liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently stated at fair value, with any resultant gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. Net gains or losses on derivatives include exchange differences.

The Group and the Company have not designated any financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

(ii) Other financial liabilities

The Group's and the Company's other financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables and loans and borrowings.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

For other financial liabilities, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

2.19 Segment reporting

For management purposes, the Group is organised into operating segments based on their products and services which are independently managed by the respective segment managers responsible for the performance of the respective segments under their charge. The segment managers report directly to the management of the Company who regularly review the segment results in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess the segment performance. Additional disclosures on each of these segments are shown in Note 34, including the factors used to identify the reportable segments and the measurement basis of segment information.

The Group does not identify segments by geographical location as it operates only in Malaysia.

The accounting policies adopted in segment reporting are identical to the accounting policies of the Group.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

2.20 Share capital and share issuance expenses

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Ordinary shares are equity instruments.

Ordinary shares are recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable incremental transaction costs. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared.

2.21 Contingencies

A contingent liability or asset is a possible obligation or asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of uncertain future event(s) not wholly within the control of the Group and of the Company.

Contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised in the statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company.

2.22 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

(i) Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised upon the transfer of significant risk and rewards of ownership of the goods to the customer. Revenue is not recognised to the extent where there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due, associated costs or the possible return of goods.

(ii) Interest income

Interest is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

(iii) Management fees

Management fee income is recognised on the accrual basis.

(iv) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

(v) Rental income

Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. The aggregate costs of incentives provided to lessees are recognised as a reduction of rental income over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

2.23 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying asset if they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of that asset. Capitalisation of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress and the expenditures and borrowing costs are incurred. Borrowing costs are capitalised until the assets are substantially completed for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Group and the Company incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

2.24 Income taxes

(a) Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

(b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, except where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unutilised tax allowances and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unutilised tax allowances and unused tax losses can be utilised except where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity and deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(c) Sales tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of sales tax except:

- Where the sales tax incurred in a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the sales tax is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- Receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of sales tax included.

The net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statements of financial position.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

2.25 Employee benefits

(i) Short term benefits

Wages, salaries, bonuses and social security contributions are recognised as an expense in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

As required by law, companies in Malaysia make contributions to the state pension scheme, the Employees Provident Fund ("EPF"). Contributions to defined contribution pension schemes are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is performed.

(iii) Employee share option plans

Employees of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share options as consideration for services rendered. The cost of these equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value of the options at the date on which the options are granted. This cost is recognised in profit or loss, with a corresponding increase in the employee share option reserve over the vesting period. The cumulative expense recognised at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of options that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to profit or loss for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for options that do not ultimately vest, except for options where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vested irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied. The employee share option reserve is transferred to retained earnings upon expiry of the share options. When the options are exercised, the employee share option reserve is transferred to share capital if new shares are issued, or to treasury shares if the options are satisfied by the reissuance of treasury shares.

2.26 Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial guarantee contracts are recognised as income in profit or loss over the period of the guarantee. If the debtor fails to make payment relating to financial guarantee contract when it is due and the Group, as the issuer, is required to reimburse the holder for the associated loss, the liability is measured at the higher of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

2.27 Leases

(i) As lessee

Finance leases, which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Any initial direct costs are also added to the amount capitalised. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged to profit or loss. Contingent rents, if any, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Leased assets are depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The aggregate benefit of incentives provided by the lessor is recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

(ii) As lessor

Leases where the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same bases as rental income. The accounting policy for rental income is set out in Note 2.22(v).

2.28 Hedge accounting

The Group and the Company use derivatives to manage its exposure to interest rate risk and commodity price risk. These derivatives comprise interest rate swap contracts and commodity swap contracts. The Group and the Company apply hedge accounting for those interest rate swap contracts and commodity swap contracts which qualify for hedge accounting.

For the purpose of hedge accounting, hedging relationships are classified as cash flow hedges as the Group and the Company are hedging exposure to variability in cash flows that is either attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction.

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Group and the Company formally designate and document the hedge relationship to which the Group and the Company wish to apply hedge accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The documentation includes identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item or transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the entity will assess the hedging instrument's effectiveness in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows and are assessed on an ongoing basis to determine that they actually have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

Hedges which meet the strict criteria for hedge accounting are accounted for as a cash flow hedge.

Under a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised directly in other comprehensive income into hedge reserve, while any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss as other expenses.

If the forecast transaction or firm commitment is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised without replacement or rollover, or if its designation as a hedge is revoked, any cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income remain in equity until the forecast transaction or firm commitment affects profit or loss.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

2.29 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available, are used to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re- assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Policies and procedures are determined by senior management for both recurring fair value measurement and for non-recurring measurement.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets and significant liabilities. Involvement of external valuers is decided by senior management. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. The senior management decides, after discussions with the external valuers, which valuation techniques and inputs to use for each case.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, classes of assets and liabilities are determined based on the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (cont'd)

2.30 Current versus non-current classification

Assets and liabilities in the statements of financial position are presented based on current/non- current classification. An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current. A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle:
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

3. Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future.

3.1 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

(i) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

FRS 116: Property, Plant and Equipment requires the review of the residual value and remaining useful life of an item of property, plant and equipment at least at each financial year end. The Group and the Company reviewed the residual values and remaining useful lives of its property, plant and equipment and found that no revisions to the residual values and remaining useful lives of these assets were necessary.

(ii) Biological Assets

Biological assets comprise pre-cropping expenditure incurred from land clearing to the point of maturity. Such expenditure is capitalised and is amortised at maturity of the crop over the useful economic lives of the crop. Management estimates the useful economic lives of the Company's oil palms to be 20 years.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

3. Significant accounting estimates and judgements (cont'd)

3.1 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (cont'd)

(iii) Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses and unutilised tax allowances to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses and allowances can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based on the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

Assumptions about generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. These depend on estimates of future production and sales volume, operating costs, capital expenditure, dividends and other capital management transactions. Judgement is also required about application of income tax legislation. These judgements and assumptions are subject to risks and uncertainty, hence there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations, which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets recognised in the statements of financial position and the amount of unrecognised tax losses and unrecognised temporary differences.

4. Revenue

		Group	С	ompany
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Sales of: Fresh fruit bunches Palm oil milling products	26,248,752 748,676,609	20,293,711 620,099,800	19,028,216	16,853,239 -
	774,925,361	640,393,511	19,028,216	16,853,239

5. Cost of sales

		Group	Co	ompany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Fresh fruit bunches	18,221,671	16,031,095	8,749,145	9,270,998
Palm oil milling products	604,998,752	499,833,794	-	-
	623,220,423	515,864,889	8,749,145	9,270,998

6. Other items of income

	(Group	C	ompany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Interest income	8,349,017	6,425,426	10,524,341	4,439,096
Rental income	167,460	77,643	36,000	36,000
Sundry income	1,114,981	1,148,858	274,129	371,227
Commission received	_	_	1,208,222	1,035,919
Management fee income	124,165	124,165	3,097,683	2,940,292
Discount on acquisition of interests in a subsidiary	53,620	_	-	_
Gain on compulsory acquisition of land	1,505,587	_	-	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	85,942	148,461	39,999	27,775
Gain on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	_	86,179	-	_
Dividend income from subsidiaries	-	-	42,550,000	52,650,000
	11,400,772	8,010,732	57,730,374	61,500,309

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

7. Finance costs

		Group
	2015 RM	2014 RM
Interest expense on: - bank borrowings - other payables	2,204,497 122,744	2,090,109 158,416
Less: Interest capitalised in biological assets (Note 15)	2,327,241 (1,053,140)	2,248,525 (1,110,393)
	1,274,101	1,138,132

The interest expense on other payables arose as a result of the remeasurement of the outstanding amount to its amortised cost.

8. Profit before tax

The following items have been included in arriving at profit before tax :

		Group	С	ompany
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Auditors' remuneration				
Statutory audit				
- current year	242,000	228,000	47,000	45,000
- overprovision in prior years	_	(3,000)	_	_
Other services	6,000	5,000	6,000	5,000
Employee benefit expenses (Note 9)	51,144,803	46,057,527	11,394,738	10,202,863
Depreciation and amortisation:				
- property, plant and equipment (Note 13)	20,328,412	19,352,154	1,356,219	1,199,906
- land use rights (Note 14)	114,660	114,660	_	_
- biological assets (Note 15)	5,518,663	4,976,497	290,498	213,760
Write off of:				
- property, plant and equipment (Note 34 A)	701,095	412,557	157,293	70,622
- biological assets (Note 34 A)	_	237,894	-	_
- bad debts (Note 34 A)	120,157	66,719	457,705	31,910
- inventories (Note 34 A)	13,690	225	-	_
Reversal of write down of inventories (Note 18)	(233,901)	(366,445)	_	_
Write down of inventories (Note 18)	103,056	197,823	-	_
Allowance for impairment losses on:				
- property, plant and equipment (Note 13)	1,744,039	1,800,000	-	_
- biological assets	1,188,621	_	-	_
- other receivables (Note 19)	_	_	_	718,152
Loss on disposal of subsidiary	_	_	4,947	_
Fair value loss on derivatives				
- realised	2,197,676	1,647,214	-	_
Preliminary expenses	450	2,500	-	_
Rental of premises	294,891	206,672	209,431	199,912
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(85,942)	(148,461)	(39,999)	(27,775)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 34 A)	57,350	26,224	_	_
Rental income	(167,460)	(77,643)	(36,000)	(36,000)
Gross dividend income from:				
- subsidiaries	_	_	(42,550,000)	(52,650,000)
Interest income from:				
- deposits	(8,282,057)	(6,358,466)	(3,948,350)	(2,694,475)
- subsidiaries	=	=	(6,509,031)	(1,677,661)
- others	(66,960)	(66,960)	(66,960)	(66,960)

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

9. Employee benefit expenses

	Group		Company		
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM	
Salaries, wages and bonuses	48,762,799	44,965,905	10,441,008	9,969,326	
Defined contribution plan	3,090,653	2,775,581	890,567	821,101	
Social security costs	237,737	224,484	24,707	23,003	
HRD fund	64,469	53,281	_	_	
Provision for unutilised leave (Note 21(c) and 34 A)	45,796	21,522	45,796	21,522	
Share options granted under ESOS (Note 34 A)	705,104	422,625	705,104	422,625	
Total employee benefit expenses	52,906,558	48,463,398	12,107,182	11,257,577	
Amount capitalised in biological assets (Note 15)	(1,761,755)	(2,405,871)	(712,444)	(1,054,714)	
Total employee benefit expenses recognised in profit or loss	51,144,803	46,057,527	11,394,738	10,202,863	

Included in employee benefit expenses of the Group and of the Company are Executive Directors' remuneration amounting to RM4,388,033 (2014: RM3,455,301) and RM3,074,355 (2014: RM3,066,801) respectively as further disclosed in Note 10.

10. Directors' remuneration

		Group	Co	mpany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Directors of the Company				
Executive:				
Fees	318,000	362,000	_	-
Salaries and other emoluments	3,591,935	2,734,935	2,708,935	2,708,435
Defined contribution plan	461,900	351,226	351,140	351,226
Social security costs	1,918	-	-	-
Share options granted under ESOS	14,280	7,140	14,280	7,140
	4,388,033	3,455,301	3,074,355	3,066,801
Estimated monetary value of benefits-in-kind	18,915	14,201	18,915	14,201
	4,406,948	3,469,502	3,093,270	3,081,002
Non-Executive :				
Fees	204,000	204,000	204,000	204,000
Other emoluments	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
	210,000	210,000	210,000	210,000
	4,616,948	3,679,502	3,303,270	3,291,002

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

10. Directors' remuneration (cont'd)

The number of Directors of the Company whose total remuneration during the financial year fell within the following bands is analysed below:

	Number of	f Directors
	2015	2014
Executive Directors:		
RM550,001 - RM600,000	-	1
RM600,001 - RM650,000	1	-
RM650,001 - RM700,000	-	-
RM700,001 - RM750,000	-	1
RM750,001 - RM800,000	2	1
RM950,001 - RM1,000,000	1	1
Non-executive Directors:		
RM50,001 - RM100,000	3	3

11. Tax

		Group	Co	mpany
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Income tax :				
- Current year	28,875,166	22,074,680	3,322,000	1,060,000
- (Over)/underprovision in prior years	(36,648)	95,834	(3,082)	98,859
	28,838,518	22,170,514	3,318,918	1,158,859
Deferred tax (Note 23):				
- Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	1,022,490	1,135,446	761,200	934,200
- Over/(under)provision of assets in prior years	283,000	(908,000)	_	_
- Under/(over)provision of liabilities in prior years	99,000	(324,000)	65,000	87,000
- Reduction in Malaysia income tax rate	(1,069,416)	-	(343,916)	-
	335,074	(96,554)	482,284	1,021,200
	29,173,592	22,073,960	3,801,202	2,180,059

Domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% [2014: 25%] of the estimated assessable profit for the year. The domestic statutory tax rate will be reduced to 24% from the current year's rate of 25%, effective year of assessment 2016. The change in corporate tax rate in year of assessment 2016 has been accounted for in the computation of deferred tax.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

11. Tax (cont'd)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense of the Group and of the Company is as follows:

	2015 RM	2014 RM
Group		
Profit before tax	118,862,577	95,433,247
Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2014: 25%)	29,715,644	23,858,312
Tax effects of:		
- Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,899,208	1,895,150
- Income not subject to tax	(831,677)	(375,948)
- Deferred tax assets not recognised during the year on deductible temporary differences	298,899	187,630
- Double deductions	[43,226]	(27,227)
- Reinvestment allowance	(1,139,870)	(2,324,284)
- Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets	(1,322)	(3,507)
- Reduction in Malaysia tax rate in deferred taxation	(1,069,416)	-
(Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years	(36,648)	95,834
Over/(under)provision of deferred tax assets in prior years	283,000	(908,000)
Under/(over)provision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years	99,000	(324,000)
Tax expense for the year	29,173,592	22,073,960
Company		
Profit before tax	56,874,601	58,647,972
Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2014: 25%) Tax effects of:	14,218,650	14,661,993
- Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	538,565	536,595
- Income not subject to tax	(10,674,015)	(13,204,388)
- Reduction in Malaysia tax rate in deferred taxation	(343,916)	-
(Over)/underprovision of income tax expense in prior years	(3,082)	98,859
Underprovision of deferred tax liabilities in prior years	65,000	87,000
Tax expense for the year	3,801,202	2,180,059

12. Earnings per share

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the year, net of tax, attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

	2015	Group 2014
Profit net of tax, attributable to owners of the Company (RM)	75,279,440	61,059,351
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	309,688,186	308,577,464
Basic earnings per share (sen)	24.31	19.79

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

12. Earnings per share (cont'd)

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the year, net of tax, attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on the conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

The following reflect the profit and share data used in the computation of diluted earnings per share for the years ended 31 January :

	2015	Group 2014
Profit net of tax, attributable to owners of the Company (RM)	75,279,440	61,059,351
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue Effect of dilution - share options	309,688,186 146,921	308,577,464 139,210
Adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue and issuable	309,835,107	308,716,674
Diluted earnings per share (sen)	24.30	19.78

There have been no other transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares since the end of the financial year and before the completion of these financial statements, except certain employees have exercised their options to acquire 695,100 (2014: 740,600) ordinary shares since the end of the financial year.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

(1,390,083) (1,204,815)Total RM (47,151)(2,754,229)[306,917]512,750,410 26 610 748 (1,132,584) 570,868,002 536,719,109 38,342,623 8,792,064 19,248,569 (47, 151)(8,004,245)10,441,563 [17, 288, 086] 20,036,388 Construction in progress 15,685,738 Motor (468,594) 1,209,289) (224,664)vehicles 12,062,974 1,286,396 1,480,796 12,927,619 <u>Σ</u> 2,140,081 11,010,382 1,215,493 (2,767) (30,540) 1,717,022 (16,890) (331,247) furniture and fittings 2,192,568 13,561,453 Equipment, (622,842)(647, 100)(1,266,345)Plant and machinery Σ 202,717,675 219,707,189 11,199,229 234,701,010 4,787,755 (178,027 13,002,628 5,708,037 71,861,298 [551,433](931,973) Buildings 3,026,366 4,126,472 78,462,703 2,287,820 4,667,007 84,485,557 Land^ 30,000 8,388 204,656,518 (306, 917)205,155,975 Σ 000'609 158,986 205,424,504 At 31 January 2014 and 1 February 2014 Compulsory acquisition At 1 February 2013 At 31 January 2015 Reclassifications Reclassifications Expensed off Written off Written off Disposals Disposals Additions Additions Group Cost

13. Property, plant and equipment

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

[972,040][792,258](903,929) (43,858)Total $\frac{8}{2}$ 19 874 249 (2.053.134)173,352,170 137,490,588 55,600,539 20,752,552 3,900,000 1,800,000 5,700,000 1,744,039 7,444,039 143,048 143,048 Motor Construction in progress 6,522,902 730,529 vehicles (832,951) [402,780][224,659] 6,600,062 755,791 6,625,992 and fittings RM [1,664] (18,014)7,721,153 (9,057)furniture (303, 325)8,134,768 110,579 7 101 767 110,579 110,579 639,064 **Equipment**, (137,425) (501,314) (492,092)3,789,421 1,800,000 5,589,421 606,136 Σ (905,889) Plant and 82,496,693 12,752,033 94,609,987 13,293,616 106,505,622 6,195,557 machinery [272,930](619,261) 25,784,769 728,552 Buildings 22,994,478 Σ 20 129 131 3,409,552 728,552 3,138,277 (43,858)21,162,935 23,752,019 26,301,019 Σ 2,592,858 266,303 266,303 Land^ 2,589,084 At 31 January 2014 and 1 February 2014 At 31 January 2014 and 1 February 2014 mpairment loss for the year (Note 8) mpairment loss for the year (Note 8) Accumulated impairment losses Accumulated depreciation Compulsory acquisition At 31 January 2015 At 31 January 2015 At 1 February 2013 At 1 February 2013 Charge for the year Charge for the year Written off Written off Disposals Disposals Group

13. Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

13. Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

Group	Land^ RM	Buildings RM	Plant and machinery RM	Equipment, furniture and fittings RM	Motor vehicles RM	Construction in progress RM	Total RM
Net carrying amount							
At 31 January 2014	181,672,485	55,468,225	119,507,781	4,360,836	5,617,179	8,792,064	375,418,570
At 31 January 2015	178,588,653	57,972,236	121,999,831	5,316,106	6,301,627	19,893,340	390,071,793
Net carrying amount of assets pledged for bank borrowings : At 31 January 2014	31,961,019	18,360,896	28,464,960	208,425	274,043	2,110,640	81,379,983
At 31 January 2015	31,474,962	19,187,831	27,677,685	216,068	689,416	5,603,649	84,849,611
^ Land consists of:				2 Cost	2015 Net carrying amount	2 Cost	2014 Net carrying amount
				Ψ Σ	₩ W	RM	RM
Freehold land Long leasehold land				13,586,469 191,569,506	13,586,469 165,002,184	13,586,469 191,838,035	13,586,469 168,086,016
				205,155,975	178,588,653	205,424,504	181,672,485

(436,926) (102,599)

84,516,527 2,183,472

Total RM

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

2,936,173 (380,000) (1,097,378)

87,619,269

86,160,474

689,252 431,479 (1,752,055)242,435 (889, 158) Motor Construction in progress 563,011 242,529 523,434 (900'06) vehicles 145,249 (435,629)(380,000) 2,511,392 2,221,012 2,274,446 Equipment, furniture and fittings RM 523,762 (1,297) 140,032 1,996,912 (213,961)2,445,448 2,519,377 81,482 (259,882)machinery Plant and 3,550,599 420,352 3,632,081 3,792,551 (533,535)Buildings 1,500 (102, 599)689,158 8,038,392 9,689,348 1,163,103 11,008,074 ,752,055 land RM leasehold 67,856,221 67,856,221 67,856,221 At 31 January 2014 and 1 February 2014 At 1 February 2013 At 31 January 2015 Reclassifications Reclassifications Written off Written off Disposals Disposals Additions Additions Company Cost

13. Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

Company	Long leasehold land RM	Buildings	Plant and machinery RM	Equipment, furniture and fittings RM	Motor vehicles RM	Construction in progress RM	Total RM
Accumulated depreciation							
At 1 February 2013 Charge for the year Disposals Written off	7,897,515 884,076	1,947,416 169,033 - [31,977]	2,223,442 188,895 -	893,960 215,905 (195)	1,536,878 93,116 (295,556)	1 1 1 1	14,499,211 1,551,025 (295,751) (31,977)
At 31 January 2014 and 1 February 2014 Charge for the year Disposals Written off	8,781,591 884,076 -	2,084,472 198,589 - [402,295]	2,412,337 203,038 - (249,131)	1,109,670 228,517 - [198,661]	1,334,438 111,400 (379,999) (89,998)	1 1 1 1	15,722,508 1,625,620 (379,999) (940,085)
At 31 January 2015	6,665,667	1,880,766	2,366,244	1,139,526	975,841	1	16,028,044
Net carrying amount							
At 31 January 2014	59,074,630	7,604,876	1,219,744	1,409,707	886,574	242,435	70,437,966
At 31 January 2015	58,190,554	9,127,308	1,426,307	1,305,922	1,298,605	242,529	71,591,225
				6rd 2015 RM	Group 2014	Com 2015 RM	Company 15 2014 M RM
Depreciation charge for the year: Amount capitalised in biological assets (Note 15) Amount recognised in profit or loss (Note 8)				424,140 20,328,412	522,095 19,352,154	269,401 1,356,219	351,119 1,199,906
				20,752,552	19,874,249	1,625,620	1,551,025

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

13. Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

Certain long leasehold land of the Group was revalued in 2003, and the Group has retained the unamortised revalued amount as the surrogate cost of those long leasehold land in accordance with the transitional provisions of FRS 117.

Impairment of assets

During the financial year:

- 1) a subsidiary of the Group, Sungkit Enterprise Sdn. Bhd. has recognised impairment loss in respect of its palm kernel oil extraction plant as the subsidiary had been persistently making losses. An impairment of RM222,176 (2014: RM1,800,000), representing the write-down of the palm kernel oil extraction plant to the expected recoverable amount was recognised in profit or loss. The expected recoverable amount of the palm kernel oil extraction plant is based on the fair value less cost to sell which was determined by the reference to a supplier's quotation for similar plant.
- 2) a subsidiary of the Group, Winsome Pelita (Pantu) Sdn. Bhd. carried out a review of the recoverable amount of its property, plant and equipment as the Court of Appeal has dismissed that company's appeal against the High Court decision (see Note 35 for further details). Accordingly, an impairment loss of RM1,521,863, representing the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment in the area affected by the judgement was recognised in profit or loss for the financial year ended 31 January 2015.

14. Land use rights

		Group
	2015 RM	2014 RM
At beginning of the financial year	2,477,778	2,592,438
Amortisation (Note 8)	(114,660)	(114,660)
At end of the financial year	2,363,118	2,477,778
Analysed as:		
Long term leasehold land	568,266	579,846
Short term leasehold land	1,794,852	1,897,932
	2,363,118	2,477,778
Net carrying amount pledged for bank borrowings	568,266	579,846
Amount to be amortised:		
- Not later than one year	114,660	114,660
- Later than one year but not later than five years	458,640	458,640
- Later than five years	1,789,818	1,904,478
	2,363,118	2,477,778

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

15. Biological assets

	2015	Group 2014	2015	ompany 2014
Cost	RM	RM	RM	RM
	400,000,507	400 / / 0 550	45 550 470	47.750.044
At beginning of the financial year Additions	133,292,786 7,390,810	123,648,558 9,882,122	17,773,149 2,487,600	14,673,211 3,099,938
Written off	-	(237,894)	, ,	
Compulsory acquisition	(397,614)	-	-	-
At end of the financial year	140,285,982	133,292,786	20,260,749	17,773,149
Accumulated amortisation				
At beginning of the financial year	50,596,704	45,620,207	7,331,461	7,117,701
Amortisation for the year (Note 8)	5,518,663	4,976,497	290,499	213,760
Compulsory acquisition	(142,615)	-	-	-
At end of the financial year	55,972,752	50,596,704	7,621,960	7,331,461
Accumulated impairment losses				
At beginning of the financial year	-	_	_	_
Impairment loss for the year (Note 8)	1,188,621	-	-	-
At end of the financial year	1,188,621	-	-	-
Net carrying amount				
At end of the financial year	83,124,609	82,696,082	12,638,789	10,441,688
Net carrying amount of assets				
pledged for banking facilities	16,020,398	17,915,430	-	-
Included in the additions to biological				
assets during the financial year are:				
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 13)	424,140	522,095	269,401	351,119
Interest (Note 7) Employee benefit expenses (Note 9)	1,053,140 1,761,755	1,110,393 2,405,871	- 712,444	- 1,054,714
Employee beliefit expenses (Note /)	1,701,733	2,400,071	/ 12,444	1,004,714

Impairment of biological assets

As disclosed in Note 13, arising from the Court of Appeal judgement, the Group has also recognised an impairment loss on biological assets on the disputed area amounting to RM1,188,621 to profit or loss during the financial year.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

16. Investment in subsidiaries

	Co	Company	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	
Unquoted shares, at cost Less: Accumulated impairment losses	52,414,194 (6,489,043)	52,991,927 (7,061,829)	
	45,925,151	45,930,098	

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of subsidiaries	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Propo of effe owner interes 2015	ctive rship
Held by the Company:				
Suhenson Estate Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100
Selokan Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100
Okidville Corporation Sdn. Bhd. Kim Loong - KPD Plantations	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100
Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Cultivation of oil palm	70	70
Tyeco Corporation Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Trading agent and building construction	100	100
Winsome Plantations Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100
Kim Loong Sabah Mills Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Processing and marketing of oil palm products	100	100
Kim Loong Power Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Bio-gas and power generation activities	100	100
Okidville Plantations Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Investment holding	95	95
Winsome Sarawak Plantations Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	100
Palm Nutraceuticals Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Manufacturing of health supplements and food ingredients	70	70
Kim Loong Technologies Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Extracting residual oil from wet palm fibre and converting palm fibre into better quality fibre	100	100
Kim Loong Corporation Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100
Okidville Holdings Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Cultivation of oil palm and investment holding	100	100
Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Trading of fresh fruit bunches		
		and investment holding	100	100
Desa Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Processing and marketing of oil palm products	70	70
Winsome Yields Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Investment holding	90	90
Okidville Jaya Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Investment holding	100	100
Sepulut Plantations Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	100	-
Held by Kim Loong Corporation Sdn. Bhd.				
Winsome Pelita (Pantu) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Cultivation of oil palm	60	60
Held by Okidville Holdings Sdn. Bhd.				
Desa Okidville Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Cultivation of oil palm	51	51

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

16. Investment in subsidiaries (cont'd)

Name of subsidiaries	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Propo of effe owner interes 2015	ective rship
Held by Desa Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd.				
Kim Loong Technologies (Sabah) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Extracting residual oil from wet palm fibre and converting palm fibre into better quality fibre	70	70
Desa Kim Loong Industries Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Manufacturing of concrete culvert and building construction. The company has temporarily ceased its operations	70	70
Held by Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd.				
Kim Loong Palm Oil Mills Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Processing and marketing of oil palm products	100	100
Held by Kim Loong Palm Oil Mills Sdn. Bhd.				
Sungkit Enterprise Sdn. Bhd. Kim Loong Evergrow Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia Malaysia	Processing and trading of palm kernel products Manufacturing of bio-fertilizers The company has temporarily suspended its operations	70 100	70 60
Kim Loong Biomass Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Processing of oil palm fibre	75	100
Held by Winsome Yields Sdn. Bhd.				
Winsome Al-Yatama Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Cultivation of oil palm	61	61
Held by Okidville Jaya Sdn. Bhd.				
Sepulut Plantations Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Dormant	-	100
Held by Okidville Plantations Sdn. Bhd.				
Winsome Jaya Sdn. Bhd. Okidville Resources Sdn. Bhd. (formerly known as Lokan Development Sdn. Bhd.)	Malaysia Malaysia	Cultivation of oil palm Dormant	67 95	95 100
Held by Winsome Plantations Sdn. Bhd.				
Winsome Pelita (Kranggas) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Cultivation of oil palm	70	70

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

16. Investment in subsidiaries (cont'd)

- (a) On 2 April 2014, Kim Loong Biomass Sdn. Bhd. ("KLBSB"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Kim Loong Palm Oil Mills Sdn. Bhd. ("KLPOM") which in turn is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, increased its issued and paid up capital from RM2 divided into 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each to RM100,000 divided into 100,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each, by an issuance of 99,998 new ordinary shares of RM1 each at par to KLPOM, Wang Ming Rong and Chang Chew Chin at the proportion of 74,998, 15,000 and 10,000 ordinary shares respectively. As a result of the issuance of the new ordinary shares, the effective interest of the Company in KLBSB was diluted from 100% to 75%.
- (b) On 11 June 2014, Winsome Jaya Sdn. Bhd. ("WPSB"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Okidville Plantations Sdn. Bhd. ("OPSB") which in turn a 95% owned subsidiary of the Company, had issued and allotted 69,900 and 30,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each at par fully paid to OPSB and PIJ Property Development Sdn. Bhd. ("PPD") pursuant to the Development and Joint Venture Agreement dated 6 June 2012 entered into between PPD, OPSB and WJSB. As a result of the issuance of the new ordinary shares, the effective interest of the Company in WJSB was diluted from 95% to 66.5%.
- (c) On 11 June 2014, Kim Loong Palm Oil Mills Sdn. Bhd. ("KLPOM"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company acquired the remaining 200,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each representing 40% equity interest in Kim Loong Evergrow Sdn. Bhd. ("KLE") at RM1.61 per share for a total cash consideration of RM322,000. Accordingly, KLE became a wholly owned subsidiary of KLPOM.
- (d) On 8 August 2014, the Company acquired 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each fully paid representing 100% equity interest in Sepulut Plantations Sdn. Bhd. ("SPSB") from Okidville Jaya Sdn. Bhd., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, at par for a total consideration of RM2. The acquisition did not result in the change in effective interest in the SPSB; however, SPSB has became a direct 100% owned subsidiary of the Company.
- (e) On 8 August 2014, the Company disposed of 2 ordinary shares of RM1 each fully paid representing 100% equity interest in Okidville Resources Sdn. Bhd. (formerly known as Lokan Development Sdn. Bhd.) ("ORSB") to Okidville Plantations Sdn. Bhd. ("OPSB"), a 95% owned subsidiary of the Company, at par for a total consideration of RM2. As a result, ORSB is now a 95% owned subsidiary held through OPSB.

In the previous financial year,

- (a) Winsome Plantations Sdn. Bhd. ("WPSB"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary company called Winsome Pelita (Kranggas) Sdn. Bhd. ("WPKSB"). WPKSB has an authorised capital of RM400,000 divided into 400,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each, of which 2 shares have been issued and are fully paid up. On 21 November 2014, the issued and paid up capital of WPKSB were increased to 100 ordinary shares of RM1 each at the equity participation ratio of 70% and 30% by WPSB and Pelita Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ("PHSB") respectively. Currently, WPKSB is effectively 70% owned by the Company.
- (b) Kim Loong Palm Oil Mills Sdn. Bhd. ("KLPOM"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary company called Kim Loong Biomass Sdn. Bhd. ("KLBSB"). KLBSB has an authorised capital of RM400,000 divided into 400,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each, of which 2 shares have been issued and are fully paid up.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

16. Investment in subsidiaries (cont'd)

Summarised financial information of Okidville Holdings Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiary ("OHSB"), Kim Loong - KPD Plantations Sdn. Bhd. ("KL-KPD") and Desa Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries ("DKLPO") which have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group is set out below. The summarised financial information presented below is the amount before inter-company elimination.

(i) Summarised statements of comprehensive income

2015	OHSB RM	KL-KPD RM	DKLPO RM	Total RM
Revenue	78,042,641	28,426,653	277,290,509	383,759,803
Profit before tax	42,782,917	19,630,898	20,082,761	82,496,576
Profit net of tax	32,857,660	14,855,313	15,583,293	63,296,266
Other comprehensive income	245,378	190,641	-	436,019
Profit attributable to:				
- owners of the company	24,505,539	10,398,719	10,908,304	45,812,562
- non-controlling interests	8,352,121	4,456,594	4,674,989	17,483,704
	32,857,660	14,855,313	15,583,293	63,296,266
Total comprehensive income attributable to:				
- owners of the company	24,717,357	10,532,168	10,908,305	46,157,830
- non-controlling interests	8,385,681	4,513,786	4,674,988	17,574,455
	33,103,038	15,045,954	15,583,293	63,732,285
2014				
Revenue	71,040,638	25,062,794	245,930,311	342,033,743
Profit before tax	32,870,942	16,182,642	21,848,893	70,902,477
Profit net of tax	24,613,224	12,279,507	17,006,538	53,899,269
Total comprehensive income attributable to:				
- owners of the company	18,478,907	8,595,655	11,904,576	38,979,138
- non-controlling interests	6,134,317	3,683,852	5,101,962	14,920,131
	24,613,224	12,279,507	17,006,538	53,899,269

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

16. Investment in subsidiaries (cont'd)

Summarised financial information of Okidville Holdings Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiary ("OHSB"), Kim Loong - KPD Plantations Sdn. Bhd. ("KL-KPD") and Desa Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries ("DKLPO") which have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group is set out below. The summarised financial information presented below is the amount before inter-company elimination. (cont'd)

(ii) Summarised statements of financial position

2015	OHSB RM	KL-KPD RM	DKLPO RM	Total RM
Non-current assets Current assets	106,120,428 29,047,901	35,232,710 50,527,060	57,063,596 54,330,680	198,416,734 133,905,641
Total assets	135,168,329	85,759,770	111,394,276	332,322,375
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	6,664,147 16,023,233	2,415,038 8,009,955	19,757,559 5,458,000	28,836,744 29,491,188
Total liabilities	22,687,380	10,424,993	25,215,559	58,327,932
Net assets	112,480,949	75,334,777	86,178,717	273,994,443
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	74,766,140 37,714,809	52,734,344 22,600,433	60,325,102 25,853,615	187,825,586 86,168,857
	112,480,949	75,334,777	86,178,717	273,994,443
2014				
Non-current assets Current assets	109,436,261 25,221,374	34,749,682 49,949,579	53,295,500 52,333,680	197,481,443 127,504,633
Total assets	134,657,635	84,699,261	105,629,180	324,986,076
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	17,094,153 17,525,571	2,136,005 8,274,433	13,481,756 5,552,000	32,711,914 31,352,004
Total liabilities	34,619,724	10,410,438	19,033,756	64,063,918
Net assets	100,037,911	74,288,823	86,595,424	260,922,158
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	63,848,783 36,189,128	52,002,176 22,286,647	60,616,797 25,978,627	176,467,756 84,454,402
	100,037,911	74,288,823	86,595,424	260,922,158

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

16. Investment in subsidiaries (cont'd)

Summarised financial information of Okidville Holdings Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiary ("OHSB"), Kim Loong - KPD Plantations Sdn. Bhd. ("KL-KPD") and Desa Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries ("DKLPO") which have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group is set out below. The summarised financial information presented below is the amount before inter-company elimination. (cont'd)

(iii) Summarised statements of cash flows

2015	OHSB RM	KL-KPD RM	DKLPO RM	Total RM
Net cash generated from operating activities	25,073,117	16,208,332	36,109,230	77,390,679
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,691,734)	(2,037,015)	(7,626,627)	(12,355,376)
Net cash used in financing activities	(20,660,000)	(14,000,000)	(16,000,000)	(50,660,000)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,721,383	171,317	12,482,603	14,375,303
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	20,629,420	48,620,215	29,715,358	98,964,993
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	22,350,803	48,791,532	42,197,961	113,340,296
2014				
Net cash generated from operating activities	31,189,744	14,282,386	17,200,363	62,672,493
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,566,421)	(2,141,778)	(5,027,363)	(8,735,562)
Net cash used in financing activities	(23,580,000)	(12,000,000)	(16,000,000)	(51,580,000)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6,043,323	140,608	(3,827,000)	2,356,931
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	14,586,097	48,479,607	33,542,358	96,608,062
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	20,629,420	48,620,215	29,715,358	98,964,993

17. Patents

Patents RM
166,907 (166,907)
-
166,907 (166,907)
-
-

Patents were awarded to a subsidiary for "Improving the quality of crude oils and fats and recovery of minor components from oils and fats".

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

18. Inventories

Group		Company	
2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
110,249	365,362	-	-
58,942	63,488	-	-
11,218,372	26,506,934	-	-
8,385,847	7,895,732	180,749	273,265
19,773,410	34,831,516	180,749	273,265
188,128	78,975	-	_
6,099,108	1,959,561	-	-
6,287,236	2,038,536	-	-
26,060,646	36,870,052	180,749	273,265
623,220,423	515,864,889	8,749,145	9,270,998
		-	-
	110,249 58,942 11,218,372 8,385,847 19,773,410 188,128 6,099,108 6,287,236 26,060,646	2015 RM 2014 RM 2014 RM 2014 110,249 365,362 58,942 63,488 11,218,372 26,506,934 8,385,847 7,895,732 19,773,410 34,831,516 188,128 78,975 6,099,108 1,959,561 6,287,236 2,038,536 26,060,646 36,870,052	2015 RM 2014 RM 2015 RM 110,249 58,942 365,362 63,488 - 11,218,372 26,506,934 - 8,385,847 7,895,732 180,749 19,773,410 34,831,516 180,749 188,128 78,975 6,099,108 - 6,287,236 2,038,536 - 26,060,646 36,870,052 180,749 623,220,423 515,864,889 103,056 8,749,145 197,823 -

19. Trade and other receivables

		Group		ompany
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Current Trade receivables				
Third parties Amount owing from subsidiaries	13,032,372	15,371,236	1,097,267 582,449	1,620,044 473,316
Amount owing from related companies	10,347	10,347	10,347	10,347
	13,042,719	15,381,583	1,690,063	2,103,707
Other receivables				
Third parties	4,373,998	2,373,661	1,567,212	1,225,889
Refundable deposits	363,720	374,107	119,105	145,412
Amount owing from holding company	17,867	1,838	-	-
Amount owing from subsidiaries	-	-	25,761,737	46,122,926
Amount owing from related companies	82,878	99,157	2,000	20,910
	4,838,463	2,848,763	27,450,054	47,515,137
Less: Allowance for impairment losses Third parties	(241,000)	(241,000)	-	-
	4,597,463	2,607,763	27,450,054	47,515,137
Total trade and other receivables (current)	17,640,182	17,989,346	29,140,117	49,618,844

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

19. Trade and other receivables (cont'd)

	Group		Company	
	2015			
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Non-current				
Other receivables				
Amount owing from subsidiaries	-	-	82,927,379	81,845,469
Less: Allowance for impairment losses	-	-	(539,899)	(1,258,051)
	-	-	82,387,480	80,587,418
Total trade and other receivables				
(current and non-current)	17,640,182	17,989,346	111,527,597	130,206,262

(a) Trade receivables

The Group's normal trade credit terms are less than 60 days (2014: less than 60days). Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case-by-case basis. Trade receivables are recognised at their original invoice amounts which represent their fair values on initial recognition.

Ageing analysis of trade receivables

The ageing analysis of the Group's and of the Company's trade receivables is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Neither past due nor impaired 1 to 30 days past due not impaired 31 to 60 days past due not impaired More than 60 days past due not impaired	13,040,480 - - 2,239	15,378,324 - - - 3,259	1,690,063 - - -	2,103,707 - - -
	13,042,719	15,381,583	1,690,063	2,103,707

Receivables that are neither past due nor impaired

Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy debtors with good payment records with the Group and the Company. None of these balance have been renegotiated during the financial year.

Receivables that are past due but not impaired

The Group has trade receivables amounting to RM2,239 (2014: RM3,259) that are past due at the reporting date but not impaired.

Although these balances are unsecured in nature, they are mostly due from customers which have a long-term relationship with the Group.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

19. Trade and other receivables (cont'd)

(b) Amount owing from subsidiaries and related companies (trade)

These amounts are generally within 60 days terms (2014: within 60 days terms). They are recognised at their original invoice amounts which represents their fair values on initial recognition. These amounts are neither past due nor impaired.

Related companies refer to fellow subsidiaries of the holding company.

(c) Amount owing from holding, subsidiaries and related companies (non-trade)

These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

(d) Amount owing from subsidiaries (non-trade)

Included in the amount owing from subsidiaries is an amount of RM100,445,392 (2014: RM20,067,094) which is interest bearing.

All other balances are non-interest bearing. These amounts are unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayment. These are considered quasi-equity in nature, which represent an extension of investment in the subsidiaries and are expected to be settled in cash. As at the end of the financial year, the Company has provided an impairment allowance of RM539,899 (2014: RM1,258,051) on amounts owing by certain subsidiaries.

(e) Other receivables that are impaired

The Group provided an impairment allowance of RM241,000 on an unsecured deposit paid to secure the supply of fresh fruits bunches in previous financial years.

Receivables that are impaired

The Group's and the Company's other receivables that are impaired at the reporting date and the movement of the allowance accounts used to record the impairment are as follows:

	Group Individually impaired		Company Individually impaire	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Other receivable-nominal amounts	241,000	241,000	1,982,859	7,365,066
Less: Allowance for impairment	(241,000)	(241,000)	(539,899)	(1,258,051)
	-	-	1,442,960	6,107,015

Movement in allowance accounts:

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
At beginning of the financial year	241,000	241,000	1,258,051	9,789,899
Change for the year (Note 8)	-	-	-	718,152
Written off	-	-	(718,152)	(9,250,000)
At end of the financial year	241,000	241,000	539,899	1,258,051

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

20. Cash and bank balances

	Group		Company	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Cash on hand and cash at bank	57,855,624	44,935,167	17,015,705	14,066,130
Time deposits with licensed banks	188,653,200	147,152,121	116,200,000	90,700,000
Short term deposits with other financial institutions	24,973,258	37,675,210	4,362,016	6,216,321
Cash and bank balances	271,482,082	229,762,498	137,577,721	110,982,451
Less: Cash Line-i (Note 22)	(4,742,047)	(4,898,683)	_	-
Less: Bank overdraft (Note 22)	(2,679,374)	(2,255,929)	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	264,060,661	222,607,886	137,577,721	110,982,451

Arrangements have been made with certain licensed banks whereby certain bank balances can earn interest on a daily rest basis. As at the reporting date, bank balances of the Group and the Company placed under such arrangements amounted to RM50,618,360 (2014: RM39,488,361) and RM16,238,728 (2014: RM13,010,475) respectively. The average interest rate for such deposits was 2.67% (2014: 2.37%) per annum and 2.71% (2014: 2.26%) per annum for the Group and the Company respectively.

Included in deposits with licensed banks of the Group is an amount of RM217,400 (2014: RM217,400) pledged to a licensed bank as security for credit facilities granted to a subsidiary.

Deposits are normally made for varying periods of between 1 day to 3 months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group and of the Company, and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates. The average interest rates as at the end of the financial years are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	% per	% per	% per	% per
	annum	annum	annum	annum
Time deposits with licensed banks	3.66	3.28	3.68	3.27
Short term deposits with other financial institutions	3.11	2.63	3.15	2.70

21. Trade and other payables

	Group		Company	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Current				
Trade payables				
Third parties	27,458,581	20,058,224	369,490	216,489
Amount owing to holding company	138,486	193,336	58,265	76,055
Amount owing to related companies	117,972	50,884	-	-
	27,715,039	20,302,444	427,755	292,544

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

21. Trade and other payables (cont'd)

	Group		Company	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Other payables				
Sundry payables	6,672,156	5,584,224	667,020	751,647
Deposits	159,479	179,931	_	_
Provisions	710,638	164,842	210,638	164,842
Accruals	10,726,180	11,089,943	1,862,382	1,859,180
Amount owing to holding company	2,892	-	2,892	-
Amount owing to related companies	8,598	60,381	-	-
	18,279,943	17,079,321	2,742,932	2,775,669
Total trade and other payables (current)	45,994,982	37,381,765	3,170,687	3,068,213
Non-current				
Other payables				
Sundry payables	1,208,839	1,936,095	-	-
Total trade and other payables (current and non-current)	47,203,821	39,317,860	3,170,687	3,068,213

(a) Trade payables

These amounts are non-interest bearing and normally settled on 60 days (2014: 60 days) terms.

(b) Amount owing to holding and related companies (trade)

Credit terms granted by holding and related companies are less than 60 days (2014: less than 60 days).

(c) Provisions

Group	Legal expense RM	Unutilised annual leave RM	Total RM
At 1 February 2013 Additions (Note 9)		143,320 21,522	143,320 21,522
At 31 January 2014 and 1 February 2014 Additions (Note 35 and 9)	- 500,000	164,842 45,796	164,842 545,796
At 31 January 2015	500,000	210,638	710,638

	Unutilised annual leave RM
Company	
At 1 February 2013 Additions (Note 9)	143,320 21,522
At 31 January 2014 and 1 February 2014 Additions (Note 9)	164,842 45,796
At 31 January 2015	210,638

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

21. Trade and other payables (cont'd)

(c) Provisions (cont'd)

Provision for unutilised annual leave

Being employees' benefits accrued in respect of their unutilised annual leave entitlements.

Provision for legal fees

Being provision for legal expense in relation to the appeal against the Court of Appeal decision as disclosed in Note 35.

(d) Amount owing to holding and related companies (non-trade)

These amounts are unsecured, interest free and are repayable on demand.

(e) Sundry payables

Included in sundry payables are outstanding amounts for the acquisition of long leasehold land (classified under property, plant and equipment) from non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries. These are unsecured and have the following repayment terms:

		Group
	2015 RM	2014 RM
Payable within 12 months Payable after 12 months	850,000 1,208,839	850,000 1,936,095
	2,058,839	2,786,095

The amount payable after 12 months is bearing effective interest of 7.21% (2014: 7.14%) per annum. This interest rate was used for the purpose of remeasurement of the outstanding amount to its amortised cost in accordance with FRS 139.

22. Loans and borrowings

		Group	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	
Current			
Secured:			
Bank overdrafts (Note 20)	2,679,374	2,255,929	
Cash Line-i (Note 20)	4,742,047	4,898,683	
Revolving credit	7,500,000	7,500,000	
Term loan 1	2,002,000	2,232,000	
Term loan 2	4,020,000	3,015,000	
	20,943,421	19,901,612	
Non-current			
Secured:			
Term loan 1	-	2,002,000	
Term loan 2	12,965,000	16,985,000	
Term loan 3	20,000,000	11,665,000	
	32,965,000	30,652,000	
	53,908,421	50,553,612	

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

22. Loans and borrowings (cont'd)

The remaining maturities of the loans and borrowings as at the reporting date are as follows:

	Group		
	2015 RM	2014 RM	
On demand or within one year	20,943,421	19,901,612	
More than 1 year and less than 2 years	4,020,000	6,022,000	
More than 2 years and less than 5 years	24,355,000	23,450,000	
More than 5 years	4,590,000	1,180,000	
	53,908,421	50,553,612	

The facilities extended by financial institutions are secured by:

- (i) a fixed charge over the leasehold land of a subsidiary;
- (ii) fixed and floating charges over all the assets of subsidiaries;
- (iii) corporate guarantee from the Company; and
- (iv) personal guarantee of RM960,000 from a shareholder of a subsidiary.

The functionality of the Cash Line-I offered by an Islamic bank is similar to bank overdraft.

The term loan 1 was repaid over 53 equal monthly instalments of RM186,000 each with a final instalment of RM142,000 commencing from July 2011.

The term loan 2 is repayable over 59 equal monthly instalments of RM335,000 each with a final instalment of RM235,000 commencing from May 2014.

The term loan 3 is repayable over 59 equal monthly instalments of RM335,000 with a final instalment of RM235,000 commencing from April 2016.

As at the reporting date, borrowings of the Group bear interest at the following rates:

		Group		
	2015	2014		
	% per annum	% per annum		
Interest rates				
Overdrafts	BLR + 1% to 1.25%	BLR + 1% to 1.25%		
Cash Line-i	BFR + 0.50%	BFR + 0.50%		
Term loan 1	COF + 1.25%	COF + 1.25%		
Term loan 2	5.25%	5.25%		
Term loan 3	COF + 1%	COF + 1%		
Revolving credit	COF + 1%	COF + 1%		

As at the end of the financial year, base lending rate ("BLR") is 6.85% per annum (2014: 6.60% per annum), base finance rate ("BFR") is 6.85% per annum (2014: 6.60% per annum) and the cost of fund ("COF") ranges from 3.67% - 3.97% per annum (2014: 3.39% - 3.71% per annum).

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

23. Deferred tax

	Group		Company	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
At beginning of the financial year Recognised in other comprehensive income	40,802,789 (619,262)	40,895,445 3,898	12,276,678 (179,680)	11,255,478 -
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 11)	335,074	(96,554)	482,284	1,021,200
At end of the financial year	40,518,601	40,802,789	12,579,282	12,276,678
Presented after appropriate offsetting as follows :				
Deferred tax assets	(11,011,500)	(11,899,750)	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	51,530,101	52,702,539	12,579,282	12,276,678
	40,518,601	40,802,789	12,579,282	12,276,678

The components and movements of deferred tax liabilities/(assets) during the financial year are as follows:

	Recognised in				
Group	At 1 February 2014 RM	other comprehensive income RM	profit or loss (Note 11) RM	At 31 January 2015 RM	
Deferred tax liabilities					
Biological assets and property,					
plant and equipment	50,920,400	-	(1,986,800)	48,933,600	
Accrued interest income	106,200	-	30,500	136,700	
Revaluation of leasehold land	20,607,391	(620,714)	(432,876)	19,553,801	
	71,633,991	(620,714)	(2,389,176)	68,624,101	
Offsetting	(18,931,452)	1,452	1,836,000	(17,094,000)	
	52,702,539	[619,262]	(553,176)	51,530,101	
Deferred tax assets					
Derivatives	(1,452)	1,452	-	-	
Provisions	(41,000)	-	(10,000)	(51,000)	
Unutilised reinvestment allowances	(2,333,000)	-	93,000	(2,240,000)	
Unutilised investment tax allowances	(5,531,000)	-	221,000	(5,310,000)	
Unabsorbed capital allowances	(11,814,000)	-	2,712,500	(9,101,500)	
Unused tax losses	(8,526,000)	-	(1,045,000)	(9,571,000)	
Unrealised profits	(2,584,750)	-	752,750	(1,832,000)	
	(30,831,202)	1,452	2,724,250	(28,105,500)	
Offsetting	18,931,452	(1,452)	(1,836,000)	17,094,000	
	(11,899,750)	-	888,250	(11,011,500)	
	40,802,789	[619,262]	335,074	40,518,601	

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

23. Deferred tax (cont'd)

	At 1 February 2013	comprehensive income	profit or loss (Note 11)	At 31 January 2014
Group	RM	RM	RM	RM
Deferred tax liabilities				
Biological assets and property, plant and equipment	45,036,100	-	5,884,300	50,920,400
Accrued interest income	71,400	-	34,800	106,200
Derivatives	155,444	-	(155,444)	-
Revaluation of leasehold land	20,896,351	-	(288,960)	20,607,391
	66,159,295	-	5,474,696	71,633,991
Offsetting	(16,905,500)	3,898	(2,029,850)	(18,931,452)
	49,253,795	3,898	3,444,846	52,702,539
Deferred tax assets				
Derivatives	(5,350)	3,898	_	(1,452)
Provisions	(36,000)	-	(5,000)	(41,000)
Unutilised reinvestment allowances	(1,190,000)	-	(1,143,000)	(2,333,000)
Unutilised investment tax allowances	(4,043,000)	-	(1,488,000)	(5,531,000)
Unabsorbed capital allowances	(10,533,000)	-	(1,281,000)	(11,814,000)
Unused tax losses	(7,265,000)	-	(1,261,000)	(8,526,000)
Unrealised profits	(2,191,500)	-	(393,250)	(2,584,750)
	(25,263,850)	3,898	(5,571,250)	(30,831,202)
Offsetting	16,905,500	(3,898)	2,029,850	18,931,452
	(8,358,350)	-	(3,541,400)	(11,899,750)
	40,895,445	3,898	(96,554)	40,802,789

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

23. Deferred tax (cont'd)

	Recognised in				
	At 1 February 2014	other comprehensive income	profit or loss (Note 11)	At 31 January 2015	
Company	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Deferred tax liabilities					
Biological assets and property, plant and equipment	4,205,000	-	596,000	4,801,000	
Accrued interest income Revaluation of leasehold land	45,000 8,211,678	- (179,680)	18,000 (265,716)	63,000 7,766,282	
	0,211,070	(177,000)	(200,710)	7,700,202	
0%	12,461,678	(179,680)	348,284	12,630,282	
Offsetting	(185,000)	-	134,000	(51,000)	
	12,276,678	(179,680)	482,284	12,579,282	
Deferred tax assets					
Unabsorbed capital allowances	(144,000)	-	144,000	-	
Provisions	(41,000)	-	(10,000)	(51,000)	
	(185,000)	-	134,000	(51,000)	
Offsetting	185,000	-	(134,000)	51,000	
	-	-	-	-	
	12,276,678	(179,680)	482,284	12,579,282	
Company		At 1 February 2013 RM	Recognised in profit or loss (Note 11) RM	At 31 January 2014 RM	
Deferred tax liabilities					
Biological assets and property, plant and equipment		2,928,000	1,277,000	4,205,000	
Accrued interest income		30,000	15,000	45,000	
Revaluation of leasehold land		8,333,478	(121,800)	8,211,678	
		11,291,478	1,170,200	12,461,678	
Offsetting		(36,000,00)	(149,000)	(185,000)	
		11,255,478	1,021,200	12,276,678	
Deferred tax assets					
Unabsorbed capital allowances		-	(144,000)	(144,000)	
Provisions		(36,000)	(5,000)	(41,000)	
		(36,000)	(149,000)	(185,000)	
Offsetting		36,000	149,000	185,000	
		-	-	-	
		11,255,478	1,021,200	12,276,678	

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

23. Deferred tax (cont'd)

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

	Group		
	2015 RM	2014 RM	
Unused tax losses Unutilised investment tax allowances Unutilised reinvestment allowances	4,027,000 9,672,000 4,318,000	2,671,000 9,672,000 4,298,000	
Unabsorbed capital allowances Other temporary differences	3,348,000 8,547,000	1,006,000 4,527,000	
	29,912,000	22,174,000	

The availability of unused tax losses and unutilised tax allowances for offsetting against future taxable profits is subject to the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

24. Share capital

	Number of ordinary shares of RM1 each		Amount	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Authorised	500,000,000	500,000,000	500,000,000	500,000,000
Issued and fully paid At beginning of the financial year Issued during the year:	308,958,069	308,667,469	308,958,069	308,667,469
- exercise of ESOS	2,150,400	290,600	2,150,400	290,600
At end of the financial year	311,108,469	308,958,069	311,108,469	308,958,069

(a) Share capital

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

(b) Treasury shares

Treasury shares relate to ordinary shares of the Company that are held by the Company. The amount consists of the acquisition costs of treasury shares net of the proceeds received on their subsequent sale or issuance.

The Company acquired 362,000 (2014: 175,000) shares in the Company through purchases on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad during the financial year. The total amount paid to acquire the shares was RM992,887 (2014: RM442,392) and this was presented as a component within shareholders' equity.

The Directors of the Company are committed to enhancing the value of the Company for its shareholders and believe that the repurchase plan can be applied in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. The repurchase transactions were financed by internally generated funds. The shares repurchased are being held as treasury shares in accordance with Section 67A of the Companies Act, 1965. The Company has the right to reissue these shares at a later date. As treasury shares, the rights attached as to voting, dividends and participation in other distributions are suspended.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

24. Share capital (cont'd)

(b) Treasury shares (cont'd)

Movements in the treasury shares are as follows:

	Number of shares	Amount RM	Average cost per share RM
At 1 February 2013	25,000	60,611	2.42
Repurchased during the year	175,000	442,392	2.53
At 31 January 2014 and 1 February 2014	200,000	503,003	2.52
Repurchased during the year	362,000	992,887	2.74
At 31 January 2015	562,000	1,495,890	2.66

(c) Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS")

The following table illustrates the number and weighted average exercise prices ("WAEP") of, and movements in, share options during the financial year:

Number of share options							
	Outstanding	Move	ment during th	ne year	Outstanding	Exercisable	
2015	at 1 February	Granted	Exercised	Forfeited	at 31 January	at 31 January	
2005 options	6,500	-	_	_	6,500	6,500	
2006 options	7,400	-	(2,800)	-	4,600	4,600	
2007 options	117,200	-	(91,900)	(300)	25,000	25,000	
2008 options	592,800	-	(272,700)	(28,600)	291,500	291,500	
2009 options	169,200	-	(126,800)	(4,900)	37,500	37,500	
2010 options	434,900	-	(238,800)	(10,700)	185,400	185,400	
2011 options	554,900	_	(323,000)	(14,300)	217,600	217,600	
2012 options	866,200	_	(242,900)	(100,000)	523,300	523,300	
2013 options	859,700	_	(674,400)	(33,800)	151,500	151,500	
2014 options	-	1,032,100	(177,100)	(52,000)	803,000	803,000	
2014 options	-	236,800	-	-	236,800	236,800	
	3,608,800	1,268,900	(2,150,400)	(244,600)	2,482,700	2,482,700	
WAEP	2.12	2.51	2.09	2.31	2.33	2.33	
2014							
2005 options	7,900	_	_	(1,400)	6,500	6,500	
2006 options	7,400	_	-	_	7,400	7,400	
2007 options	121,800	_	(4,600)	_	117,200	117,200	
2008 options	649,000	_	(33,200)	(23,000)	592,800	592,800	
2009 options	250,400	_	(39,000)	(42,200)	169,200	169,200	
2010 options	502,800	_	(32,000)	(35,900)	434,900	434,900	
2011 options	707,900	_	(49,100)	(103,900)	554,900	506,900	
2012 options	990,300	_	(30,800)	(93,300)	866,200	671,600	
2013 options	-	1,071,200	(101,900)	(109,600)	859,700	475,100	
	3,237,500	1,071,200	(290,600)	(409,300)	3,608,800	2,981,600	
WAEP	2.15	2.01	2.05	2.09	2.12	2.12	

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

24. Share capital (cont'd)

(c) Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") (cont'd)

(i) Details of share options outstanding at the end of the year:

2015	Original RM	Adjusted after bonus issue RM	Exercisable period
2005 Options	1.14	1.00	21/3/2005 - 17/3/2015
2006 Options	1.22	1.00	29/3/2006 - 17/3/2015
2007 Options	1.67	1.19	29/3/2007 - 17/3/2015
2008 Options	3.18	2.27	27/3/2008 - 17/3/2015
2009 Options	1.75	N/A	30/3/2009 - 17/3/2015
2010 Options	2.12	N/A	29/3/2010 - 17/3/2015
2011 Options	2.00	N/A	31/3/2011 - 17/3/2015
2012 Options	2.42	N/A	29/3/2012 - 17/3/2015
2013 Options	2.01	N/A	28/3/2013 - 17/3/2015
2014 Options	2.48	N/A	27/3/2014 - 17/3/2015
2014 Options	2.64	N/A	26/6/2014 - 17/3/2015
2014			
2005 Options	1.14	1.00	21/3/2005 - 17/3/2015
2006 Options	1.22	1.00	29/3/2006 - 17/3/2015
2007 Options	1.67	1.19	29/3/2007 - 17/3/2015
2008 Options	3.18	2.27	27/3/2008 - 17/3/2015
2009 Options	1.75	N/A	30/3/2009 - 17/3/2015
2010 Options	2.12	N/A	29/3/2010 - 17/3/2015
2011 Options	2.00	N/A	31/3/2011 - 17/3/2015
2012 Options	2.42	N/A	29/3/2012 - 17/3/2015
2013 Options	2.01	N/A	28/3/2013 - 17/3/2015

Note: The exercisable period of share options outstanding at the end of the year is subject to the By-law terms and conditions as disclosed in the Directors' Report.

(ii) Share options exercised during the year:

Share options exercised during the financial year resulted in the issuance of 2,150,400 (2014: 290,600) ordinary shares at an average price of RM2.09 (2014: RM2.05) each. The corresponding weighted average share price at the date of exercise was RM2.88 (2014: RM2.46).

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

24. Share capital (cont'd)

(c) Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") (cont'd)

(iii) Fair value of share options granted during the year :

The fair value of share options granted during the year was estimated using the Black Scholes model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The fair value of share options measured at grant date and the assumptions are as follows:

	2015		2014
Fair value of share options at the following grant dates (RM) - 26 June 2014 - 27 March 2014 - 28 March 2013	0.246 - -	0.267	- - 0.226
Weighted average share price (RM)	2.88	2.76	2.23
Weighted average exercise price (RM)	2.64	2.48	2.01
Expected volatility (%)	11.77	10.28	13.94
Expected life (years)	0.61	0.88	1.60
Risk-free rate (%)	3.73	3.72	3.69
Expected dividend yield (%)	4.51	4.71	5.38

The expected life of the options is based on historical data and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome. No other features of the options granted were incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

25. Other reserves

	Group		Company	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Non-distributable				
Revaluation reserve (Note 27)	40,002,300	40,392,617	13,655,753	13,680,061
Option reserve (Note 28)	760,613	760,495	760,613	760,495
Hedging reserve (Note 33(c))	· -	(2,665)	-	-
	40,762,913	41,150,447	14,416,366	14,440,556

26. Share premium (non-distributable)

	Group a 2015 RM	nd Company 2014 RM	
At beginning of the financial year Arising from:	2,501,862	2,110,314	
(a) Issuance of shares arising from exercise of ESOS (b) Transfer from option reserve arising from exercise of ESOS	2,337,516 704,986	303,883 96,535	
Less: Expenses in relation to issuance of shares	(39,316)	(8,870)	
At end of the financial year	5,505,048	2,501,862	

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

27. Revaluation reserve (non-distributable)

The revaluation reserve represents the balance of revaluation surplus, net of tax, arising from the revaluation of certain leasehold lands, less amount capitalised through bonus issue.

28. Option reserve (non-distributable)

Option reserve relates to the provision for share-based payment expenses. This reserve is transferred to the share premium over the period when the ESOS is exercised.

29. Retained earnings

The Company may distribute dividends out of its retained earnings as at 31 January 2015 and 2014 under the single tier system.

30. Transfer of reserves

	Group		Company	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Realisation of revaluation surplus on leasehold land, net of tax, arising from: - excess of amortisation based on revalued leasehold land over their original costs	825,670	825,670	203,988	203,988

31. Related party disclosures

(a) Sale and purchase of goods and services

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following are significant transactions between the Group and related parties during the financial year:

	Group		Company	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
With holding company:				
Professional services	193,000	218,800	78,000	80,000
With subsidiaries:				
Management fee income	-	-	2,973,518	2,816,127
Commission income	-	-	1,208,222	1,035,919
Rental income	-	-	36,000	36,000
Interest income	-	-	6,509,031	1,677,661
Purchase of goods and services	-	-	3,232	19,136
Sale of goods	-	-	1,612,261	2,355,646
Purchase of plant and equipment	-	-	-	78,000
With fellow subsidiaries of the holding company:				
Management fee income	124,165	124,165	124,165	124,165
Rental expenses	6,000	6,000	_	_
Purchase of goods	4,408,199	3,322,369	-	-
Sale of goods	71,202	14,928	-	-

Related companies are fellow subsidiaries of the holding company, Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

31. Related party disclosures (cont'd)

(b) Key management compensation

The remuneration of key management personnel during the financial year is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2015		2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Short term employee benefits	4,421,455	3,563,787	2,708,935	2,708,435
Defined contribution plan	527,173	407,540	351,140	351,226
Share options granted under ESOS	22,720	15,580	14,280	7,140
	4,971,348	3,986,907	3,074,355	3,066,801
		Group	Co	ompany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Included in the total remuneration of key management personnel are:				
Executive Directors' remuneration	4,388,033	3,455,301	3,074,355	3,066,801

Executive Directors of the Group and of the Company and other members of key management have been granted the following number of share options under the ESOS:

	2015	2014
At beginning of the financial year Granted	90,200 21.000	117,000 18.000
Exercised	(87,600)	(44,800)
At end of the financial year	23,600	90,200

The share options were granted on the same terms and conditions as those offered to other employees of the Group.

32. Commitments

				Group		Company	
			2015	2014	2015	2014	
			RM	RM	RM	RM	
(a)	Cap	pital expenditures:					
	(i)	Approved and contracted for: - property, plant and equipment	6,202,480	10,899,270	678,000	961,000	
	(ii)	Approved but not contracted for: - property, plant and equipment	-	9,280,000	-	-	

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

32. Commitments (cont'd)

(b) Rental commitments

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases contracted for as at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Future minimum rental payments:				
Not later than 1 year	276,631	276,631	209,431	209,431
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	373,516	582,947	104,716	314,147
Later than 5 years	817,600	884,800	-	-
	1,467,747	1,744,378	314,147	523,578

33. Derivatives

Group	Contract/ Nominal Amount RM		015 Value →> Liabilities RM
Derivatives that are designated as effective hedging instruments carried at fair value - Interest rate swap (a)	1,089,600	-	
Group	Contract/ Nominal Amount	20 ≪ Fair Assets	014 Value →► Liabilities

Group	RM	RM	RM
Derivatives that are designated as effective hedging instruments carried at fair value - Interest rate swap (a)	2,428,800	-	5,807
<u> </u>			

(a) Interest rate swap

The Group has entered into a interest rate swap contract that is designated as a cash flow hedge to convert floating rate liabilities to fixed rate liabilities to reduce the Group's exposure to adverse fluctuations in interest rate on underlying debts instruments.

At the reporting date, the Group had an interest rate swap agreement in place with a notional amount of RM1,089,600 (2014: RM2,428,800) whereby the Group pays a fixed rate of interest of 3.66% per annum and receives a variable rate based on one month KLIBOR on the amortised notional amount. The management considers the interest rate swap as an effective hedging instrument as the secured loan and the swap have identical critical terms.

The payments made arising from the interest rate swap of RM6,881 (2014 RM16,854) has been recognised in finance costs.

At the reporting date, the fair value liabilities of the interest rate swap contract was RM Nil (2014: RM5,807).

The interest rate swap contract expires on 3 February 2015.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

33. Derivatives (cont'd)

(b) Crude palm oil - commodity futures

One of the Group's principal activities is processing and marketing of oil palm products. As a result, the Group purchases fresh fruits bunches ("FFB") as raw material on an ongoing basis. Due to the volatility in Crude palm oil ("CPO") prices over the past 12 months, the Group entered into CPO - commodity futures contracts designated as hedges of highly probable forecast of FFB purchases.

The contracts are intended to hedge the volatility of the purchase price of FFB for specific periods. Changes in fair value of these instruments are recognised in the profit or loss.

The net loss of RM2,197,676 (2014: RM1,647,214) arising on the CPO - commodity futures contracts during the financial year has been recognised in profit or loss as other expenses.

(c) Hedging reserve

The cash flow hedge reserve contains the effective portion of the cash flow hedge relationships incurred as at the reporting date

34. Segmental information

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services, and has two reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) Plantation cultivation of oil palm
- (b) Milling processing and marketing of oil palm products

Except as indicated above, no operating segments has been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss which, in certain respects as explained in the table below, is measured differently from operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements. Group financing (including finance costs) and income taxes are managed on a group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

34. Segmental information (cont'd)

			Adjustments and	
	Plantation RM	Milling RM	eliminations RM	Total RM
31 January 2015				
Revenue and expenses				
Revenue External sales Inter-segment sales	24,965,747 117,993,009	749,959,614 1,495,072	- (119,488,081)	774,925,361
Total revenue	142,958,756	751,454,686	(119,488,081)	774,925,361
Results Segment results Unallocated costs Interest income Finance costs	63,153,576	52,255,329	2,543,000	117,951,905 (6,164,244) 8,349,017 (1,274,101)
Profit before tax Tax				118,862,577 (29,173,592)
Profit net of tax				89,688,985
Assets and liabilities				
Segment assets Unallocated assets	476,425,269	280,255,349	(75,944,339)	680,736,279 125,459,801
Total assets				806,196,080
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	96,182,189	129,085,307	(74,345,339)	150,922,157 5,252,997
Total liabilities				156,175,154
Other information				
Capital expenditure Depreciation and amortisation Impairment loss on biological assets, property, plant and equipment	17,427,879 12,174,001 2,710,484	28,305,554 14,211,874 222,176	- - -	45,733,433 26,385,875 2,932,660
Other non-cash expenses (Note A)	1,757,648	488,600	-	2,246,248

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

34. Segmental information (cont'd)

			Adjustments and	
	Plantation RM	Milling RM	eliminations RM	Total RM
31 January 2014				
Revenue and expenses				
Revenue External sales Inter-segment sales	18,766,961 108,073,545	621,626,550 1,328,298	- (109,401,843)	640,393,511
Total revenue	126,840,506	622,954,848	(109,401,843)	640,393,511
Results Segment results Unallocated costs Interest income Finance costs	54,819,490	40,624,318	571,000	96,014,808 (5,868,855) 6,425,426 (1,138,132)
Profit before tax Tax				95,433,247 (22,073,960)
Profit net of tax				73,359,287
Assets and liabilities				
Segment assets Unallocated assets	480,263,517	273,413,237	(90,043,040)	663,633,714 101,236,447
Total assets				764,870,161
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	92,772,392	134,765,091	(86,536,790)	141,000,693 5,598,619
Total liabilities				146,599,312
Other information				
Capital expenditure Depreciation and amortisation Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	16,997,671 11,607,329 -	19,495,199 13,358,077 1,800,000		36,492,870 24,965,406 1,800,000
Other non-cash expenses (Note A)	964,656	420,933	-	1,385,589

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

34. Segmental information (cont'd)

Note Nature of adjustments and eliminations to arrive at amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements

A Other non-cash expenses consist of the following items as presented in the respective notes to the financial statements:

	2015 RM	2014 RM
Bad debts (Note 8)	120,157	66,719
Property, plant and equipment written off (Note 8)	701,095	412,557
Biological assets written off (Note 8)	-	237,894
Inventories written down (Note 8)	103,056	197,823
Provision for unutilised leave (Note 9)	45,796	21,522
Provision for legal expenses (Note 21 (c))	500,000	_
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 8)	57,350	26,224
Inventories written off (Note 8)	13,690	225
Share-based payment expenses (Note 9)	705,104	422,625
	2,246,248	1,385,589

35. Contingent liabilities (unsecured)

On 18 February 2011, the High Court has delivered its judgement on the legal claims made against a subsidiary, Winsome Pelita (Pantu) Sdn. Bhd. by natives for customary rights to land acquired by the subsidiary in favour of the applicants. It is declared and ordered as follows:

- (1) The plaintiffs are entitled to their claim to land under native customary rights in the Sungai Tenggang NCR Development area at Pantu:
- (2) The destruction of the Plaintiffs' respective native customary rights land by the defendants was unlawful and damages to be assessed by the Deputy Registrar be paid by the defendants with interest at 4% per annum from the date hereof until settlement.
- (3) Give vacant possession of the Plaintiffs' native customary rights land;
- (4) The defendants and their servants, agents, assignees and successors are restrained from entering, occupying, clearing, harvesting or in any way howsoever carrying out works in the plaintiffs' native customary rights land; and
- (5) Costs to the Plaintiffs to be paid by the defendants to be taxed unless agreed.

On 9 March 2011, the Group has obtained for a stay of execution and filed an appeal against the judgement. On 29 December 2014, the Court of Appeal has dismissed the Group's appeal.

The Group had on 23 January 2015 filed a Notice of Motion for leave to appeal to the Federal Court. A Notice of Motion for stay of all proceedings pending the Notice of Motion for leave to appeal to the Federal Court was filed on 26 January 2015.

The Directors of the Group has sought opinion from the independent solicitors and they were of the view that the Group has a fair prospect of succeeding in this Appeal. Nevertheless, the Group has assessed its estimated loss to be the areas claimed and provided for an impairment loss of property, plant and equipment and biological assets of RM 2,710,000 as disclosed in Note 13 and Note 15 respectively. The Group has also provided legal expenses of RM500,000 in relation to this litigation as disclosed in Note 21 (c).

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

36. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group and the Company are exposed to financial risks arising from their operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks include credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and commodity price risk.

The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies and procedures for the management of these risks, which are executed by the Managing Director. The audit committee provides independent oversight to the effectiveness of the risk management process.

It is, and has been throughout the current and previous financial year, the Group's policy that derivatives may be undertaken for the use as hedging instruments where appropriate and cost- efficient.

The following sections provide details regarding the Group's and Company's exposure to the above-mentioned financial risks and the objectives, policies and processes for the management of these risks.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations. The Group's and the Company's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from trade and other receivables. For other financial assets (including cash and bank balances and derivatives), the Group and the Company minimise credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties.

Credit risk is controlled by careful selection of customers and setting of appropriate credit limits. The Group does not have any significant exposure to any individual customer.

Exposure to credit risk

At the reporting date, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statement of financial position, including derivatives with positive fair values.

At the reporting date, the Company provided corporate guarantees for seven (2014: nine) of its subsidiaries in respect of credit facilities totalling RM81,352,000 (2014: RM77,704,000) granted to the subsidiaries by licensed financial institutions. Accordingly, the Company is contingently liable to the extent of the amount of the credit facilities of RM53,639,018 (2014: RM50,185,843) utilised by these subsidiaries as at reporting date.

The value of corporate guarantees provided by the Company to its subsidiaries are determined by reference to the difference in the interest rates, by comparing the actual rates charged by the bank if these guarantees had not been available. The Directors have assessed the fair value of these corporate guarantees to have no material financial impact on the results and the retained profits of the Company.

Credit risk concentration profile

The Group and the Company are not exposed to any significant concentration of credit risk in the form of receivables due from a single debtor or from groups of debtors.

Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

Information regarding trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired is disclosed in Note 19. Deposits with banks and other financial institutions and derivatives that are neither past due nor impaired are placed with or entered into with reputable financial institutions or companies with high credit ratings and no history of default.

Financial assets that are either past due or impaired

Information regarding financial assets that are either past due or impaired disclosed in Note 19.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

36. Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group or the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds.

The Group actively manages its debt maturity profile, operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that refinancing, repayment and funding needs are met. As part of its overall prudent liquidity management, the Group maintains sufficient levels of cash or cash convertible investments to meet its working capital requirements. In addition, the Group strives to maintain available banking facilities at a reasonable level to its overall debt position. As far as possible, the Group raises committed funding from the financial institutions and balances its portfolio with some short term funding so as to achieve overall cost effectiveness. At the reporting date, assets held by the Group and Company for managing liquidity risk included cash and short term deposits and borrowings as disclosed in Note 20 and Note 22.

Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and of the Company's liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

2015	On demand or within one year RM	One to five years RM	Over five years RM	Total RM Group
Group				
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	45,994,982	1,300,000	-	47,294,982
Loans and borrowings	22,739,773	31,891,613	4,706,497	59,337,883
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	68,734,755	33,191,613	4,706,497	106,632,865
Company				
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	3,170,687	-	-	3,170,687
2014 Group				
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	37,381,765	2,050,000	100,000	39,531,765
Loans and borrowings	21,567,079	32,761,081	1,187,201	55,515,361
Derivatives	5,807	-	-	5,807
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	58,954,651	34,811,081	1,287,201	95,052,933
Company				
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	3,068,213	-	-	3,068,213

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's and of the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

36. Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

(c) Interest rate risk (cont'd)

The Group's and the Company's exposure to interest rate risk arises primarily from a combination of fixed and floating rate borrowings and cash and cash equivalents. To manage this mix in a cost-efficient manner, the Group enters into interest rate swaps to manage certain floating rate borrowings.

Sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk

At the reporting date, if interest rates had been 25 basis points higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit net of tax would have been RM441,000 (2014: RM413,000) higher/lower, arising mainly as a result of higher/lower interest income from cash and cash equivalents, offset by higher/lower interest expense on floating rate loans and borrowings. The assumed movement in basis points for interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the currently observable market environment.

(d) Commodity price risk

Commodity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group and of the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in commodity prices.

The Group and the Company are exposed to commodity price risk arising from the commodity futures contracts entered into to hedge its forecasted sale of crude palm oil and purchase of raw materials. Changes in the spot and forward prices of CPO will cause corresponding changes in the fair values of the commodity futures contracts. The Group applies cash flow hedge accounting on its commodity futures contracts which qualify for hedge accounting.

(e) Fair value of financial instruments

(i) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximation of fair value

	Carrying amount		Fair value	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Company				
Financial assets: Other receivables (non-current) (Note 19)				
- Amount owing from subsidiaries	82,387,480	80,587,418	*	*

^{*} The amount owing from subsidiaries which have no fixed terms of repayment are treated as quasi-equity in nature, and are repayable only when the cash flows of the borrowers permit. Accordingly, the fair values of these balances are not determinable as the timing of the future cash flows arising from the balances cannot be estimated reliably.

(ii) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value:

	<u>Note</u>
Trade and other receivables (current) Trade and other payables (current)	19 21

The carrying amounts of these financial assets and liabilities are reasonable approximation of their fair values due to their relatively short maturity periods.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

36. Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

(e) Fair value of financial instruments (cont'd)

(iii) Loans and borrowings

The fair values of borrowings are estimated by discounting expected future cash flows at the market incremental lending rate for similar types of borrowings at the reporting date.

There is no significant difference between the interest rate on the Group's fixed rate borrowings and the market interest rate for similar types of borrowings at the reporting date. Therefore, the carrying amounts of the non-current portion of borrowings are reasonable approximations of fair value.

The carrying amounts of the current portion of borrowings are reasonable approximations of fair values due to the insignificant impact of discounting.

(iv) Derivatives

Fair value of interest rate swap contract is calculated by reference to forward rates or prices quoted at the reporting date for contracts with similar maturity profiles.

(v) Fair value hierarchy

As at the financial year end, the Group held the following financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

Group	31 January 2015 RM	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM
Liabilities measured at fair value Derivatives - Interest rate swap	-	-	-	-
	31 January 2014 RM	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM
Liabilities measured at fair value Derivatives - Interest rate swap	5,807	_	5,807	-

There were no transfers between the various categories in the hierarchy of fair value measurement during the reporting period ended 31 January 2015 and 31 January 2014.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

37. Financial instruments

The financial instruments of the Group and of the Company are categorised into the following classes:

Gro	up	Note	2015 RM	2014 RM
(2)	Loans and receivables			
(a)	Trade and other receivables	19	17,640,182	17,989,346
	Cash and bank balances	20	271,482,082	229,762,498
			289,122,264	247,751,844
(b)	Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost			
	Trade and other payables	21	47,203,821	39,317,860
	Loans and borrowings	22	53,908,421	50,553,612
			101,112,242	89,871,472
(c)	Financial liabilities designated as effective hedging instruments carried at fair value Derivatives liabilities	33	-	5,807
Cor	npany			
(a)	Loans and receivables			
	Trade and other receivables	19	111,527,597	130,206,262
	Cash and bank balances	20	137,577,721	110,982,451
			249,105,318	241,188,713
(b)	Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost Trade and other payables	21	3,170,687	3,068,213

38. Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 31 January 2015 and 31 January 2014.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

39. Dividends

	Group : 2015 RM	and Company 2014 RM
Recognised during the year:		
In respect of financial year 2013: - Final single-tier dividend of 7 sen per share	-	21,606,723
In respect of financial year 2014: - Interim single-tier dividend of 5 sen per share - Final single-tier dividend of 8 sen per share	- 24,815,357	15,438,298 -
In respect of financial year 2015: - Interim single-tier dividend of 7 sen per share	21,728,817	-
	46,544,174	37,045,021
Proposed for approval at AGM (not recognised as at 31 January):		
Dividends on ordinary shares, subject to shareholders' approval at the AGM: - Final single-tier dividend for 2015: 6 sen (2014: 8 sen) per share	18,632,788	24,716,646

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, a final single-tier dividend in respect of the financial year ended 31 January 2015, of 6 sen per ordinary share will be proposed for shareholders' approval. The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect this proposed dividend. Such dividend, if approved by the shareholders, will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 January 2016.

The proposed final dividend of RM18,632,788 is subject to change in proportion to changes in the Company's issued and paid up capital, if any.

40. Authorisation of financial statements for issue

The financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2015 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 26 May 2015.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2015 (CONT'D)

41. Supplementary Information - Breakdown of retained profits into Realised and Unrealised

On 25 March 2010, Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Malaysia") issued a directive to all listed entities pursuant to Paragraph 2.06 and 2.23 of the Bursa Malaysia Main Market Listing Requirements. The directive requires all listed issuers to disclose the breakdown of the unappropriated profits or accumulated losses as at the end of the reporting period, into realised and unrealised profits or losses.

On 20 December 2010, Bursa Malaysia further issued another directive on the disclosure and the prescribed format of presentation.

The breakdown of the retained earnings of the Group and of the Company as at 31 January 2015, into realised and unrealised profits, pursuant to the directive, is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2015 RM	2014 RM	2015 RM	2014 RM
Total retained earnings of the Company and its subsidiaries - Realised	200 202 EE0	272.186.331	38.978.804	21 /21 501
- Unrealised	298,292,559 (22,784,000)	(22,732,000)	(4,864,000)	31,631,591 (4,250,000)
Lore	275,508,559	249,454,331	34,114,804	27,381,591
Less: Consolidation adjustments	(55,237,352)	(58,825,442)	-	-
Retained earnings as per financial statements	220,271,207	190,628,889	34,114,804	27,381,591

The determination of realised and unrealised profits is based on the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by Malaysian Institute of Accountants on 20 December 2010.

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS 138

Authorised Share Capital : RM500,000,000
Issued and Fully Paid Up Capital : RM311,803,569
Class of Shares : Ordinary shares of RM1.00 each

Voting Rights 1 vote per ordinary share

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 22 MAY 2015 (As per Record of Depositors)

Size of Shareholdings	No. of Shareholders	% of Shareholders	No. of Shares	% of Issued Capital
Less than 100 shares	66	1.65	1,981	0.00
100 to 1,000 shares	435	10.85	321,254	0.10
1,001 to 10,000 shares	2,577	64.30	10,314,084	3.31
10,001 to 100,000 shares	777	19.39	24,056,369	7.73
100,001 to less than 5% of shares	152	3.79	80,255,731	25.79
5% and above of shares	1	0.02	196,292,150	63.07
Total	4,008	100.00	311,241,569 ⁰	100.00

is equivalent to 311,803,569 less 562,000 shares bought back and retained as treasury shares

THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 22 MAY 2015 (As per Record of Depositors)

Nan	ne of Shareholders	No of Shares held	% of Issued capital
1.	Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad	196,292,150	63.07
2.	Teo Chuan Keng Sdn. Bhd.	6,109,900	1.96
3.	Morisem Consolidated Sdn. Bhd.	6,087,800	1.96
4.	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	5,342,400	1.72
	- Pershing LLC for Krishnan Chellam		
5.	Koperasi Polis DiRaja Malaysia Berhad	2,800,000	0.90
6.	Golden Fresh Sdn. Bhd.	2,000,000	0.64
7.	Timbas Helmi Bin Oesman Joesoef Helmi	2,000,000	0.64
8.	Lim Ah Choo	1,744,000	0.56
9.	Neoh Choo Ee & Company, Sdn. Berhad	1,698,198	0.55
10.	Gan Teng Siew Realty Sdn. Berhad	1,500,000	0.48
11.	Key Development Sdn. Berhad	1,500,000	0.48
12.	Khoo Heng Suan	1,328,960	0.43
13.	Prudent Strength Sdn. Bhd.	1,235,600	0.40
14.	Gooi Seow Mee	1,203,552	0.39
15.	Ang Chai Eng	1,163,000	0.37
16.	Herng Yuen Sdn. Bhd.	1,086,400	0.35
17.	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	1,069,999	0.34
	- Exempt An For OCBC Securities Private Limited (Client A/C-RES)		
18.	Gooi Seong Chneh	1,012,360	0.33
19.	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	1,001,400	0.32
	- HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for Manulife Investment Progress Fund		

(CONT'D)

THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 22 MAY 2015 (As per Record of Depositors) (cont'd)

Name of Shareholders	No of Shares held	% of Issued capital
20. Lim Weng Ho	970,600	0.31
21. Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	864,800	0.28
- Employees Providend Fund Board		
22. Radeshah binti Ridzwani	835,800	0.27
23. Gan Tee Jin	798,000	0.26
24. Teo Tian Chai Sdn. Bhd.	789,600	0.25
25. Lim Khuan Eng	745,200	0.24
26. Yeo Khee Nam	724,100	0.23
27. Chellam Investments Sdn. Berhad	700,000	0.22
28. Yayasan Kelantan Darulnaim	700,000	0.22
29. Kuan Yoke Keng @ Kwan Yoke Keng	638,586	0.21
30. Gooi Seong Chneh	615,552	0.20
TOTAL	244,557,957	78.58

The thirty largest shareholders refer to the thirty securities account holders having the largest number of securities according to the Record of Depositors (without aggregating the shares from different securities accounts belonging to the same depositor).

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (excluding bare trustees) AS AT 26 MAY 2015 (As per Register of Substantial Shareholders)

	No. of sh	ares held or		
	beneficiall	% of Iss	% of Issued capital	
Name of Substantial Shareholders	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect
Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad	196,907,702	-	63.27	-
Gooi Seong Lim	818,552 ^(a)	199,442,101 ^(b)	0.26	64.08
Gooi Seong Heen	1,767,912 ^(c)	198,106,102 ^(d)	0.57	63.65
Gooi Seong Chneh	1,627,912	198,106,102 ^(e)	0.52	63.65
Gooi Seong Gum	132,600	198,162,102 ^(f)	0.04	63.67

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(CONT'D)

DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 26 MAY 2015 (As per Register of Directors' Shareholdings)

	Direct In	Indirect Interest			
Name of Directors	Shareholdings	%	Shareholdings	%	
Gooi Seong Lim	818,552 ^(a)	0.26	199,442,101 ^(b)	64.08	
Gooi Seong Heen	1,767,912 ^(c)	0.57	198,106,102 ^(d)	63.65	
Gooi Seong Chneh	1,627,912	0.52	198,106,102 ^(e)	63.65	
Gooi Seong Gum	132,600	0.04	198,162,102 ^(f)	63.67	
Gan Kim Guan	-	-	-	-	
Chan Weng Hoong	-	_	_	_	
Cheang Kwan Chow	-	_	_	_	

Notes:-

- (a) 342,552 and 476,000 shares held in bare trust by UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. and Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. respectively
- (b) Deemed interest by virtue of his interest in Sharikat Kim Loong Sendirian Berhad ("SKL") which holds 196,907,702 shares, Herng Yuen Sdn. Bhd. ("HY") which holds 1,086,400 shares, 999,999 shares held in bare trust by Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. for Wilgain Holdings Pte. Ltd. of which Gooi Seong Lim is a director and major shareholder and his spouse, Lim Phaik Ean, who holds 448,000 shares.
- (c) Includes 615,552, 280,000 and 536,360 shares held in bare trust by Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd., Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. and Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. respectively.
- (d) Deemed interest by virtue of his interest in SKL which holds 196,907,702 shares, HY which holds 1,086,400 shares and his spouse, Looi Kok Yean, who holds 112,000 shares.
- (e) Deemed interest by virtue of his interest in SKL which holds 196,907,702 shares, HY which holds 1,086,400 shares and his spouse, Lee T'ian C'ean, who holds 112,000 shares.
- (f) Deemed interest by virtue of his interest in SKL which holds 196,907,702 shares, HY which holds 1,086,400 shares and his spouse, Teo Ai Mei, who holds 168,000 shares.

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LIST OF PROPERTIES

HELD BY THE GROUP

Beneficial owner/ Location	Tenure- leasehold interest expiring on	Description and existing use	Land area (Ha)	Date of revaluation/(acquisition)	Approx. age of building	Net carrying amount as at 31 January 2015 RM'000
Kim Loong Resources Berhad						
- CL 085311253 - CL 085313079 - CL 085311306 - CL 085311315 - CL 085311244 District of Labuk/Sugut, Sabah	31/12/2077 31/12/2078 31/12/2077 31/12/2077 31/12/2077	Oil palm plantation	80.86 384.25 121.45 102.51 166.53	31 Jan 2004 31 Jan 2004 31 Jan 2004 31 Jan 2004 31 Jan 2004	Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable	1,894 9,015 3,971 3,682 6,319
- CL 095317552 - CL 095317561 - CL 095315058 - CL 095317436 - CL 095310777 - CL 095315049 - CL 095316957 - CL 095310428 - CL 095310982	31/12/2085 31/12/2085 31/12/2085 31/12/2087 31/12/2078 31/12/2085 31/12/2086 31/12/2077 31/12/2078	Oil palm plantation	6.07 5.93 303.39 14.25 395.78 343.90 80.82 81.06 400.56	31 Jan 2004 31 Jan 2004	Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable	144 141 7,209 537 9,286 8,171 3,047 1,897
- CL 095310526 District of Kinabatangan, Sabah	31/12/2077	Oil palm plantation	243.74	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	8,909
- Lot 7052, Section 64 Jalan Sekama Kuching, Sarawak	31/12/2779	Shoplot office	-	(01 Feb 2010)	31 years	1,278
Kim Loong - KPD Plantations Sdn. Bhd CL 255332631 - Part of CL 255332640 District of Kinabatangan, Sabah	31/12/2086 30/06/2032	Oil palm plantation Oil palm plantation	1,610.00 386.76 ^[1]	31 Jan 2004 31 Jan 2004	Not applicable Not applicable	30,000 3,620
Okidville Holdings Sdn. Bhd. - CL 135328782 Sook, District of Keningau, Sabah	31/12/2083	Oil palm plantation	2,755.50	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	42,918

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HELD BY THE GROUP (CONT'D)

Beneficial owner/ Location	Tenure- leasehold interest expiring on	Description and existing use	Land area (Ha)	Date of revaluation/ (acquisition)	Approx. age of building	Net carrying amount as at 31 January 2015 RM'000
Desa Okidville Sdn. Bhd. - CL 135367930 Sook, District of Keningau, Sabah	31/12/2080	Oil palm plantation	4,355.55	31 Jan 2004	Not applicable	56,452
Desa Kim Loong Palm Oil Sdn. Bhd. - CL 135367912 - CL 135367921 - Part of CL 135367903 Sook, District of Keningau, Sabah	31/12/2080 31/12/2080 29/2/2064	Palm oil mill Oil palm plantation Housing area, water reservoir and POME area	12.14 27.51 80.94 ^[1]	31 Jan 2004 31 Jan 2004 (01 Mar 2004)	12 years Not applicable Not applicable	5,641 1,649 3,555
Kim Loong Palm Oil Mills Sdn. Bhd GRN 60265, Lot 2420 - H.S.(D) 32061, PTD 3878 & H.S.(D) 32062, PTD 3879 Mukim Ulu Sungei Sedeli Besar, Kota Tinggi, Johor	Freehold Freehold	Palm oil mill Vacant land	24.18 8.22	31 Jan 2004 (10 Mar 2003)	18 years Not applicable	12,180 5,586
Winsome Al-Yatama Sdn. Bhd. - H.S.[D] 34747, PTD 828 Mukim Hulu Sg Sedeli Besar Kota Tinggi, Johor	08/11/2064	Oil palm plantation	1,085.63 ^[1]	(09 Nov 2004)	Not applicable	23,281
Palm Nutraceuticals Sdn. Bhd. - GRN 60265, Lot 2420 Mukim Ulu Sungei Sedeli Besar, Kota Tinggi, Johor	Freehold	Factory/office ^[2]	-	Not applicable	10 years	1,098
Kim Loong Technologies Sdn. Bhd. - GRN 60265, Lot 2420 Mukim Ulu Sungei Sedeli Besar, Kota Tinggi, Johor	Freehold	Factory ⁽²⁾	-	Not applicable	9 years	920

HELD BY THE GROUP (CONT'D)

Beneficial owner/ Location	Tenure- leasehold interest expiring on	Description and existing use	Land area (Ha)	Date of revaluation/ (acquisition)	Approx. age of building	Net carrying amount as at 31 January 2015 RM'000
Kim Loong Sabah Mills Sdn. Bhd. - Part of CL 255332640 District of Kinabatangan, Sabah	31/12/2086	Palm oil mill	13.84	(2 August 2007)	7 years	6,258
Kim Loong Technologies (Sabah) Sdn. Bhd. - CL 135367912 Sook, District of Keningau, Sabah	31/12/2080	Factory ⁽²⁾	-	Not applicable	5 years	1,168
Kim Loong Power Sdn. Bhd. - GRN 60265, Lot 2420 Mukim Ulu Sungei Sedeli Besar, Kota Tinggi, Johor	Freehold	Factory/store ^[2]	-	Not applicable	6 years	650
- CL 135367912 Sook, District of Keningau, Sabah	31/12/2080	Fencing ⁽²⁾	-	Not applicable	5 years	29
- Part of CL 255332640 District of Kinabatangan, Sabah	31/12/2086	Factory ^[2]	-	Not applicable	2 years	750
Winsome Pelita (Pantu) Sdn. Bhd. - Sungai Tenggang and Kranggas/Mawang Sri Aman, Sarawak	NCR Native Land 60 years	Oil palm plantation	2,852.48	(06 Jan 2010)	Not applicable	46,724
Winsome Jaya Sdn. Bhd. - H.S.(D) 34748, PTD 413 Mukim Ulu Sungei Sedeli Besar, Kota Tinggi, Johor	26/8/2111	Oil palm plantation	47.74 ⁽	^{1]} (27 Aug 2013)	Not applicable	998
			15,991.59			323,676

 $^{^{[1]}}$ These lands were subleased from third parties. $^{[2]}$ These buildings are sited on rented land held by related companies.





I/We, _

FORM OF PROXY

of			
being (a) member(s) of the abovenamed Company do hereby appoint		
of			
or failii Genera 12 Jala	ng whom,ofofong whom, the Chairman of the Meeting as my/our proxy to attend and vote for me/us and on my/sel Meeting of the Company to be held at the Junior Ballroom 1, DoubleTree by Hilton Hotel, an Ngee Heng, 80000 Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim on Monday, 27 July 2015 at 11.00 a.m. manner as indicated below:-	Nos. 01-02, Mer	nara Landmark,
No.	Resolution	For	Against
1.	Adoption of Reports and Audited Financial Statements		
2.	Declaration of final dividend		
3.	Payment of Directors' fees		
4.	Re-election of Director: Mr. Gooi Seong Chneh		
5.	Re-election of Director: Mr. Cheang Kwan Chow		
6.	Re-appointment of Auditors		
7.	Authority to issue shares		
8.	Proposed Renewal of Authority for Share Buy-Back		
9.	Retention of Independent Non-Executive Director: Mr. Gan Kim Guan		
10.	Proposed Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature		
this for	e indicate with an 'X' in the appropriate box against each resolution how you wish your proxy to mill be taken to authorise the proxy to vote at his/her discretion.	o vote. If no inst	ruction is given,
Dated	this day of 2015	Signature of Mer	mber(s)
	ber of es held		
NOTE			

NOTES:

A member whose name appear in the Record of Depositors as at 20 July 2015 shall be regarded as a member entitled to attend, speak and vote at the meeting.

A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint any person as his proxy to attend, speak and vote instead of him. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportions of his holdings to be represented by each proxy.

To be valid, the Form of Proxy duly completed must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time set for holding the meeting. If the appointor is a corporation, this Form must be executed under its common seal or under the hand of its attorney.

Where a member of the Company is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act 1991, it may appoint at least one proxy in respect of each securities account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account. Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.

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STAMP

The Secretary

KIM LOONG RESOURCES BERHAD

Unit No. 203, 2nd Floor, Block C, Damansara Intan, No. 1, Jalan SS 20/27, 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor

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Kim Loong Resources Berhad (22703-K)
Unit No. 203, 2nd Floor, Block C, Damansara Intan,
No.1, Jalan SS 20/27, 47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan.
Tel: (603) 7118 2688 Fax: (603) 7118 2693